**THE CORRELATES OF STATE POLICY PROJECT**

**— VARIABLE CODEBOOK ―**

### VERSION

2.3

**About the Correlates of State Policy Project**

The Correlates of State Policy Project, an initiative of the Institute for Public Policy and Social Research (IPPSR) at Michigan State University, aims to compile, disseminate, and encourage the use of quantitative data relevant to U.S. state policy research, tracking differences across and changes over time in the 50 states. In keeping with the mission of IPPSR, this project documents, updates, and distributes various datasets germane to research on pressing public policy issues. IPPSR is committed to research transparency, replication, and data reliability. These cross-state and cross-time datasets are free and publicly available for academics, policy analysts, students, policymakers, and the research community. We welcome notification of any errors, comments, and contributions of additional datasets.

**About the Datasets and Variables**

The Correlates of State Policy Project includes more than 2000 variables, with observations across the 50 U.S. states and across time (coverage varies across the period 1900–2018; specific date ranges for each variable are provided). These variables represent policy outputs or political, social, or economic factors that may influence policy differences. The codebook includes the variable name, a short description of the variable, the variable time frame, a longer description of the variable, and the variable source(s) and notes.

**Notes and Suggested Citation**

This aggregated dataset is only possible because many scholars and students have spent countless hours creating, collecting, cleaning, and making data publicly available. Variable names, descriptions, dates, and notes are generally copied directly from the source. For complete information about the variable, such as how it was collected or calculated, see the original source. Attribution for a variable should be given to the named source(s). However, we would also appreciate recognition. A suggested citation follows:

Grossmann, Matt, Marty P. Jordan, and Joshua McCrain. 2021. The Correlates of State Policy Project and the Structure of State Panel Data. State Politics & Policy Quarterly. 1-21.

**Table of Contents**

**Variables Organized by Policy Area**

1. [Demographics and Population 6](#_bookmark0)
2. [Economic and Fiscal Policy 12](#_bookmark1)
3. [Government 74](#_bookmark2)
4. [Elections 118](#_bookmark3)
5. [Policy Scores and Public Opinion 154](#_bookmark4)
6. [Criminal Justice and the Legal System 165](#_bookmark5)
7. [Education 197](#_bookmark6)
8. [Healthcare and Health Insurance 210](#_bookmark7)
9. [Welfare Policy 236](#_bookmark8)
10. [Rights and Anti-Discrimination Protections 240](#_bookmark9)
11. [Environment 258](#_bookmark10)
12. [Drug and Alcohol Policy 268](#_bookmark11)
13. [Gun Control 286](#_bookmark12)
14. [Labor 294](#_bookmark13)
15. [Transportation 300](#_bookmark14)
16. [Regulatory Policy 307](#_bookmark15)

**Examples of Variables Included in Each Category**

# Demographics and Population

## State population totals  population density  population of selected age groups (under 5 years old, 5–17 years old, 18–24 years old, etc.) 

## female population  male population  religion  race and ethnicity  foreign-born population  immigration policy

# Economic and Fiscal Policy

## Personal income  state minimum wage  per capita income  state consumer price index  gross state product  total state debt  total state revenue  total state expenditures  budget surplus estimates  total debt outstanding as percent of GDP  total revenue outstanding as percent of GDP  state tax capacity  state assets  state liabilities  fiscal condition index  tax credits  income and sales tax rates  women’s earnings as a percentage of men’s earnings  unemployment rate  median household income  lottery ticket sales  poverty rate

## AFDC/TANF recipients  foodstamps/SNAP recipients  welfare spending

# Government

## State term limits  legislative session length  procedures for administrative regulations  previous governors and their experience  party of governor  female elected officials  number of local governments  state chamber ideological measures (medians, distance between party medians in each chamber, party heterogeneity, etc.)  legislative seats held by each party  state legislative professionalism  state high court professionalism  corruption convictions  year of statehood  various “freedom” indices: economic freedom, personal freedom, gun control freedom, alcohol freedom, civil liberties freedom, labor market freedom, etc.  membership in interstate compacts

# Elections

## Voter ID and registration requirements  voting-eligible population turnout rate  election years  proportion of democratic state representatives and senators  proportion of two-party vote for Democratic gubernatorial candidate  measures of state electoral competitiveness  campaign finance regulations  interest groups by sector

# Policy Scores and Public Opinion

## Mean liberalism scores (economic and social)  state policy liberalism scores  policy innovativeness scores  ideology and party identification scores  policy mood  political knowledge  social capital

# Criminal Justice and the Legal System

## Domestic violence laws  treatment of inmates  prohibition of harassment/stalking  procedures for and resolution of private disputes and civil cases  DNA testing  identity theft  death penalty reform  motor vehicle theft rate  property crime rate  violent crime rate  gun background checks  marriage license requirements  child custody and child support laws  no-fault divorce

# Education

## College placement exams  home-schooling policies  teacher certification  regulation of private schools  state education spending  percent of state population with a high school diploma  average school attendance rate  percent dropout rate  instruction expenses per student  pupil to teacher ratio  average tuition rates  fourth grade math and reading scores

# Healthcare and Health Insurance

## Rights for the terminally ill  health insurance benefit mandates  health insurance mandated coverage for dependents  newborn screening  coverage for seniors’ prescription drugs  total state population with government insurance  health spending per capita  infant mortality rate  Medicaid enrollment

# Welfare Policy

## State adoption of Medicaid program  CHIP eligibility levels  AFDC benefits for average family  TANF eligibility and benefits

# Rights and Anti-Discrimination Protections

## Law prohibiting hiring discrimination on the basis of gender  Equal Rights Amendment ratified  abortion and contraception policies (access, insurance coverage, parental consent, TRAP laws, fetal personhood, etc.)  laws banning hate crimes  same-sex marriage  laws prohibiting discrimination in employment, housing, public accommodations  fair housing  affirmative action ban

# Environment

## Environmental building standards  tax credits for renewable energy  bottle bill  e-waste recycling program  cap on greenhouse gas emissions  endangered species regulations  commercial sector energy consumption  residential sector energy price  total CO2 emissions

# Drug and Alcohol Policy

## Punishment for DUIs  restrictions on alcohol sales  smoking bans  medical marijuana permitted  cigarette taxes  registration of beer kegs  zero-tolerance laws for underage drinking  Internet gambling  casinos allowed  state lottery

# Gun Control

## Concealed carry laws  assault weapons ban  background checks  waiting period for gun purchases  child-access prevention laws 

## mandatory reporting of firearm thefts

# Labor

## State minimum wage rate  fair employment laws  workers’ compensation  unemployment compensation  right-to-work law  short- term disability insurance program

# Transportation

## Seatbelt laws  motorcycle and bicycle helmet laws  blood-alcohol-content laws for drivers  uninsured/underinsured coverage required 

## ban on handheld cellphones for all drivers  driver’s license renewal cycle

# Regulatory Policy

## Licensing requirements for various occupations  estate planning and administration, wills, trusts  abandonment of property  regulation of mortgages and leases  eminent domain  sale of fireworks permitted  lemon laws  consumer protections  regulation of sales and transactions/transfers

***Note About Coding of Policy Outputs***

Regarding the “policy output” variables, which typically indicate whether a given policy has been adopted (yes/no, 0/1): Many of these variables were originally presented in long format, with the data indicating the specific year that a policy was adopted by each state. The variables have been reshaped to wide format throughout the Correlates dataset, so a value of 0 indicates the years that a policy was not or has not been adopted, and a 1 indicates the years that a policy was or has been adopted in each state.

1. **Demographics and Population**
2. **Demographic Variables**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **poptotal** | Population total | 1900–2019 | Total population per state | U.S. Census Bureau [(http://www.census.gov/](http://www.census.gov/))  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  For 2012–2017: U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder: [https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-](https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/) [factfinder/](https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/) |
| **popdensity** | Population density | 1975–1999 | Number of people per square mile of land area; population in 1000s divided by land area in square miles (excludes water) | <http://www.ipsr.ku.edu/SPPQ/datasets.shtml>(data from The Statistical Abstract of the United States, U.S. Census Bureau). No data were available for the District of Columbia.  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |
| **popfemale** | Female population | 1994–2010 | The number of residents who are female. Data for 2001 are unavailable. | CQ Press. “State Stats: Population under 5 years old.” <http://library.cqpress.com/cqresearcher/index.php>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |
| **pctpopfemale** | Female population (percentage) | 2012–2017 | Percentage of the state’s population that is female | U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder: [https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american- factfinder/](https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/) |
| **popmale** | Male population | 1994–2010 | The number of residents who are male. Data for 2001 are unavailable. | CQ Press. “State Stats: Population under 5 years old.” <http://library.cqpress.com/cqresearcher/index.php>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |
| **pctpopmale** | Male population (percentage) | 2012–2017 | Percentage of the state’s population that is male | U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder: [https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american- factfinder/](https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **popunder5** | Population under 5 years old | 1994–2010 | The number of residents under the age of five in a state. Data for 2001 are unavailable. | CQ Press. “State Stats: Population under 5 years old.” <http://library.cqpress.com/cqresearcher/index.php>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |
| **pctpopunder14** | Population under 14 years old (percentage) | 2013–2017 | Percentage of the state’s population aged 14 years or younger | U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder: [https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american- factfinder/](https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/) |
| **pop5to17** | Population from 5 years old to 17 years old | 1994–2010 | The number of residents between the ages of 5 and 17 in a state. Data for 2001 are unavailable. | CQ Press. “State Stats: Population under 5 years old.” <http://library.cqpress.com/cqresearcher/index.php>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |
| **pop18to24** | Population from 18 years old to 24 years old | 1994–2010 | The number of residents between the ages of 18 and 24 in a state. Data for 2001 are unavailable. | CQ Press. “State Stats: Population under 5 years old.” <http://library.cqpress.com/cqresearcher/index.php>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |
| **pctpop15to24** | Population between the ages of 15 and 24 (percentage) | 2013–2017 | Percentage of the state’s population between the ages of 15 and 24 | U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder: [https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american- factfinder/](https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/) |
| **pop25to44** | Population from 25 years old to 44 years old | 1994–2010 | The number of residents between the ages of 25 and 44 in a state. Data for 2001 are unavailable. | CQ Press. “State Stats: Population under 5 years old.” <http://library.cqpress.com/cqresearcher/index.php>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |
| **pctpop25to44** | Population between the ages of 25 and 44 (percentage) | 2013–2017 | Percentage of the state’s population between the ages of 25 and 44 | U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder: [https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american- factfinder/](https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/) |
| **pop45to64** | Population from 45 years old to 64 years old | 1994–2010 | The number of residents between the ages of 45 and 64 in a state. Data for 2001 are unavailable. | CQ Press. “State Stats: Population under 5 years old.” <http://library.cqpress.com/cqresearcher/index.php>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **pctpop45to64** | Population between the ages of 45 and 64 (percentage) | 2013–2017 | Percentage of the state’s population between the ages of 45 and 64 | U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder: [https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american- factfinder/](https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/) |
| **popover65** | Population from 65 years old and older | 1994–2010 | The number of residents over the age of 65 in a state. Data for 2001 are unavailable. | CQ Press. “State Stats: Population under 5 years old.” <http://library.cqpress.com/cqresearcher/index.php>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |
| **pctpopover65** | Population over 65 years old (percentage) | 2013–2017 | Percentage of the state’s population over the age of 65 | U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder: [https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american- factfinder/](https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/) |
| **pctpopover18** | Population over 18 years old (percentage) | 2013–2017 | Percentage of the state’s population over the age of 18 | U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder: [https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american- factfinder/](https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/) |
| **popover85** | Population from 85 years old and older | 1995–2010 | The number of residents over the age of 85 in a state. Data for 2001 are unavailable. | CQ Press. “State Stats: Population under 5 years old.” <http://library.cqpress.com/cqresearcher/index.php>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |
| **pctlatinx** | Latinx population | 2013–2017 | Percentage of the state’s residents who are Hispanic or Latino (of any race) | U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder: [https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american- factfinder/](https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/) |
| **pctwhite** | White population | 2013–2017 | Percentage of the state’s residents who are white (not Hispanic or Latino) | U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder: [https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american- factfinder/](https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/) |
| **pctblack** | Black population | 2013–2017 | Percentage of the state’s residents who are black or African American (alone) | U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder: [https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american- factfinder/](https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/) |
| **pctasian** | Asian population | 2013–2017 | Percentage of the state’s residents who are Asian (alone) | U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder: [https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american- factfinder/](https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/) |
| **pctpacific** | Pacific Islander population | 2013–2017 | Percentage of the state’s residents who are native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander (alone) | U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder: [https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american- factfinder/](https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **pctamericanindi an** | American Indian population | 2013–2017 | Percentage of the state’s residents who are American Indian or Alaska Native (alone) | U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder: [https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american- factfinder/](https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/american-factfinder/) |
| **birthrate** | Birth rate | 1991–2008 | Children per woman (total fertility) with projections; births per 1,000 women aged 15–44 | Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. National Center for Health Statistics (VitalStats). https:/[/ww](http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data_access/vitalstatsonline.htm)w[.cdc.gov/nchs/data\_access/vitalstatsonline.htm](http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data_access/vitalstatsonline.htm)  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |
| **evangelical\_pop** | Evangelical population | 1975–2013 | Percentage of evangelical residents in a state | Sellers, Mitchell D. “Gubernatorial Use of Executive Orders: Unilateral Action and Policy Adoption.” *Journal of Public Policy* 37.3 (2017): 315–339. |
| **nonwhite** | Nonwhite population | 1974–2011 | Proportion of the state population that is nonwhite | Kelly, Nathan J., and Christopher Witko. “Government Ideology and Unemployment in the U.S. States.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 14.4 (2014): 389–413. |
| **foreign\_born** | Foreign-born population | 2005–2012 | Percentage of state population who are foreign born | Pew Research Center, Hispanic Trends Projection (based on American Community Survey data)[: http://www.pewhispanic.org/2014/04/29/statistical-](http://www.pewhispanic.org/2014/04/29/statistical-) portrait-of-the-foreign-born-population-in-the-united-states-2012/#foreign- born-by-state-2012  Reich, Gary. “Immigrant legislation, across and within the United States.”  *Research & Politics* 4.4 (2017): 1–11. |
| **newimmig** | New immigrant green card holders | 1988–2011 | Persons obtaining legal permanent resident status by state of residence: fiscal years 1988 to 2011. The fiscal year runs from October 1 through September 30. A permanent resident is defined as a green card holder who has been granted lawful authorization to live and work in the United States on a permanent basis. | U.S. Department of Homeland Security. “Persons Obtaining Legal Permanent Resident Status by State of Residence: Fiscal Years 1988 to 2011.” [https://www.dhs.gov/publication/yearbook-immigration-statistics-2011-legal- permanent-residents](https://www.dhs.gov/publication/yearbook-immigration-statistics-2011-legal-permanent-residents).  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  Notes: To obtain permanent resident status, most individuals are sponsored by a family member or employer in the United States. Other individuals may become permanent residents through refugee or asylee status or other humanitarian programs. In some cases, people may be eligible to file for themselves. |
| **undocumented\_i mmigrants** | Estimated number of | 1990, 2000,  2005, 2007,  2010 | Estimated number of unauthorized immigrants in a state | Passel, Jeffrey S., and D’Vera Cohn. 2011. “Unauthorized Immigrant Population: National and State Trends, 2010.” *Pew Research Center.* |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | undocumented immigrants |  | Notes: data are estimates by Pew Hispanic Center, not actual counts. Several observations are recorded as “< 5,000” and “< 10,000” rather than discrete estimates. |  |
| **refugeetotal** | Refugee total | 2000–2012 | Number of refugees arriving per state per fiscal year. The fiscal year runs from October 1 through September 30. | U.S. Department of Health & Human Services—Office of Refugee Resettlement. “Refugee Arrival Data.” <http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/orr/resource/refugee-arrival-data>.  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  Note: To be eligible for refugee status, an applicant must meet the definition of a refugee set forth in 101(a)(42) of the Immigration and Nationality Act: a person who is unable or unwilling to return to his or her country of nationality because of persecution or a well-founded fear of persecution on account of race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion. |
| **pop\_annual** | Total state population | 1929–2012 | Total population in the state, measured annually. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source (2012): [http://www.bizjournals.com/bizjournals/on-numbers/scott-](http://www.bizjournals.com/bizjournals/on-numbers/scott-thomas/2012/06/californias-population-passes-38.html?appSession=10897383915145&amp;RecordID&amp;PageID=2&amp;PrevPageID&amp;cpipage=3&amp;CPISortType&amp;CPIorderBy) [thomas/2012/06/californias-population-passes-](http://www.bizjournals.com/bizjournals/on-numbers/scott-thomas/2012/06/californias-population-passes-38.html?appSession=10897383915145&amp;RecordID&amp;PageID=2&amp;PrevPageID&amp;cpipage=3&amp;CPISortType&amp;CPIorderBy) [38.html?appSession=10897383915145&RecordID=&PageID=2&PrevPageI](http://www.bizjournals.com/bizjournals/on-numbers/scott-thomas/2012/06/californias-population-passes-38.html?appSession=10897383915145&amp;RecordID&amp;PageID=2&amp;PrevPageID&amp;cpipage=3&amp;CPISortType&amp;CPIorderBy) [D=&cpipage=3&CPISortType=&CPIorderBy](http://www.bizjournals.com/bizjournals/on-numbers/scott-thomas/2012/06/californias-population-passes-38.html?appSession=10897383915145&amp;RecordID&amp;PageID=2&amp;PrevPageID&amp;cpipage=3&amp;CPISortType&amp;CPIorderBy) |

1. **Immigration Policy**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **dimmhed** | Undocumented immigrants’ access to public higher education | 2000–2017 | Undocumented immigrants' access to public higher education (-1 = banned from all public universities, -0.5 = banned from some public universities, 0 = no in-state tuition, 0.5 = in-state tuition at some universities, 0.75 = in- state tuition for community colleges | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | and transfers to 4-years, 1 = in-state tuition statewide) |  |
| **immig\_laws\_rest rict** | Total restrictive immigrant laws passed | 2005–2012 | Number of “restrictive” laws relating to immigrants passed in the year | Reich, Gary. “Immigrant legislation, across and within the United States.”  *Research & Politics* 4.4 (2017): 1–11. |
| **immig\_laws\_acc om** | Total accommodating immigrant laws passed | 2005–2012 | Number of “accommodating” laws relating to immigrants passed in the year | Reich, Gary. “Immigrant legislation, across and within the United States.”  *Research & Politics* 4.4 (2017): 1–11. |
| **immig\_laws\_neu t** | Total neutral immigrant laws passed | 2005–2012 | Number of “neutral” laws relating to immigrants passed in the year | Reich, Gary. “Immigrant legislation, across and within the United States.”  *Research & Politics* 4.4 (2017): 1–11. |
| **immig\_laws\_tota l** | Total immigrant laws passed | 2005–2012 | Total laws relating to immigrants passed in the year | Reich, Gary. “Immigrant legislation, across and within the United States.”  *Research & Politics* 4.4 (2017): 1–11. |
| **immigration\_eng lish\_language** | English is official language | 1970–2014 | Is English the state’s official language? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **immigration\_inst ate\_tuition\_illega limmigrants** | In-state tuition for immigrants | 2001–2014 | Does the state allow in-state tuition for illegal immigrants? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **engonly** | English-only law | 1900–2007 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **percentBlack** | Percentage of population identifying as Black | decadal years from 1900-2010 | the percentage of the population identified as black by the Census’s "race" variable | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **percentForeignBorn** | Percentage of population identifying as foreign born | decadal years from 1900-2010 | the percentage of the population identified as foreign-born by the Census | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **percentUrban** | Percentage of population identifying as living in urban areas. | decadal years from 1900-2010 | the percentage of the population identified as living in urban areas by the Census. To maximize consistency of the definition of “urban” across Census years, Census respondents were generally coded as living in urban areas if the Census “metro” variable indicated that they were living in a “metro area.” The “metro” variable is unavailable in 1970 and 1990 Census data; in these cases, I used the closely related “metarea” variable. As with most coding of urban residence in the United States, this coding is generous: for example, counties that contain more than 10,000 people are considered “urban” by this coding, and the entire state of New Jersey is coded as “urban” from 2000 to the present. See http://usa.ipums.org/usaaction/variables/alphabetical?id=M for more information about the definitions of the “metro” and “metarea” variables | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **percentWorkInManufacturing** | Percentage of population identifying as living in urban areas when respondent was 14 | decadal years from 1900-2010 | the percentage of the population identified as living in urban areas by the Census when the respondent was 14, in the state in which he lived when he was 14 | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |

1. **Economic and Fiscal Policy**
2. **State Expenditures and Revenue**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **all\_other\_taxes** | All other taxes | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **corporation\_net\_ income\_taxes** | Corporation net income taxes | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **current\_charges** | Current charges | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_correction** | General expenditure, by function: correction | 1942–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_direct** | Total expenditure: direct expenditure | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_direct\_assist ance\_subsidies** | Total expenditure: direct expenditure (assistance and subsidies) | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_direct\_capit al\_outlay** | Total expenditure: direct expenditure (capital outlay) | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **exp\_direct\_curre nt\_operations** | Total expenditure: direct expenditure (current operations) | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_direct\_insur ance** | Total expenditure: direct expenditure (insurance benefits and repayments) | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_direct\_inter est** | Total expenditure: direct expenditure (interest on debt) | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_education** | General expenditure, by function: education | 1942–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_general\_inte rgovernmental** | General expenditure, by function: intergovernment al general expenditure | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_government al\_administratio n** | General expenditure, by function: governmental administration | 1942–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_health** | General expenditure, by function: health | 1942–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **exp\_highways** | General expenditure, by function: highways | 1942–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_hospitals** | General expenditure, by function: hospitals | 1942–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_interest\_on\_ general\_debt** | General expenditure, by function: interest on general debt | 1942–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_intergovern mental** | Total expenditure: intergovernment al expenditure | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_natural\_res ources** | General expenditure, by function: natural resources | 1942–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_other\_and\_ unallocable** | General expenditure, by function: other and unallocable | 1942–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_parks\_and\_ recreation** | General expenditure, by function: parks and recreation | 1942–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_police\_prote ction** | General expenditure, by function: police protection | 1942–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **exp\_public\_welf are** | General expenditure, by function: public welfare | 1942–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **exp\_salaries\_wa ges** | Total expenditure (exhibit): salaries and wages | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **general\_sales\_re ceipts\_taxes** | General sales and gross receipts taxes | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **hincomemed** | Median household income | 1984–2019 | The median of all household incomes in a state. 2011 CPI-U-RS adjusted dollars. | U.S. Census Bureau. 2012. “Median Household Income by State - Single- Year Estimates.” Accessed at: [http://www.census.gov/topics/income- poverty/income.html.](http://www.census.gov/topics/income-poverty/income.html)  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/> (no longer accessible online) |
| **individual\_inco me\_taxes** | Individual income taxes | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **insurance\_trust\_ expenditure** | Insurance trust expenditure | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **insurance\_trust\_ revenue** | Insurance trust revenue | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **intergovernment al\_revenue** | Intergovernment al revenue | 2012–2016 | Intergovernmental state revenue. All state government finance data are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **license\_taxes** | License taxes | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **liquor\_stores\_ex penditure** | Liquor stores expenditure | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **liquor\_stores\_re venue** | Liquor stores revenue | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **lotticksales** | Lottery ticket sales | 1992–2002 | Lottery ticket sales for instant tickets, three-digit, four-digit, lotto and other tickets (excluding commissions) (in thousands) | U.S. Census Bureau. 2009. “Lottery Sales—Type of Game and Use of Proceeds.”  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/> (no longer accessible online)  Note: Data from Census is actually originally from TLF Publications, Inc., Boyds, MD, 2009 World Lottery Almanac (copyright). |
| **lotadmincosts** | Lottery administration costs | 1992–1999 | Lottery administration costs (in thousands) | U.S. Census Bureau. 2012. “Lottery Prize Amounts Awarded.”  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/> (no longer accessible online) |
| **lotprize** | Lottery prize amounts awarded | 1992–2002 | Lottery prize amounts awarded (in thousands) | U.S. Census Bureau. 2012. “Lottery Prize Amounts Awarded.”  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/> (no longer accessible online) |
| **miscellaneous\_ge neral\_revenue** | Miscellaneous general revenue | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **selective\_sales\_r eceipts\_taxes** | Selective sales and gross receipts taxes | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **taxrevcorporate** | Tax revenue, corporate net income | 1946–2019 | Taxes on net income of corporations and unincorporated businesses (when taxed separately from individual income). Includes distinctively imposed net income taxes on special kinds of corporations (e.g., financial institutions). Measured in thousands of dollars. Sum of tax revenue from corporate net income. | U.S. Census Bureau. 2011. “State Government Tax Collections.” Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from  Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/> (no longer accessible online) |
| **total\_holdings** | Total cash and security holdings | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **utility\_expenditu re** | Utility expenditure | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **utility\_revenue** | Utility revenue | 2012–2016 | All state government finance data from the Census Bureau are in 1,000s of current dollars. | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **firms** | Number of firms | 1988–2017 | Number of Firms. A firm is a business organization consisting of one or more domestic establishments in the same state and industry that were specified under common ownership or control. The firm and the establishment are the same for single-establishment firms. For each multi-establishment firm, establishments in the same industry within a state will be counted as one firm—the firm employment and annual payroll are summed from the associated establishments. | US Census Bureau. Statistics of US Businesses. 2012. “SUSB totals for U.S. & States.”  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/> (no longer accessible online) |
| **patents** | Number of patents granted | 1998–2011 | This variable displays the number of  U.S. patents distributed by U.S. state and by calendar year of grant, and it counts documents of utility patents (i.e., patents for invention) granted by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. | U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. 2012. “Number of Patents Granted as Distributed by Year of Patent Grant, Breakout by U.S. State and Foreign Country of Origin.” Accessed at: <http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/ac/ido/oeip/taf/cst_utl.htm>.  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/> (no longer accessible online)  Note: The origin of a patent is determined by the residence of the first-named inventor. A patent is a document, issued by an authorized governmental agency, granting the right to exclude anyone else from the production or use of a specific new device, or process for a stated number of years. The grant is issued to the inventor after an examination that focuses on both the novelty and potential utility of the item. Pre-1998 data is omitted due to aggregation of years between 1963-1998 in the report. |
| **valueofagsect** | Value added to  U.S. economy by agricultural sector | 1950–2011 | Net value-added is the sector’s contribution to the national economy and is the sum of the income from production earned by all factors-of- production, regardless of ownership (thousands of dollars) | Economic Research Service/USDA. 2011. “Value Added to the U.S. Economy by the agricultural sector via the production of goods and services 1949-2011.” Accessed at: [http://www.ers.usda.gov/data-products/farm-](http://www.ers.usda.gov/data-products/farm-income-and-wealth-statistics.aspx) [income-and-wealth-statistics.aspx](http://www.ers.usda.gov/data-products/farm-income-and-wealth-statistics.aspx).  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/> (no longer accessible online) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **farmpayment** | Government direct farm payments | 1949–2011 | Aggregate sum of direct payments from programs in respective years by the government to farmers (thousands of dollars) | Economic Research Service/USDA. 2012. “Government payments, by program and State, 1990-2011.” [http://www.ers.usda.gov/data-products/farm-](http://www.ers.usda.gov/data-products/farm-income-and-wealth-statistics.aspx) [income-and-wealth-statistics.aspx](http://www.ers.usda.gov/data-products/farm-income-and-wealth-statistics.aspx).  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown Universit[y. http://stateminder.org/](http://stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online) |
| **atkin\_index** | Atkinson Index | 1917–2013 | State income inequality measured by Atkinson Index | Frank, Mark W. “U.S. State-Level Income Inequality Data.” <http://www.shsu.edu/eco_mwf/inequality.html> |
| **gini\_coef** | Gini coefficient | 1917–2013 | State income inequality measured by Gini coefficient | Frank, Mark W. “U.S. State-Level Income Inequality Data.” <http://www.shsu.edu/eco_mwf/inequality.html> |
| **incshare\_top001** | Top 0.01% share of income | 1917–2013 | Share of total income earned by the top 0.01% of earners | Frank, Mark W. “U.S. State-Level Income Inequality Data.” <http://www.shsu.edu/eco_mwf/inequality.html>  For methodology, see: Frank, Mark, Estelle Sommeiller, Mark Price, and Emmanuel Saez. 2015. “Frank-Sommeiller-Price Series for Top Income Shares by US States since 1917.” |
| **incshare\_top01** | Top 0.1% share of income | 1917–2013 | Share of total income earned by the top 0.1% of earners | Frank, Mark W. “U.S. State-Level Income Inequality Data.” <http://www.shsu.edu/eco_mwf/inequality.html>  For methodology, see: Frank, Mark, Estelle Sommeiller, Mark Price, and Emmanuel Saez. 2015. “Frank-Sommeiller-Price Series for Top Income Shares by US States since 1917.” |
| **incshare\_top05** | Top 0.5% share of income | 1917–2013 | Share of total income earned by the top 0.5% of earners | Frank, Mark W. “U.S. State-Level Income Inequality Data.” <http://www.shsu.edu/eco_mwf/inequality.html>  For methodology, see: Frank, Mark, Estelle Sommeiller, Mark Price, and Emmanuel Saez. 2015. “Frank-Sommeiller-Price Series for Top Income Shares by US States since 1917.” |
| **incshare\_top1** | Top 1% share of income | 1917–2013 | Share of total income earned by the top 1% of earners | Frank, Mark W. “U.S. State-Level Income Inequality Data.” <http://www.shsu.edu/eco_mwf/inequality.html>  For methodology, see: Frank, Mark, Estelle Sommeiller, Mark Price, and Emmanuel Saez. 2015. “Frank-Sommeiller-Price Series for Top Income Shares by US States since 1917.” |
| **incshare\_top5** | Top 5% share of income | 1917–2013 | Share of total income earned by the top 5% of earners | Frank, Mark W. “U.S. State-Level Income Inequality Data.” <http://www.shsu.edu/eco_mwf/inequality.html> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | For methodology, see: Frank, Mark, Estelle Sommeiller, Mark Price, and Emmanuel Saez. 2015. “Frank-Sommeiller-Price Series for Top Income Shares by US States since 1917.” |
| **incshare\_top10** | Top 10% share of income | 1917–2013 | Share of total income earned by the top 10% of earners | Frank, Mark W. “U.S. State-Level Income Inequality Data.” <http://www.shsu.edu/eco_mwf/inequality.html>  For methodology, see: Frank, Mark, Estelle Sommeiller, Mark Price, and Emmanuel Saez. 2015. “Frank-Sommeiller-Price Series for Top Income Shares by US States since 1917.” |
| **theil\_index** | Theil Index | 1917–2013 | State income inequality measured by Theil Index | Frank, Mark W. “U.S. State-Level Income Inequality Data.” <http://www.shsu.edu/eco_mwf/inequality.html> |
| **is\_a\_state** | State dummy variable | 1929–2012 | 1 = is a state. 0 = DC and national data. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **region** | U.S. region | 1929–2012 | If state is located in South (1), West (2), Midwest (3), Northeast (4). | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: The codes do not reflect the numeric codes used by the Census |
| **bfh\_cpi\_multipli er** | Change in state consumer price index | 1960–2010 | Change between years was established with the following formula.  {[State\_cpi\_bfh\_est (time t) – State\_cpi\_bfh\_est (time t-1)] / State\_cpi\_bfh\_est (time t-1)}+1 | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes on construction of variable: i |
| **budget\_surplus** | Budget surplus estimate | 1942–2016 | Computed by: General\_revenue – general\_expenditure. Note: this is not a good measure of a state’s budget surplus in one year. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE: gen budget\_surplus= general\_revenue- general\_expenditure Coded years 2012-2016 using the above code |
| **budget\_surplus\_ gsp** | Budget surplus as pct. of GSP | 1942–2016 | Budget surplus as percent of gross state product | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE:  gen budget\_surplus\_gsp= (budget\_surplus/(gsp\_q\*1000))\*100  Coded years 2012-2016 using the above code |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **budget\_surplus\_i nc** | Budget surplus as pct. of personal income | 1941–2009 | Budget surplus as percent of personal income. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE: gen budget\_surplus\_inc= (budget\_surplus/personal\_income1000s\_b)\*100 |
| **disposable\_perso nal\_income1000s**  **\_annual** | Total state disposable personal income | 1948–2011 | Total disposable personal income in the state, measured annually. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source: [http://www.bea.gov/.](http://www.bea.gov/) Then click on “state and local area personal income” under “regional.” Then under “data” click on “state annual personal income and employment.” Then, under “Annual State Personal Income and Employment” click “Personal income, per capita personal income, disposable personal income, and population (SA1-3, SA51-53).” Then click on Table ID “SA51-53 Disposable Personal Income Summary.” This yields both personal income ($1,000s), population (persons), and per capita personal income (dollars) (the latter was a perfect function of the two former (after rounding) so wasn’t retained). |
| **fy\_end\_day** | Day in which fiscal year ends | 1942–2010 | Day of the month that the state fiscal year ends in. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **fy\_end\_month** | Month in which fiscal year ends | 1942–2010 | Number of month that the state fiscal year ends in. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **fy\_end\_quar** | Quarter in which fiscal year ends | 1942–2010 | Last quarter of the state fiscal year. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **general\_expendit ure** | General state expenditures | 1942–2018 | General state expenditures. All state government finance data are in 1,000s of current dollars. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source: Figures exactly as they appear in the Census database file State\_Govt\_Finances for 1942 – 2006. For 2007 – 2010: <http://www.census.gov/govs/state/>  Note for data put into quarters 1, 2, 3 and 4: although these data were put into quarters, they were not divided by 4. There are always four cases that have the same exact numbers. These sets of four are within the same state fiscal year. Note for data put into quarter 2.5: data for the fiscal year that matches the year of the case is put into 2.5. For example, Indiana’s FY1986 (which goes from July 1st 1985, to June 30th, 1986) is put into 1986q2.5. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **general\_expendit ure\_gsp** | General expenditures as pct. of GSP | 1942–2010 | General expenditures as percent of gross state product | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE:  gen general\_expenditure\_gsp= (general\_expenditure/(gsp\_q\*1000))\*100 |
| **general\_expendit ure\_inc** | General expenditures as pct. of personal income | 1941–2009 | General expenditures as percent of personal income. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE: gen general\_expenditure\_inc= (general\_expenditure/personal\_income1000s\_b)\*100 |
| **general\_revenue** | General state revenue | 1942–2018 | General state revenue. All state government finance data are in 1,000s of current dollars. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source: Figures exactly as they appear in the Census database file State\_Govt\_Finances for 1942 – 2006. For 2007 – 2010: <http://www.census.gov/govs/state/>  Note for data put into quarters 1, 2, 3 and 4: although these data were put into quarters, they were not divided by 4. There are always four cases that have the same exact numbers. These sets of four are within the same state fiscal year. Note for data put into quarter 2.5: data for the fiscal year that matches the year of the case is put into 2.5. For example, Indiana’s FY1986 (which goes from July 1st 1985, to June 30th, 1986) is put into 1986q2.5.  United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **general\_revenue**  **\_gsp** | General revenue as pct. of GSP | 1942–2016 | General revenue as percent of gross state product | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE:  gen general\_revenue\_gsp= (general\_revenue/(gsp\_q\*1000))\*100  Coded years 2012-2016 using the above code |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **general\_revenue**  **\_inc** | General revenue as pct. of personal income | 1941–2009 | General revenue as percent of personal income. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE: gen general\_revenue\_inc= (general\_revenue/personal\_income1000s\_b)\*100 |
| **gov\_fin\_fy** | Fiscal year of quarter | 1942–2010 | Fiscal year that the quarter in question belongs to (when is\_a\_quarter=1) or simply the fiscal year in question when quar=2.5. Only observed when the six state government finances variables below are observed when is\_a\_quarter=1, but is always observed within the available time period when quar=2.5. Most states are available annually starting in 1950, and biennially for 1942, 1944, 1946, and 1948. See the variable state\_gov\_finance\_exists for quarters and years of coverage for each state. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: ii |
| **gsp\_naics\_ann** | Gross state product by NAICS | 1997–2010 | Gross state product, NAICS system of classification (millions of current dollars). quar=2.5 only | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source: <http://www.bea.gov/regional/gsp/> |
| **gsp\_naics\_ann\_e xists** | Gross state product by NAICS (dummy variable) | 1997–2010 | Dummy: 1 = gsp\_NAICS\_ann exists, 0  = else. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **gsp\_naics\_ann\_e xists2** | Gross state product by NAICS (2nd  dummy variable) | 1997–2010 | Dummy: 1 = gsp\_NAICS\_ann exists (for the both quar=2.5 and for all quarters between the middle of the year that gsp\_NAICS\_ann exists for). | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Note: In other words, since gsp\_NAICS\_ann exists for 1997 to 2010, this is coded “1” for 1997q3 to 2010q2), blank = else. |
| **gsp\_naics\_ann\_ multiplier** | Gross state product by NAICS  multiplier | 1997–2010 | For Q=2.5: amount that last year’s figure needs to be multiplied by to equal this year’s figure. For Q=1, 2, 3 or 4: figure in Q=2.5, but altered as follows. Q3 from the year before Q2.5 gets a ^(1/8). Q4 from the year before | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | Q2.5 gets a ^(1/4). Q1 from the year of Q2.5 gets a ^(1/4). Q2 from the year of Q2.5 gets a ^(1/4) |  |
| **gsp\_naics\_q** | Gross state product by NAICS in  millions of current dollars | 1997–2010 | Millions of current dollars. For Q=2.5, this equals gsp\_naics\_ann or gsp\_sic\_ann as appropriate. For Qs=1, 2, 3 and 4, it equals the figure from the last quarter (or Q=2.5, for Q=3), times the multipliers gsp\_naics\_ann\_multiplier or gsp\_sics\_ann\_multiplier above as appropriate. Note: although these data were put into quarters, they were not divided by 4. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **gsp\_q** | Gross state product combined in millions of current dollars | 1963–2010 | Millions of current dollars. Uses gsp\_naics\_q for 1997q2.5 to 2010. Uses gsp\_sic\_q for up to 1996q2.5. For 1996q3 to 1997q2, it connects the values between 1996q2.5 and 1997q2.5 with the multiplier. For the following three states only, 2010q2.5 was put into 2010q3: AL, MI, and TX. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **gsp\_sic\_ann** | Gross state product by SIC | 1963–1997 | Gross state product, SIC system of classification (millions of current dollars). Note: Figures for SIC and NAICS coexist for 1997 | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source: <http://www.bea.gov/regional/gsp/> |
| **gsp\_sic\_ann\_exis ts** | Gross state product by SIC dummy variable | 1963–1997 | Dummy: 1 = gsp\_SIC\_ann exists (quar=2.5 only), 0 = else. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **gsp\_sic\_ann\_exis ts2** | Gross state product by SIC (2nd dummy variable) | 1963–1997 | Dummy: 1 = gsp\_SIC\_ann exists (for the both quar=2.5 and for all quarters between the middle of the year that gsp\_SIC\_ann exists for). | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Note: In other words, since gsp\_SIC\_ann exists for 1997 to 2010, this is coded “1” for 1997q3 to 2010q2), blank = else. |
| **gsp\_sic\_ann\_mul tiplier** | Gross state product by SIC multiplier | 1963–1997 | For Q=2.5: amount that last year’s figure needs to be multiplied by to equal this year’s figure. For Q=1, 2, 3 | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | or 4: figure in Q=2.5, but altered as follows. Q3 from the year before Q2.5 gets a ^(1/8). Q4 from the year before Q2.5 gets a ^(1/4). Q1 from the year of Q2.5 gets a ^(1/4). Q2 from the year of Q2.5 gets a ^(1/4) |  |
| **gsp\_sic\_q** | Gross state product by SIC in millions of current dollars | 1963–1997 | Millions of current dollars. For Q=2.5, this equals gsp\_naics\_ann or gsp\_sic\_ann as appropriate. For Qs=1, 2, 3 and 4, it equals the figure from the last quarter (or Q=2.5, for Q=3), times the multipliers gsp\_naics\_ann\_multiplier or gsp\_sics\_ann\_multiplier above as appropriate. Note: although these data were put into quarters, they were not divided by 4. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **housing\_prices\_ quar** | Quarterly housing price index | 1975–2012 | When “is\_a\_quarter”=1, this represents quarterly housing price index (1980q1=1 for all states). All- transaction index estimated using sales prices and appraisal data. Data isn’t seasonally adjusted. When quar=2.5, this represents the average from the same indicator for the four quarters of the calendar year. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source for quarterly data: Federal Housing Finance Agency. [http://www.fhfa.gov/Default.aspx?Page=87.](http://www.fhfa.gov/Default.aspx?Page=87) “States through 2012q1 (not seasonally adjusted) [CSV].” Note: In the original source, 1980q1=100, and so was divided by 100 here. In the original source, all states are given a score of “100” in 1980q1, so apparently the index isn’t comparable across states. |
| **inc\_multiplier** | Imputed quarterly income | 1929–1948 | Amount last period has to be multiplied by to get the next period. The purpose of this variable is to impute quarterly income before such data were available. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes on construction of variable:iii |
| **legislative\_constr uction\_exp** | Legislative construction expenditures | 2006–2010 | State legislature’s construction expenditures. Note: these are annual amounts put into quarters. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source (fy2006 to fy2010): <http://www.census.gov/govs/state/> |
| **legislative\_curre nt\_op\_exp** | Legislative operating expenditures | 2006–2010 | State legislature’s current operating expenditures. Note: these are annual amounts put into quarters. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Source (fy2006 to fy2010): <http://www.census.gov/govs/state/>  Note: when legislative\_current\_op\_exp was non-zero, I pasted in “0” into the other variables if there was no data there. |
| **legislative\_equip ment\_exp** | Legislative equipment expenditures | 2006–2010 | State legislature’s equipment expenditures. Note: these are annual amounts put into quarters. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source (fy2006 to fy2010): <http://www.census.gov/govs/state/>  Note: legislative\_equipment\_exp is often the same figure as legislative\_other\_capital\_exp. When they differ, legislative\_other\_capital\_exp is always larger. |
| **legislative\_other**  **\_capital\_exp** | Legislative other capital expenditures | 2006–2010 | State legislature’s other capital expenditures. Note: these are annual amounts put into quarters. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source (fy2006 to fy2010): <http://www.census.gov/govs/state/> |
| **legislative\_total\_ exp** | Legislature total expenditures in current dollars (complete) | 1950–2010 | Total amount of money spent on the legislature (current dollars). Note: these are annual amounts put into quarters. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source (fy1951-fy2005): legislative\_total\_exp1; Source (fy2006-fy2010): legislative\_total\_exp2 |
| **legislative\_total\_ exp\_exists** | Legislature total expenditures in current dollars (complete dummy variable) | 1950–2010 | 1 = legislative\_total\_exp has a non- missing value, and it is one of the cases that state\_gov\_finance\_exists=1 for. 0  = legislative\_total\_exp has a missing value, and it is one of the cases that state\_gov\_finance\_exists=1 for. Blank  = else. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **legislative\_total\_ exp1** | Legislature total expenditures | 1950–2005 | Total amount of money spent on the legislature (current $1s). Note: the four component parts of legislative expenditure are 1) current operations, legislative services (code E26), 2) construction, legislative (code F26), 3) other capital outlay, legislative (code G26), and 4) equipment only, legislative (code K26). | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source (fy1951-fy2006: State Government Finances file.  Note: these are annual amounts put into quarters. Timing of variable: data put into the four quarters of the fiscal year the data are from. The data aren’t divided by four, even though they’re put into quarters. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **legislative\_total\_ exp1\_exists** | Legislature total expenditures (dummy variable) | 1950–2005 | 1 = legislative\_total\_exp has a non- missing value, and it is one of the cases that state\_gov\_finance\_exists=1 for. 0  = legislative\_total\_exp has a missing value, and it is one of the cases that state\_gov\_finance\_exists=1 for. Blank  = else. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **legislative\_total\_ exp1\_note** | Notes about legislature total expenditures | 1950–2005 | Notes about legislative\_total\_exp. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **legislative\_total\_ exp2** | Legislature total expenditures in current dollars | 2006–2010 | Total amount of money spent on the legislature (current $1s). Note: these are annual amounts put into quarters. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source (fy2006 to fy2010): <http://www.census.gov/govs/state/> |
| **legislative\_total\_ exp2\_exists** | Legislature total expenditures in current dollars (dummy variable) | 2006–2010 | 1 = legislative\_total\_exp2 has a non- missing value, and it is one of the cases that state\_gov\_finance\_exists=1 for. 0  = legislative\_total\_exp has a missing value, and it is one of the cases that state\_gov\_finance\_exists=1 for. Blank  = else. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **nat\_cpi\_bls\_qua r** | National consumer price index | 1929–2012 | National consumer price index for the year, same value for all states within a quarter. This took the monthly data posted on the Bureau of Labor Statistics Web site, and averaged them within quarters, and applied them to all the states (not just to stateno=0, like in regional\_cpi\_bls\_quar above) when “is\_a\_quarter”=1. The months were averaged across a calendar year when quar=2.5. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source: the variable “cpi\_bls\_quar\_interpolated” (although none of the national data were interpolated) from the file BLS\_Regional\_CPI\_2012\_06\_04.xls. Before that <ftp://ftp.bls.gov/pub/special.requests/cpi/cpiai.txt> |
| **non\_june\_30\_fy\_ end\_date** | Non-June 30th fiscal year end date | 1942–2010 | 1 = state fiscal year doesn’t end on June 30th, 0 = state fiscal year ends on June 30th. blank = non-observed. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **odd\_even\_year** | Odd/even election year | 1929–2016 | 1 = state is an odd-year election state, 2  = state is an even-year election state, 3 | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | (dummy variable) |  | = Louisiana. Years available: 1929q1 to 2016q4 |  |
| **pc\_inc\_ann** | Per capital annual income | 1929–2016 | Per capita income, annual data ($1s). Calculated by: (personal\_income1000s\_annual\*1000)/ pop\_annual | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **pc\_inc\_quar** | Personal income per capita by quarter | 1929–2012 | Personal income per capita (dollars). Note: not in thousands, but in dollars. Computed by: (Personal\_income1000s\*1000) / pop\_quar | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **pc\_inc\_quar\_exi sts** | Personal income per capita by quarter (dummy variable) | 1929–2012 | 1 = pc\_inc has a non-missing case. Blank = else. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **personal\_income 1000s** | Total personal income in state | 1948–2012 | Combines the variables personal\_income1000s\_quar (when is\_a\_quarter=1) and personal\_income1000s\_annual (when quar=2.5). | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **personal\_income 1000s\_b** | Personal income | 1929–2012 | Personal income in $1,000s. For Q=2.5, it’s equal to personal\_income1000s\_Annual.  For Qs=1, 2, 3 and 4, and years 1948q1 to 2011q4, it’s equal to personal\_income1000s\_quar. For Qs=1, 2, 3 and 4, and years 1929q3 to 1947q4, it’s equal to the “last value” (q2.5 in the same year for q3, or the last quarter for other quarters) times the growth rate given in inc\_multiplier. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **personal\_income 1000s\_b\_exists** | Personal income dummy | 1929–2012 | Dummy: 1 = there is a value for “Personal\_income1000s\_b.” Blank = else. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **real\_inc1000s\_q uar** | Real personal income | 1960–2012 | Real personal income (in 2007 dollars, 1,000s), deflated with Berry, Fording and Hanson cost of living index. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | Computed by: personal\_income1000s\_b / state\_cpi\_bfh\_est\_quar |  |
| **real\_inc1000s\_q uar\_exists** | Real personal income (dummy variable) | 1960–2010 | Dummy: 1 = there is a value for “real\_inc1000s\_quar.” Blank = else. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **real\_pc\_inc\_qua r** | Real per capita personal income | 1960–2010 | Real per capita personal income (in 2007 dollars), deflated with Berry, Fording and Hanson cost of living index. \*\*\*Not in thousands, but in dollars. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **real\_pc\_inc\_qua r\_exists** | Real per capita personal income (dummy variable) | 1960–2010 | 1 = real\_pc\_inc\_quar has a non- missing case. Blank = else. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **real\_pc\_inc\_qua r\_exists2** | Real per capita personal ncome (2nd dummy variable) | 1960– 2010 | 2 = real\_pc\_inc\_quar has a non- missing case and is the earliest time a case appears for that state (or the nation). If q=2.5, this is the first time a case appears for cases with q=2.5 for that state. If “is\_a\_quarter”=1, this is the first time a case appears for cases with is\_a\_quarter=1 for that state. 1 = real\_pc\_inc\_q has a non-missing case. Blank = else. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **real2\_inc\_quar** | Real personal income (in  $1000s of current dollars), deflated by CPI | 1960–2010 | Real personal income, in 1,000s of current dollars, deflated with the national CPI (1982-1984$s, 1,000s). | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE: gen real2\_inc\_quar= personal\_income1000s\_b / nat\_cpi\_bls\_quar |
| **real2\_pc\_inc\_qu ar** | Real personal income deflated by CPI | 1960–2010 | Real per capita personal income, deflated with the national CPI (1982- 1984$s, 1,000s). | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE: gen real2\_pc\_inc\_quar= real2\_inc\_quar/pop\_quar |
| **real\_leg\_tot\_exp** | Legislature total expenditures adjusted by first | 1960–2010 | Total expenditures on the legislature deflated by the Berry, Fording and | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | cost of living indicator |  | Hansen state and year specific cost of living indicator. | STATA CODE: gen real\_leg\_tot\_exp=legislative\_total\_exp / state\_cpi\_bfh\_est\_quar |
| **real2\_leg\_tot\_ex p** | Legislature total expenditures adjusted by second cost of living indicator | 1960–2010 | Total expenditures on the legislature deflated by the national level cost of living indicator | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE: gen real2\_leg\_tot\_exp=legislative\_total\_exp / nat\_cpi\_bls\_quar |
| **state\_cpi\_bfh\_est** | State consumer price index | 1960–2010 | Berry, Fording and Hanson (2000) state and year specific consumer price index, measured in July, with estimated values for 2008 through 2010 by Klarner  2013. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source (1960–2007):  Source: Berry, William D., Richard C. Fording and Russell L. Hanson. 2000. “An Annual Cost of Living Index for the American States, 1960-95,” *The Journal of Politics*, 60(2): 550-67.  Link: <https://rcfording.wordpress.com/datasets/>  The Berry, Fording, and Hanson (2000) dataset contains a yearly state cost of living index for the 48 continental states, for years 1960 - 2007, derived from state median housing values, per capita income, and population. |
| **state\_cpi\_bfh\_est**  **\_quar** | Change in state consumer price index by quarter | 1960–2010 | Puts interpolated values into quarters. Multiplies the last period’s state\_cpi with bfh\_cpi\_multiplier. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **state\_gov\_financ e\_exists** | State government finance variables (dummy variable) | 1942–2010 | Dummy: 1 = all six of the state government finance variables listed above are observed. Blank = not observed. Note: if one of the state government finances variables is observed, the other five are also. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **taxes** | State tax revenue | 1942–2019 | State tax revenue. All state government finance data are in 1,000s of current dollars. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source: Figures exactly as they appear in the Census database file State\_Govt\_Finances for 1942 – 2006. For 2007 – 2010: <http://www.census.gov/govs/state/> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Note for data put into quarters 1, 2, 3 and 4: although these data were put into quarters, they were not divided by 4. There are always four cases that have the same exact numbers. These sets of four are within the same state fiscal year. Note for data put into quarter 2.5: data for the fiscal year that matches the year of the case is put into 2.5. For example, Indiana’s FY1986 (which goes from July 1st 1985, to June 30th, 1986) is put into 1986q2.5.  United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **taxes\_gsp** | Tax revenue as pct. of GSP | 1942–2016 | Tax revenue as percent of gross state product | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE:  gen taxes\_gsp= (taxes/(gsp\_q\*1000))\*100 |
| **taxes\_inc** | Tax revenue as pct. of personal income | 1941–2009 | Tax revenue as percent of personal income | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE: gen taxes\_inc= (taxes/personal\_income1000s\_b)\*100 |
| **total\_debt\_outst anding** | Total state debt outstanding | 1942–2019 | Total state debt outstanding. All state government finance data are in 1,000s of current dollars. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source: Figures exactly as they appear in the Census database file State\_Govt\_Finances for 1942 – 2006. For 2007 – 2010: <http://www.census.gov/govs/state/>  For 2012–2016: United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov)  Note for data put into quarters 1, 2, 3 and 4: although these data were put into quarters, they were not divided by 4. There are always four cases that have the same exact numbers. These sets of four are within the same state fiscal year. Note for data put into quarter 2.5: data for the fiscal year that matches the year of the case is put into 2.5. For example, Indiana’s FY1986 (which goes from July 1st 1985, to June 30th, 1986) is put into 1986q2.5. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **total\_debt\_outst anding\_gsp** | Total debt outstanding as pct. of GSP | 1942–2016 | Total debt outstanding as a percent of gross state product. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE:  gen total\_debt\_outstanding\_gsp= (total\_debt\_outstanding/(gsp\_q\*1000))\*100 |
| **total\_debt\_outst anding\_inc** | Total debt outstanding as pct. of personal income | 1941–2009 | Total debt outstanding as a percent of personal income. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE: gen total\_debt\_outstanding\_inc= (total\_debt\_outstanding/personal\_income1000s\_b)\*100 |
| **total\_expenditur e** | Total state expenditures | 1942–2019 | Total state expenditures. All state government finance data are in 1,000s of current dollars. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source: Figures exactly as they appear in the Census database file State\_Govt\_Finances for 1942 – 2006. For 2007 – 2010: <http://www.census.gov/govs/state/>  Note for data put into quarters 1, 2, 3 and 4: although these data were put into quarters, they were not divided by 4. There are always four cases that have the same exact numbers. These sets of four are within the same state fiscal year. Note for data put into quarter 2.5: data for the fiscal year that matches the year of the case is put into 2.5. For example, Indiana’s FY1986 (which goes from July 1st 1985, to June 30th, 1986) is put into 1986q2.5.  United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **total\_expenditur e\_gsp** | Total expenditures as pct. of GSP | 1942–2016 | Total expenditures as percent of gross state product | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE:  gen total\_expenditure\_gsp= (total\_expenditure/(gsp\_q\*1000))\*100 |
| **total\_expenditur e\_inc** | Total expenditures as | 1941–2009 | Total expenditures as percent of personal income | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | pct. of personal income |  |  | STATA CODE: gen total\_expenditure\_inc= (total\_expenditure/personal\_income1000s\_b)\*100 |
| **total\_revenue** | Total state revenue | 1942–2019 | Total state revenue. All state government finance data are in 1,000s of current dollars. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source: Figures exactly as they appear in the Census database file State\_Govt\_Finances for 1942 – 2006. For 2007 – 2010: <http://www.census.gov/govs/state/>  Note for data put into quarters 1, 2, 3 and 4: although these data were put into quarters, they were not divided by 4. There are always four cases that have the same exact numbers. These sets of four are within the same state fiscal year. Note for data put into quarter 2.5: data for the fiscal year that matches the year of the case is put into 2.5. For example, Indiana’s FY1986 (which goes from July 1st 1985, to June 30th, 1986) is put into 1986q2.5.  United States Census Bureau: [https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=as](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) [gov](https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/programs.xhtml?program=asgov) |
| **total\_revenue\_gs p** | Total revenue as pct. of GSP | 1942–2016 | Total revenue as percent of gross state product | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE:  gen total\_revenue\_gsp= (total\_revenue/(gsp\_q\*1000))\*100 |
| **total\_revenue\_in c** | Total revenue as pct. of personal income | 1941–2009 | Total revenue as percent of personal income. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Economic Data”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/KMWN7N>, Harvard Dataverse, V1  STATA CODE: gen total\_revenue\_inc= (total\_revenue/personal\_income1000s\_b)\*100 |
| **budgt\_solv** | Budget solvency | 2014 | A state’s standardized budget solvency index | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **c\_ce\_i** | Cash + cash equivalents + investments (in thousands $) | 2014 | A state’s cash + cash equivalents + investments (in thousands $) | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **c\_ce\_i\_r** | Cash + cash equivalents + investments + receivables (in thousands $) | 2014 | A state’s cash + cash equivalents + investments + receivables (in thousands  $) | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **cash\_index** | Cash solvency | 2014 | A state’s standardized cash solvency index | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **cash\_ratio** | Cash ratio | 2014 | A state’s cash ratio:  (cash + cash equivalents + investments)/current liabilities  Higher ratio indicates greater cash solvency | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **change\_in\_net\_a ssets** | Change in net assets | 2014 | A state’s change in net assets | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **current\_liabilitie s** | Current liabilities (in thousands $) | 2014 | A state’s current liabilities (in thousands $) | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **current\_ratio** | Current ratio | 2014 | A state’s current ratio:  (current assets / current liabilities)  Higher ratio indicates greater solvency. | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **exp\_income\_rati o** | Expenses to income ratio | 2014 | A state’s expenses to income ratio:  Total expenses/state personal income  Higher value indicates lower service-level solvency. | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **fisc\_cond\_w\_tru st\_fund** | Fiscal condition with trust fund solvency | 2014 | A state’s standardized fiscal condition index, weighted by 35% cash index, 35% budget index, 10% long run index, 10% service level index, and 10% trust fund index. | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **long\_term\_liab** | Long-term liability ratio | 2014 | A state’s long-term liability ratio:  long-term (noncurrent) liabilities / total assets  Lower value indicates greater long-run solvency. | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **lr\_solvencyindex** | Long run solvency | 2014 | A state’s standardized long run solvency index | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **lt\_percapita** | Long-term liability per capita | 2014 | A state’s long-term liability per capita:  Long-term (noncurrent) liabilities / population  Lower value indicates greater long-run solvency. | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **net\_asst\_rat** | Net asset ratio | 2014 | A state’s net asset ratio:  restricted and unrestricted net assets / total assets  Higher ratio indicates stronger long-run solvency | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **noncurrent\_liabi lities** | Non-current liabilities (in thousands $) | 2014 | A state’s non-current liabilities (in thousands $) | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **noncurrent\_liabi lities2** | Non-current liabilities | 2014 | A state’s non-current liabilities | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **op\_ratio** | Operating ratio | 2014 | A state’s operating ratio:  total revenues / total expenses  One or greater indicates budget solvency. | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **opeb\_income\_ ratio** | OPEB to income ratio | 2014 | A state’s other post-employment benefits to income ratio:  OPEB / state personal income  Higher value indicates lower trust fund solvency. | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **pension\_income\_ ratio** | Unfunded pension to income ratio | 2014 | A state’s unfunded pension to income ratio:  unfunded pension liability / state personal income  Higher value indicates lower trust fund solvency. | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **primary\_debt\_in come\_ratio** | Debt to income ratio | 2014 | A state’s debt to income ratio:  total primary government debt / state personal income  Higher value indicates lower trust fund solvency. | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **primary\_gov\_de bt** | Primary government debt | 2014 | A state’s primary government debt | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **quick\_ratio** | Quick ratio | 2014 | A state’s quick ratio: | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | (cash + cash equivalents + investments  + receivables) / current liabilities  Higher ratio indicates greater cash solvency. | Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **restricted\_net\_as sets** | Restricted assets (in thousands $) | 2014 | A state’s restricted assets (in thousands  $) | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **rev\_income\_rati o** | Revenue to income ratio | 2014 | A state’s revenue to income ratio:  total revenues / state personal income  Higher value indicates lower service- level solvency. | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **ser\_lvl\_solv** | Service level solvency | 2014 | A state’s standardized service level solvency index | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **surplus\_percap** | Surplus or deficit per capita | 2014–2016 | A state’s surplus or deficit per capita:  change in net assets / population  Positive ratio indicates budget solvency. | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf)  Coded years 2015–2016 using the following code: (General\_revenue – general\_expenditure)/ pop\_annual |
| **tax\_income\_rati o** | Tax to income ratio | 2014 | A state’s tax to income ratio: total taxes / state personal income  Higher value indicates lower service- level solvency. | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **total\_assets** | Total assets (in thousands $) | 2014 | A state’s total assets (in thousands $) | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **total\_current\_as sets** | Total current assets (in thousands $) | 2014 | A state’s total current assets (in thousands $) | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **total\_expenses** | Total expenses | 2014 | A state’s total expenses | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **total\_liabilities** | Total liabilities (in thousands $) | 2014 | A state’s total liabilities (in thousands  $) | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **total\_net\_assets** | Total net assets (in thousands $) | 2014 | A state’s total net assets (in thousands  $) | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **total\_revenue\_m ercatus** | Total revenue | 2014 | A state’s total revenue | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **total\_taxes** | Total taxes | 2014 | A state’s total taxes | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **trust\_fund\_solv** | Trust fund solvency | 2014 | A state’s standardized trust fund solvency index | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **uaal\_opeb** | Unfunded actuarial accrued liability for other post- employment benefits | 2014 | A state’s unfunded actuarial accrued liability for other post-employment benefits | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **uaal\_pension** | Unfunded actuarial accrued | 2014 | A state’s unfunded actuarial accrued liability for pensions | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | liability for pensions |  |  | Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **unrestricted\_net**  **\_assets** | Unrestricted assets (in thousands $) | 2014 | A state’s unrestricted assets (in thousands $) | Norcross, Eileen and Olivia Gonzalez. 2016. “Ranking the States by Fiscal Condition.” 2016 edition. Arlington, VA: Mercatus Research, Mercatus Center at George Mason University. [http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2\_1.pdf.](http://mercatus.org/sites/default/files/Norcross-Fiscal-Rankings-2-v2_1.pdf) |
| **change\_amustax** | Change in amusement tax revenues from previous year | 1995–2014 | Year over year percentage change in amusement tax revenue (note controlled for impact of tax policy) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Census: State Govt Tax Collections |
| **change\_bustax\_o ther** | Change in other business taxes and fees revenue from previous year | 1995–2014 | Year over year percentage change in revenue from other business taxes and fees (note controlled for impact of tax policy) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Census: State Govt Tax Collections |
| **change\_corplicre v** | Change in corporate licenses revenue from previous year | 1995–2014 | Year over year percentage change in corporate license revenue (note controlled for impact of tax policy) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Census: State Govt Tax Collections |
| **change\_corptax** | Change in corporate income tax revenues from previous year | 1995–2014 | Year over year percentage change in corporate income tax revenue (note controlled for impact of tax policy) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Census: State Govt Tax Collections |
| **change\_docstock tax** | Change in document and stock transfers tax revenues from previous year | 1995–2014 | Year over year percentage change document and stock transfer revenue (note controlled for impact of tax policy) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Census: State Govt Tax Collections |
| **change\_fueltax** | Change in fuel tax revenue from previous year | 1995–2014 | Year over year percentage change in fuel tax revenue (note controlled for impact of tax policy) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Census: State Govt Tax Collections |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **change\_incometa x** | Change in personal income tax revenue from previous year | 1995–2014 | Year over year percentage change in personal income tax revenue (note controlled for impact of tax policy) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Census: State Govt Tax Collections |
| **change\_proptax** | Change in property tax revenue from the previous year | 1995–2014 | Year over year percentage change in property tax revenue (note controlled for impact of tax policy) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Census: State Govt Tax Collections |
| **change\_salestax** | Change in sales tax revenue from previous year | 1995–2014 | Year over year percentage change in sales tax revenue (note controlled for impact of tax policy) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Census: State Govt Tax Collections |
| **change\_sevtax** | Change in severance tax revenue from previous year | 1995–2014 | Year over year percentage change in severance tax revenue (note controlled for impact of tax policy) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Census: State Govt Tax Collections |
| **change\_stincome tax** | Change in personal state income tax revenue from previous year | 1995–2014 | Year over year percentage change in personal state income tax revenue (note controlled for impact of tax policy) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Census: State Govt Tax Collections |
| **change\_tobtax** | Change in tobacco tax revenue from previous year | 1995–2014 | Year over year percentage change in tobacco tax revenue (note controlled for impact of tax policy) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Census: State Govt Tax Collections |
| **change\_utiltax** | Change in public utility tax revenues from previous year | 1995–2014 | Year over year percentage change in utility tax revenue (note controlled for impact of tax policy) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Census: State Govt Tax Collections |
| **change\_vehtax** | Change in motor vehicles tax revenue from previous year | 1995–2014 | Year over year percentage change in motor vehicle tax revenue (note controlled for impact of tax policy) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Census: State Govt Tax Collections |
| **dayreserve\_genf und** | Days’ worth of general Fund expenditures in reserve | 2000–2015 | State reserves as a share of daily general expenditures | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: The Fiscal Survey of States: National Association of State Budget Offices |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **employ\_pop** | Rolling employment to population ratio | 2008–2015 | Ratio of employed people among civilian, noninstitutionalized 25 to 54 year olds (annualized average of four quarters) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Current Population Survey: BLS/Census Bureau |
| **endingbal\_rainy day** | Ending balance plus rainy day funds | 2000–2015 | Sum of general fund ending balances plus rainy day fund ending balances (in millions) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: The Fiscal Survey of States: National Association of State Budget Offices |
| **fedshare\_rev** | Federal share of state revenue | 2000–2014 | Federal revenue as a share of total state revenue | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Census: State Govt Tax Collections |
| **med\_spending\_o wn** | Medicaid spending divided by own- source revenue | 2000–2014 | State funded Medicaid spending as a share of own-source revenue (general revenue-federal funds) | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Census: Annual Survey of State Govt Finances |
| **res\_genfund** | Reserves as a percent of general fund expenditures | 2000–2015 | Reserves as a percent of general fund expenditures  reserves / general fund expenditures | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: The Fiscal Survey of States: National Association of State Budget Offices |
| **spending\_fedfun ds\_perincome** | Federal spending over total state personal income | 1993–2012 | Spending from federal funds as a share of state personal income | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: US Census Annual Survey of State Government Finances & US BEA Regional Economic Accounts |
| **spending\_stfund s\_perincome** | State spending over total state personal income | 1993–2012 | Spending from state funds as a share of state personal income | Pew Charitable Trusts, 2016. *Fiscal 50: State Trends and Analysis.*  Source: US Census Annual Survey of State Government Finances & US BEA Regional Economic Accounts |
| **taxcapacityindex** | State tax capacity index | 1960–1991 | Estimate of state values on the ACIR’s (Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations) tax capacity index. | Berry, William D. and Richard C. Fording. “Measuring State Tax Capacity and Effort.” *Social Science Quarterly* 78 (2007): 158–66.  [http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/ICPSR/studies/1124?q=Richard+Fordi](http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/ICPSR/studies/1124?q=Richard%2BFording&amp;permit%5B0%5D=AVAILABLE) [ng&permit%5B0%5D=AVAILABLE](http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/ICPSR/studies/1124?q=Richard%2BFording&amp;permit%5B0%5D=AVAILABLE) |
| **taxeffortindex** | State tax effort index | 1960–1991 | Estimate of state values on the ACIR’s (Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations) tax effort index. | Berry, William D. and Richard C. Fording. “Measuring State Tax Capacity and Effort.” *Social Science Quarterly* 78 (2007): 158–66. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | [http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/ICPSR/studies/1124?q=Richard+Fordi](http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/ICPSR/studies/1124?q=Richard%2BFording&amp;permit%5B0%5D=AVAILABLE) [ng&permit%5B0%5D=AVAILABLE](http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/ICPSR/studies/1124?q=Richard%2BFording&amp;permit%5B0%5D=AVAILABLE) |
| **bus\_rank\_cnbc** | CNBC best state to do business in ranking | 2007–2012 | Rank in CNBC’s analysis of the best states to conduct business in. | CNBC. “America’s Top States for Business.”  Provided by: Pallay, Geoff. 2012. *Ballotpedia* and *The Lucy Burns Institute*. |
| **bus\_rank\_forbes** | Forbes best state to do business in ranking | 2006–2012 | Rank in Forbes’ analysis of the best states to conduct business in. | Forbes. “Best States for Business.”  Provided by: Pallay, Geoff. 2012. *Ballotpedia* and *The Lucy Burns Institute*. |
| **sp\_credit** | S&P state credit rating rank | 2001–2012 | Ranking of states from best to worst bond rating, according to Standard and Poor’s | Provided by: Pallay, Geoff. 2012. *Ballotpedia* and *The Lucy Burns Institute*. |
| **cash\_assist\_perc ap** | Cash assistance spending | 1976–2006 | Total state cash assistance spending per capita | Hayes, Thomas J., and D. Xavier Medina Vidal. “Fiscal Policy and Economic Inequality in the U.S. States: Taxing and Spending from 1976 to 2006.” *Political Research Quarterly* 68.2 (2015): 392–407. |
| **unemploy\_comp**  **\_percap** | Unemployment compensation spending | 1976–2006 | Total state unemployment compensation spending per capita | Hayes, Thomas J., and D. Xavier Medina Vidal. “Fiscal Policy and Economic Inequality in the U.S. States: Taxing and Spending from 1976 to 2006.” *Political Research Quarterly* 68.2 (2015): 392–407. |
| **welfare\_spendin g\_percap** | Welfare spending | 1976–2006 | Total state welfare spending per capita | Hayes, Thomas J., and D. Xavier Medina Vidal. “Fiscal Policy and Economic Inequality in the U.S. States: Taxing and Spending from 1976 to 2006.” *Political Research Quarterly* 68.2 (2015): 392–407. |
| **gsppcap** | Gross state product per capita | 1987–2010 | Per capita GDP by state is the state counterpart of the nation’s gross domestic product (GDP) divided by the residents of the state. Current dollars per state resident. Per capita GDP by state is derived as the sum of the GDP originating in all the industries in a state divided by the population of the state. | US Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis. 2012. “NAICS Per Capita GDP by state/SIC Per Capita GDP by state.” Accessed at: [http://www.bea.gov/regional/downloadzip.cfm.](http://www.bea.gov/regional/downloadzip.cfm)  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  Note: There is a discontinuity in the GDP-by-state time series at 1997, where the data change from SIC industry definitions to NAICS industry definitions. This discontinuity results from many sources, including differences in source data and different estimation methodologies. In addition, the NAICS-based GDP-by-state estimates are consistent with U.S. gross domestic product (GDP) while the SIC-based GDP-by-state estimates are consistent with U.S. gross domestic income (GDI). This data discontinuity may affect both the levels and the growth rates of the GDP-by-state estimates. NAICS industry defined data was used for 1997. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **gsptotal** | Gross state product total | 1963–2016 | GDP by state is the state counterpart of the nation’s gross domestic product (GDP). GDP by state is derived as the sum of the GDP originating in all the industries in a state (in millions of current dollars) | US Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis. 2012. “NAICS Per Capita GDP by state/SIC Per Capita GDP by state.” Accessed at: [http://www.bea.gov/regional/downloadzip.cfm.](http://www.bea.gov/regional/downloadzip.cfm)  Note: There is a discontinuity in the GDP-by-state time series at 1997, where the data change from SIC industry definitions to NAICS industry definitions. This discontinuity results from many sources, including differences in source data and different estimation methodologies. In addition, the NAICS-based GDP-by-state estimates are consistent with U.S. gross domestic product (GDP) while the SIC-based GDP-by-state estimates are consistent with U.S. gross domestic income (GDI). This data discontinuity may affect both the levels and the growth rates of the GDP-by-state estimates. NAICS industry defined data was used for 1997. |
| **incomepcap** | Income per capita | 1929–2019 | Per capita personal income is the income that is received by persons from all sources. Total personal income divided by total midyear population. | U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. “SA1-3 Personal income summary.” Accessed at: [http://www.bea.gov/iTable/iTable.cfm?ReqID=70&step=1#reqid=70&step=1 &isuri=1.](http://www.bea.gov/iTable/iTable.cfm?ReqID=70&amp;step=1%23reqid%3D70&amp;step=1&amp;isuri=1)  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/> (no longer accessible online)  Note: This measure of income is calculated as the personal income of the residents of a given area divided by the resident population of the area. In computing per capita personal income, BEA uses the Census Bureau's annual midyear population estimates. |
| **pctwomenearn** | Women’s earnings as a percent of men’s | 2002–2011 | Percent of women’s median weekly earnings as a percent of men’s (all races). Data calculated from median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers. | U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. 2016. “Women’s Earnings as a Percent of Men’s Earnings.” Accessed at: <http://www.bls.gov/cps/earnings.htm#demographics>.  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/> (no longer accessible online)  Note: In general, the sampling error for the state estimates is considerably larger than it is for the national estimates; thus, comparisons of state estimates should be made with caution. Data measure usual hourly and weekly earnings of wage and salary workers. All self-employed persons are excluded, regardless of whether their businesses are incorporated. Data represent earnings before taxes and other deductions and include any overtime pay, |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | commissions, or tips usually received. The earnings data are collected from one-fourth of the CPS total sample of approximately 60,000 households. |
| **unemployment** | Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population | 1975–2004;  2005–2017 | Unemployment rate, measured as percentage of state’s labor force that is out of work. | Bureau of Labor Statistics. 2012. “Labor Force Statistics from the Current Population Survey.”  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/> (no longer accessible online)  For 2005–2017: University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **bankrupt** | Number of bankruptcy filings in state | 1999–2009 | This variable displays the total number of bankruptcy case filings in each state for calendar years 1999–2009. The value in each year is calculated by taking the sum of bankruptcy cases that were filed in each state. | The United States Department of Justice. 2012. “Total Case Filings, Calendar Years 1999-2009.” Accessed at: [https://www.justice.gov/ust/bankruptcy-data-](https://www.justice.gov/ust/bankruptcy-data-statistics) [statistics](https://www.justice.gov/ust/bankruptcy-data-statistics)  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/> (no longer accessible online)  Note: Source of filing data is the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts. The substantial decrease in 2006 across all states is mainly due to the introduction of the Bankruptcy Abuse Prevention and Consumer Protection Act of 2005. |
| **foodstampben** | Food stamp benefits | 2002–2011 | Average monthly food stamp benefits per person in a fiscal year. Food stamps are defined as a federal entitlement program providing credit to purchase food items for people earning less than 130% of the federal poverty line. The federal fiscal year runs from October 1 through September 30. (Avg. dollars per participant.) The number of persons participating is reported monthly.  Annual averages are the sums divided by twelve. | Kaiser Family Organization. 2016. “Average Monthly Food Stamp Benefits per Participant.” Accessed at: [http://kff.org/other/state-indicator/avg-](http://kff.org/other/state-indicator/avg-monthly-food-stamp-benefits/) [monthly-food-stamp-benefits/.](http://kff.org/other/state-indicator/avg-monthly-food-stamp-benefits/)  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/> (no longer accessible online)  Note: In 2008, the “Food Stamp” program was re-named SNAP: Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program. The name change reflects the program’s focus on nutrition and putting healthy food within reach for low income households. 2011 data are preliminary. Generally SNAP households must have monthly gross income less than 130 percent of the Federal poverty guidelines ($2,422 for a family of four in fiscal year 2012), monthly net income less than 100 percent of the poverty guidelines, and assets of less than  $2,000. SNAP clients can buy all foods carrying a nutrition facts label and |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | intended to be eaten at home. Some items, such as alcoholic beverages, cigarettes, vitamins or medicines and pet foods are not allowed. |
| **statemin** | State minimum wage | 1980–2017 | State minimum wage in dollars. | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **employed** | Employed population (total number) | 1980–2017 | Total number of people employed within the state. | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **unemployed** | Unemployed population (total number) | 1980–2017 | Total number of people unemployed within the state. | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **afdc\_case** | AFDC/TANF  caseloads | 1980–2017 | Average monthly number of total family caseloads for AFDC/TANF within a year. | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **afdc\_rep** | AFDC/TANF  recipients | 1980–2017 | Average monthly number of total recipients of AFDC/TANF within a year. | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **afdccases\_childo nly** | AFDC/TANF  child-only caseloads | 1985–2017 | Average monthly number of total no- parent (child-only) caseloads for AFDC/TANF within a year. | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **marginallyfoodin secure** | Marginally food insecure | 2001–2017 | Proportion of individuals deemed marginally food insecure (i.e., answer “yes” to at least one question from the Core Food Security Model, Current Population Survey) | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **foodinsecure** | Food insecure | 2001–2017 | Proportion of individuals deemed food insecure (i.e., answer “yes” to at least three questions from the Core Food Security Model, Current Population Survey) | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **verylowfoodsecu re** | Very low food insecure | 2001–2017 | Proportion of individuals deemed very low food insecure (i.e., answer “yes” to at least eight questions from the Core Food Security Model, Current Population Survey) | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **foodstamp\_case** | Food stamp/SNAP caseloads | 1980–2017 | Average monthly number of total caseloads for food stamps/SNAP within a year. | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **foodstamp\_rep** | Food stamp/SNAP recipients | 1980–2017 | Average monthly number of persons receiving food stamps/SNAP within a year. | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **nslp\_free** | NSLP free participation | 1989–2017 | Participation in the National School Lunch Program (free) | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **nslp\_reduced** | NSLP reduced participation | 1989–2017 | Participation in the National School Lunch Program (reduced) | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **nslp\_total** | Total NSLP participation | 1989–2017 | Total participation in the National School Lunch Program | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **sbp\_free** | SBP free participation | 1989–2017 | Participation in the School Breakfast Program (free) | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **sbp\_reduced** | SBP reduced participation | 1989–2017 | Participation in the School Breakfast Program (reduced) | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **sbp\_total** | Total SBP participation | 1989–2017 | Total participation in the School Breakfast Program | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **povrate** | State poverty rate | 1980–2017 | Estimated percent of individuals living in poverty. Note: The official poverty definition uses money income before taxes and does not include capital gains or noncash benefits (such as public housing, Medicaid, and food stamps). | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **ssirecipients\_age d** | Number of aged SSI recipients | 1990–2017 | Number of persons receiving federally administered Social Security Income (SSI) payments under aged enrollment category | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ssirecipients\_blin d** | Number of blind SSI recipients | 1990–2017 | Number of persons receiving federally administered Social Security Income (SSI) payments under blind enrollment category | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **ssirecipients\_dis abled** | Number of disabled SSI recipients | 1990–2017 | Number of persons receiving federally administered Social Security Income (SSI) payments under disabled enrollment category | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **ssirecipients\_tota l** | Total number of SSI recipients | 1990–2017 | Number of persons receiving federally administered Social Security Income (SSI) payments | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **ssistate** | Maximum SSI state benefits | 1980–2011 | Maximum amount of SSI benefits from state | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data>  Note: This variable is no longer being updated by the source. |
| **ssitotal** | Total SSI benefits | 1980–2011 | Maximum total SSI benefits (state plus federal) | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data>  Note: This variable is no longer being updated by the source. |
| **stateeitcrate** | State EITC rate | 1980–2017 | State Earned Income Tax Credit, as a percentage of federal credit | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **wicparticipation** | WIC  participation | 1989–2017 | Total participation in the Women, Infants, and Children Program | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **workerscompens ation** | Workers’ compensation | 1980–2017 | Total state workers’ compensation spending in thousands of dollars | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **aapfdp** | Alaska Permanent Fund Dividend actual payouts | 1957–2016 | Alaska Permanent Fund Dividend actual payouts (previous calendar year) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **aairpi** | Air transportation spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Air transportation spending, % of income (aairspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aairspt** | State and local government air transportation direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government air transportation direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aalct** | State and local alcohol tax revenues, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local alcohol tax revenues, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aalct2** | State and local alcohol tax revenues, in millions of dollars | 1956–2011 | State and local alcohol tax revenues, in millions of dollars (values for subsequent fiscal year) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aslcash** | State and local government cash and security holdings, other than trust funds, in millions of dollars | 1995–2017 | State and local government cash and security holdings, other than trust funds, in millions of dollars (NASBO used to apply changes to estimate most recent years, in italics) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **apersinc** | Personal income in millions of dollars, fiscal year | 1957–2017 | Personal income in millions of dollars, fiscal year | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **apersinca** | Personal income, fiscal year, concept two | 2000–2017 | Personal income, fiscal year, concept two: apersinc + acapgain + aben – asupp | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **apersinccy** | Personal income in millions of dollars, calendar year | 1957–2016 | Personal income in millions of dollars, calendar year | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aasstpi** | Cash and security assets,  % of income | 1995–2017 | Cash and security assets, % of income (aslcash / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aasstpia** | Cash and security assets,  % of income, concept two | 2000–2017 | Cash and security assets, % of income, concept two (aslcash / apersinca) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aben** | Taxable pensions and annuity, millions of dollars, calendar year | 2004–2017 | Taxable pensions and annuity, millions of dollars, calendar year (carried forward as needed) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **acapgain** | Net capital gain, less loss, millions of dollars, calendar year | 2004–2017 | Net capital gain, less loss, millions of dollars, calendar year (carried forward as needed) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **achgt** | State and local revenues from current charges, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local revenues from current charges, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **acinct** | State and local corporate income tax revenues, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local corporate income tax revenues, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **acjarea** | Effective number of competing jurisdictions per 100 sq mi | 1977–2015 | Effective number of competing jurisdictions per 100 sq mi | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **acorrpi** | Corrections spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Corrections spending, % of income (acorrspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **acorrspt** | State and local government total corrections direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government total corrections direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **acredit** | State government credit rating, Standard & Poor’s | 2001–2016 | State government credit rating, Standard & Poor’s (0 = AAA, 1 = AA+, 2 = AA, 3 = AA-, 4 = A+, 5 = A,  6 = A-, 7 = BBB+, 8 = BBB) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **adebtpi** | Debt, % of income | 1957–2015 | Debt, % of income (asldebt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **adebtpia** | Debt, % of income, concept two | 2000–2015 | Debt, % of income, concept two (asldebt / apersinca) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **adjsppib** | Unexpected total spending, concept B | 1957–2010 | Unexpected total spending, concept B (residuals: atotpib on agrantspi) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **adjsppic** | Unexpected total spending, concept C | 1957–2010 | Unexpected total spending, concept C (residuals: atotpic on agrantspi) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aedpi** | Educational spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Educational spending, % of income (aedspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aedpia** | Unexpected education spending | 2000–2015 | Unexpected education spending (modified by agrantspi, aschlpr, equation derived from diff-in-diff estimates) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **aedspt** | State and local government total education, including education assistance, direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government total education, including education assistance, direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aencj** | Effective number of competing jurisdictions | 1977–2015 | Effective number of competing jurisdictions (weighted sum of general local jurisdictions, where own-source revenue share constitutes the weights) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aerpi** | Employee retirement spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Employee retirement spending, % of income (aerspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aerspt** | State and local government total employee retirement expenditure (benefit payments and withdrawals), in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government total employee retirement expenditure (benefit payments and withdrawals), in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aesapi** | Employment security spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Employment security spending, % of income (aesaspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aesaspt** | State and local government employment security/social insurance administration direct | 1957–2015 | State and local government employment security/social insurance administration direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | expenditure, in millions of dollars |  |  |  |
| **afcgapi** | Financial control and general administration spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Financial control and general administration spending, % of income (afcgaspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **afcgaspt** | State and local government financial control and general administration direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government financial control and general administration direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **afdec** | Fiscal decentralization: local government own-source  general revenues | 1957–2015 | Fiscal decentralization: local government own-source general revenues (charges, liquor store and utilities revenues, taxes, and miscellaneous revenue) divided by total state and local general revenues (charges, liquor store and utilities revenues, taxes, miscellaneous revenues, and federal intergovernmental expenditure) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **afgrant** | State and local revenues from federal government transfers, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local revenues from federal government transfers, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **agast** | State and local motor fuel tax revenues, in | 1957–2015 | State and local motor fuel tax revenues, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | millions of dollars |  |  |  |
| **agovemp** | Employees in government and government enterprises, in thousands | 1972–2016 | Employees in government and government enterprises, in thousands | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **agovempa** | Unexpected government employment | 1972–2010 | Unexpected government employment (residuals: agovempr on agrantspi) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **agovempr** | State and local government employment divided by private employment | 1972–2016 | State and local government employment divided by private employment | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **agpbpi** | Public building spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Public building spending, % of income (agpbspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **agpbspt** | State and local government general public buildings total expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government general public buildings total expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **agrantspi** | Federal grants,  % of income | 1957–2015 | Federal grants, % of income (afgrant / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ahcdpi** | Housing and community development spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Housing and community development spending, % of income (ahcdspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ahcdpia** | Unexpected housing spending | 1957–2015 | Unexpected housing spending (modified by agrantspi, equation derived from diff-in-diff estimates) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ahcdspt** | State and local government housing and community development direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government housing and community development direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ahealpi** | Health and hospitals spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Health and hospitals spending, % of income (ahealspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ahealpia** | Unexpected health and hospitals spending | 2000–2015 | Unexpected health and hospitals spending (modified by agrantspi, aeldpr, apovrate, equation derived from diff-in-diff estimates) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ahealspt** | State and local government total health and hospitals direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government total health and hospitals direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ahwypi** | Highway spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Highway spending, % of income (ahwyspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ahwypia** | Unexpected highway spending | 1957–2015 | Unexpected highway spending (modified by agrantspi, equation derived from diff-in-diff estimates) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ahwyspt** | State and local government total highways direct expenditure, in | 1957–2015 | State and local government total highways direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | millions of dollars |  |  |  |
| **aiinct** | State and local individual income tax revenues, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local individual income tax revenues, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aincalc** | State and local alcohol tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | 1957–2015 | State and local alcohol tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aincchg** | State and local revenues from current charges, as a percentage of personal income | 1957–2015 | State and local revenues from current charges, as a percentage of personal income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ainccinc** | State and local corporate income tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | 1957–2015 | State and local corporate income tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aincgas** | State and local motor fuel tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | 1957–2015 | State and local motor fuel tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aincgasa** | Unexpected gas taxes | 1957–2015 | Unexpected gas taxes (modified by apopdens, ln(apopdens), equation derived from diff-in-diff estimates) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ainciinc** | State and local individual income tax revenues, as a | 1957–2015 | State and local individual income tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | percentage of personal income |  |  |  |
| **ainclic** | State and local motor vehicle license tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | 1957–2015 | State and local motor vehicle license tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aincloc3** | Tax concept 3,  % of income, local government | 1957–2015 | Tax concept 3, % of income, local government | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aincloc4** | Tax concept 3,  % of income concept 2, local government | 2000–2015 | Tax concept 3, % of income concept 2, local government | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aincoth** | State and local revenues from other taxes, as a percentage of personal income | 1957–2015 | State and local revenues from other taxes, as a percentage of personal income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aincprop** | State and local property tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | 1957–2015 | State and local property tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aincsale** | State and local general sales tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | 1957–2015 | State and local general sales tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aincsel** | State and local other selective sales tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | 1957–2015 | State and local other selective sales tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **aincsev** | State revenues from severance taxes, as a percentage of personal income | 1957–2015 | State revenues from severance taxes, as a percentage of personal income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aincstat3** | Tax concept 3,  % of income, state government | 1957–2015 | Tax concept 3, % of income, state government | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aincstat4** | Tax concept 3,  % of income concept 2, state government | 2000–2017 | Tax concept 3, % of income concept 2, state government | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ainctob** | State and local tobacco tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | 1957–2015 | State and local tobacco tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ainctot** | State and local revenues from all taxes but not current charges, as a percentage of personal income | 1957–2015 | State and local revenues from all taxes but not current charges, as a percentage of personal income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ainctot2** | Tax concept 2,  % of income | 1957–2015 | Tax concept 2, % of income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ainctot3** | Tax concept 3,  % of income | 1957–2015 | Tax concept 3, % of income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ainctot4** | Tax concept 3,  % of income concept 2 | 2000–2015 | Tax concept 3, % of income concept 2 | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **aincutil** | State and local utility tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | 1957–2015 | State and local utility tax revenues, as a percentage of personal income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aintpi** | Interest on debt spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Interest on debt spending, % of income (aintspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aintspt** | State and local government interest on general debt, excluding utilities, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government interest on general debt, excluding utilities, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **algbc** | Local government budget constraints: local government  own-source general revenues divided by total local government general revenues | 1957–2015 | Local government budget constraints: local government own-source general revenues divided by total local government general revenues | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **alibpi** | Library spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Library spending, % of income (alibspt  / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **alibspt** | State and local government libraries direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government libraries direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **alict** | State and local motor vehicle license tax revenues, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local motor vehicle license tax revenues, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aloctot3** | Local revenues from all taxes but not current charges or gas, severance, alcohol, or tobacco taxes, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | Local revenues from all taxes but not current charges or gas, severance, alcohol, or tobacco taxes, in millions of dollars (local severance taxes assumed to be 0 in 2005 and before) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **anecpi** | Miscellaneous spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Miscellaneous spending, % of income (anecspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **anecspt** | State and local government general not- elsewhere- classified (including miscellaneous commercial activities) direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government general not-elsewhere-classified (including miscellaneous commercial activities) direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **anrpi** | Natural resources spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Natural resources spending, % of income (anrspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **anrpia** | Unexpected natural resources spending | 1957–2015 | Unexpected natural resources spending (modified by ln(apopdens), equation derived from diff-in-diff estimate) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **anrspt** | State and local government total natural resources direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government total natural resources direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aoilprice** | Annual average imported crude petroleum real price, dollars | 1977–2017 | Annual average imported crude petroleum real price, dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aoitpi** | Other in-trust spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Other in-trust spending, % of income (aoitspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aoitspt** | State and local government other insurance trust total expenditure, including workers compensation, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government other insurance trust total expenditure, including workers compensation, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aotht** | State and local revenues from other taxes, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local revenues from other taxes, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aparkpi** | Parks and recreation spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Parks and recreation spending, % of income (aparkspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aparkspt** | State and local government parks and recreation direct | 1957–2015 | State and local government parks and recreation direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | expenditure, in millions of dollars |  |  |  |
| **apkgpi** | Parking spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Parking spending, % of income (apkgspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **apkgspt** | State and local government parking direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government parking direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **apolpi** | Police, fire, regulatory spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Police, fire, regulatory spending, % of income | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **apolpia** | Unexpected police and fire spending | 1957–2015 | Unexpected police and fire spending (modified by agrantspi, equation derived from diff-in-diff estimate) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **apolspt** | State and local government police and fire protection and regulatory inspection direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government police and fire protection and regulatory inspection direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aprivate** | Private land ownership in square miles | 1957–2015 | Private land ownership in square miles (aland – apublic) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **apublic** | Federal and state land ownership in square miles, early 1990s | 1957–2015 | Federal and state land ownership in square miles, early 1990s | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **aprivemp** | Employees in private industry and farms, in thousands | 1972–2016 | Employees in private industry and farms, in thousands (atotemp – agovemp) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **apropt** | State and local property tax revenues, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local property tax revenues, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **apwpi** | Public welfare spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Public welfare spending, % of income (apwspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **apwpia** | Unexpected public welfare spending | 2000–2015 | Unexpected public welfare spending (modified by agrantspi, aeldpr, equation derived from diff-in-diff estimates) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **apwspt** | State and local government public welfare and veterans’ services direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government public welfare and veterans’ services direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **arevshg1** | Own-source revenue share of tier-one general local governments | 1977–2015 | Own-source revenue share of tier-one general local governments (share of all local general government own-source revenue) (carry-forward imputation between censuses) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **arevshg2** | Own-source revenue share of tier-two general local governments | 1977–2015 | Own-source revenue share of tier-two general local governments (share of all local general government own-source revenue) (carry-forward imputation between censuses) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **arevshg3** | Own-source revenue share of tier-three | 1977–2015 | Own-source revenue share of tier-three general local governments (share of all local general government own-source | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | general local governments |  | revenue) (carry-forward imputation between censuses) |  |
| **asalet** | State and local general sales tax revenues, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local general sales tax revenues, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **asanpi** | Sanitation and sewerage spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Sanitation and sewerage spending, % of income (asanspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **asanspt** | State and local government sanitation (sewerage and solid waste management) direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government sanitation (sewerage and solid waste management) direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aselt** | State and local other selective sales tax revenues, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local other selective sales tax revenues, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **asevt** | State and local revenues from severance taxes, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local revenues from severance taxes, in millions of dollars (for 1957–1967, imputed assuming constant ratio to “other taxes”) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **asldebt** | State and local government outstanding debt, long-term and short-term, | 1957–2015 | State and local government outstanding debt, long-term and short-term, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | in millions of dollars |  |  |  |
| **aslgci** | State and local government consumption and investment, in millions of dollars | 1967–2015 | State and local government consumption and investment, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aslgpi** | Government consumption and investment divided by calendar-year personal income | 1967–2015 | Government consumption and investment divided by calendar-year personal income (aslgci / apersinccy) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **astatemp** | Employees in state and local government, in thousands | 1972–2016 | Employees in state and local government, in thousands | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **astatetot3** | State revenues from all taxes but not current charges or gas, severance, alcohol, or tobacco taxes, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State revenues from all taxes but not current charges or gas, severance, alcohol, or tobacco taxes, in millions of dollars (NASBO used to apply changes in sales, personal income, and corporate income taxes to most recent years, in italics) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **asupp** | Supplements to wages and salaries, millions of dollars, fiscal year | 1957–2017 | Supplements to wages and salaries, millions of dollars, fiscal year | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **atobt** | State and local tobacco tax revenues, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local tobacco tax revenues, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **atotemp** | Total employees, in thousands | 1972–2016 | Total employees, in thousands | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **atotpi** | Total spending,  % of income | 1957–2015 | Total spending, % of income (atotspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **atotpib** | Total spending concept B, % of income | 1957–2015 | Total spending concept B, % of income (atotsptb / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **atotpic** | Total spending, concept C, % of income | 1957–2015 | Total spending, concept C, % of income (atotsptc / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **atotspt** | Total state and local government spending, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | Total state and local government spending, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **atotsptb** | Total state and local government spending, minus unemployment compensation, interest on general debt, other insurance trust, Alaska Permanent Fund Dividend payouts, and liquor store and utility expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | Total state and local government spending, minus unemployment compensation, interest on general debt, other insurance trust, Alaska Permanent Fund Dividend payouts, and liquor store and utility expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **atotsptc** | Total state and local government spending, minus current charges and unemployment compensation, interest on general debt, other insurance trust, Alaska Permanent Fund Dividend payouts, and liquor store and utility expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | Total state and local government spending, minus current charges and unemployment compensation, interest on general debt, other insurance trust, Alaska Permanent Fund Dividend payouts, and liquor store and utility expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **atott** | State and local revenues from all taxes but not current charges or gas taxes, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local revenues from all taxes but not current charges or gas taxes, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **atott2** | State and local revenues from all taxes but not current charges or gas taxes or severance taxes, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local revenues from all taxes but not current charges or gas taxes or severance taxes, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **atott3** | State and local revenues from all taxes but not | 1957–2015 | State and local revenues from all taxes but not current charges or gas, | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | current charges or gas, severance, alcohol, or tobacco taxes, in millions of dollars |  | severance, alcohol, or tobacco taxes, in millions of dollars |  |
| **aunempi** | Unemployment spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Unemployment spending, % of income (aunemspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **aunemspt** | State and local government unemployment compensation total expenditure (benefit payments), in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government unemployment compensation total expenditure (benefit payments), in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **autilpi** | Utilities spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Utilities spending, % of income (autilspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **autilspt** | State and local government liquor store and utility expenditure, including interest on debt, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government liquor store and utility expenditure, including interest on debt, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **autilt** | State and local utility tax revenues, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local utility tax revenues, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **awtpi** | Water transportation spending, % of income | 1957–2015 | Water transportation spending, % of income (awtspt / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **awtpia** | Unexpected water transportation spending | 1957–2015 | Unexpected water transportation spending (modified by acoast, equation derived from year-fixed-effects estimates) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **awtspt** | State and local government water transportation and sea and inland port facilities direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | 1957–2015 | State and local government water transportation and sea and inland port facilities direct expenditure, in millions of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **calctc** | State and local alcohol tax revenues, in millions of constant (2008) dollars | 1956–2011 | State and local alcohol tax revenues, in millions of constant (2008) dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ccpi** | Consumer price index, all items, annual | 2000–2014 | Consumer price index, all items, annual | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cliquor** | State liquor store revenue, in thousands of dollars, subsequent fiscal year | 1952–2012 | State liquor store revenue, in thousands of dollars, subsequent fiscal year | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cliquorc** | State liquor store revenue, in thousands of constant 2008 | 1952–2012 | State liquor store revenue, in thousands of constant 2008 dollars, subsequent fiscal year | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | dollars, subsequent fiscal year |  |  |  |
| **dgamrev** | Total state and local government revenues from taxes on receipts and licenses of amusements and pari-mutuels | 1957–2015 | Total state and local government revenues from taxes on receipts and licenses of amusements and pari- mutuels, in thousands of dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dgrpi** | Gaming revenues as a ratio of the economy | 1957–2015 | Gaming revenues as a ratio of the economy (times 1000): dgamrev / apersinc | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dgwin** | Commercial casino and racino win, revenue, or gross proceeds | 1957–2015 | Commercial casino and racino win, revenue, or gross proceeds (millions of dollars) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dgwinpi** | Casino and racino win as a percentage of the economy | 2000–2016 | Casino and racino win as a percentage of the economy (dgwin / apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dlwinpi** | Log casino and racino win as a percentage of log income | 2000–2016 | Log casino and racino win as a percentage of log income: ln(1 + dgwinpi) / ln(apersinc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **faccom** | Accommodation GDP divided by all GDP in  \*previous\* year | 2000–2013 | Accommodation GDP divided by all GDP in \*previous\* year (for imputation of land-use regulation) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fcpi** | State cost of living, index year 2007 | 2000–2007 | State cost of living, index year 2007 | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **fgastax** | Gasoline tax rate | 2000–2013 | (fgastax1 \* 201.6) / ccpi  Note: 201.6 = value of ccpi in 2006 | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fgastax1** | Gasoline tax rate per gallon in dollars | 2000–2013 | Gasoline tax rate per gallon in dollars, including sales, excise, storage, and franchise taxes | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fipd** | State implicit price deflator, index year 2008 | 2007–2013 | State implicit price deflator, index year 2008 | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fcpi** | State cost of living, index year 2007 | 2000–2007 | State cost of living, index year 2007 | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fpp** | State price parities | 2007–2013 | State price parities | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ogdp** | Real GDP, all industry total, millions of chained 2009 dollars | 2001–2016 | Real GDP, all industry total, millions of chained 2009 dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ogdpfin** | Real GDP, finance and insurance, millions of chained 2009 dollars | 2001–2016 | Real GDP, finance and insurance, millions of chained 2009 dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ogdphc** | Real GDP, healthcare and social assistance, millions of chained 2009 dollars | 2001–2016 | Real GDP, healthcare and social assistance, millions of chained 2009 dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ogdpman** | Real GDP, manufacturing, millions of | 2001–2016 | Real GDP, manufacturing, millions of chained 2009 dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | chained 2009 dollars |  |  |  |
| **ogdppc** | Real GDP per capita, excluding legal services | 2001–2015 | Real GDP per capita, excluding legal services | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **olegal** | Legal services share of GDP | 2001–2015 | Legal services share of GDP (olegalgdp / ogdp) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **olegalgdp** | Real GDP, legal services, millions of chained 2009 dollars | 2001–2015 | Real GDP, legal services, millions of chained 2009 dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

1. **Tax Policy**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **jobtaxcredit** | Tax incentives for job creation | 2016 | Does the state offer tax incentives or credits for job creation? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Francis, Norton. 2016. “State Tax Incentives for Economic Development.” The Urban Institute. [https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-](https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-incentives-economic-development) [incentives-economic-development](https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-incentives-economic-development) |
| **investtaxcredit** | Tax incentives for investment | 2016 | Does the state offer tax incentives or credits for investment? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Francis, Norton. 2016. “State Tax Incentives for Economic Development.” The Urban Institute. [https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-](https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-incentives-economic-development) [incentives-economic-development](https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-incentives-economic-development) |
| **ezonetaxcredit** | Tax incentives for enterprise zones | 2016 | Does the state offer tax incentives or credits for enterprise zones? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Francis, Norton. 2016. “State Tax Incentives for Economic Development.” The Urban Institute. [https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-](https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-incentives-economic-development) [incentives-economic-development](https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-incentives-economic-development) |
| **agtaxcredit** | Tax incentives for agricultural activities | 2016 | Does the state offer tax incentives or credits for agriculture? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Francis, Norton. 2016. “State Tax Incentives for Economic Development.” The Urban Institute. [https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-](https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-incentives-economic-development) [incentives-economic-development](https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-incentives-economic-development) |
| **techtaxcredit** | Tax incentives for technology | 2016 | Does the state offer tax incentives or credits for technology? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Francis, Norton. 2016. “State Tax Incentives for Economic Development.” The Urban Institute. [https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-](https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-incentives-economic-development) [incentives-economic-development](https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-incentives-economic-development) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **manutaxcredit** | Tax incentives for manufacturing | 2016 | Does the state offer tax incentives or credits for manufacturing? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Francis, Norton. 2016. “State Tax Incentives for Economic Development.” The Urban Institute. [https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-](https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-incentives-economic-development) [incentives-economic-development](https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-incentives-economic-development) |
| **filmtaxcredit** | Tax incentives for the film industry | 1992–2009;  2016 | Does the state offer tax incentives or credits for the film industry? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Francis, Norton. 2016. “State Tax Incentives for Economic Development.” The Urban Institute. [https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-](https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-incentives-economic-development) [incentives-economic-development](https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-incentives-economic-development)  Mallinson, Daniel J. “Building a better speed trap: Measuring policy adoption speed in the American states.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 16.1 (2016): 98-120.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **eireport** | State has a tax expenditure report or a more comprehensive incentives report | 2016 | Does the state release a tax expenditure report, or a more comprehensive tax incentives report with performance metrics (or neither)? (0 = neither, 1 = expenditure report, 2 = incentives report) | Francis, Norton. 2016. “State Tax Incentives for Economic Development.” The Urban Institute. [https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-](https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-incentives-economic-development) [incentives-economic-development](https://www.urban.org/research/publication/state-tax-incentives-economic-development) |
| **corporate\_incom etax** | Corporate income tax | 1936–1940 | Is there a corporate income tax? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **earned\_income\_t axcredit** | Earned income tax credit | 1988–2014 | Does the state have an earned income tax credit? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **estate\_tax** | Estate tax | 2009–2014 | Is there a state estate tax? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **income\_taxes** | Income tax | 1936–2014 | Does the state have an income tax? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **sales\_taxes\_bina ry\_pre1946** | Sales tax | 1936–1945 | Does the state have a sales tax? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **x\_sales\_taxes** | Sales tax rate | 1946–2014 | What is the sales tax rate? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB  For 2019: “State Sales Tax Rates” (provided by the Sales Tax Institute) <https://www.salestaxinstitute.com/resources/rates> |
| **x\_tax\_burden** | Tax burden | 1977–2010 | What is the state’s tax burden (per capita taxes/per capita income)? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **x\_tax\_rate\_rich** | Income tax rate—wealthy | 1977–2012 | What is the state individual income tax rate for an individual who makes more than 1.5 million real dollars? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **x\_top\_corporatei ncometaxrate** | Top corporate tax rate | 1941–2014 | What is the top corporate tax rate? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB  For 2019: “Facts and Figures 2019: How Does Your State Compare?” (provided by The Tax Foundation) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | [https://files.taxfoundation.org/20190715165329/Facts-Figures-2019-How-](https://files.taxfoundation.org/20190715165329/Facts-Figures-2019-How-Does-Your-State-Compare.pdf) [Does-Your-State-Compare.pdf](https://files.taxfoundation.org/20190715165329/Facts-Figures-2019-How-Does-Your-State-Compare.pdf) |
| **federal\_lien\_regi stration\_act** | Allows federal tax liens to be filed in an office designated by the law of the state in which the property subject to the lien is situated | 1968–1998 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **gastax** | State gas tax | 1919–1929 | Did state adopt a state gas tax? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **inctax** | State income tax | 1916–1937 | Did state adopt a state income tax? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **lien** | Lien statutes | 1995–1999 | Did state adopt lien statutes? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **tels** | Tax and expenditure limits | 1976–1994 | Did state adopt tax and expenditure limits (TELs)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **inflation** | Inflation rate | 1978-2017 | Annual inflation rate in the state and year | Hazell, Jonathon, Juan Herreño, Emi Nakamura, and Jón Steinsson. The slope of the Phillips Curve: evidence from US states. No. w28005. National Bureau of Economic Research, 2020. |
| **inflation\_nt** | Inflation rate in non-tradeable sector | 1978-2017 | Annual inflation rate in the non-tradeable sector in state and year | Hazell, Jonathon, Juan Herreño, Emi Nakamura, and Jón Steinsson. The slope of the Phillips Curve: evidence from US states. No. w28005. National Bureau of Economic Research, 2020. |
| **inflation\_t** | Inflation rate in tradeable sector | 1978-2017 | Annual inflation rate in the tradeable sector in state and year | Hazell, Jonathon, Juan Herreño, Emi Nakamura, and Jón Steinsson. The slope of the Phillips Curve: evidence from US states. No. w28005. National Bureau of Economic Research, 2020. |

1. **Government**
2. **Governmental Policies**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **regulations\_hom erule** | Municipal home rule | 1936–1961 | Enables cities to adopt a home rule charter that acts as the city’s basic governing document over local issues (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **legpre** | Legislative pre- planning agency | 1933–1972 | Did state adopt a legislative pre- planning agency? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **missplan** | Missouri Plan | 1940–1976 | Did state adopt the Missouri Plan (judges chosen by nonpartisan committee)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **norealid** | State policy to refuse to comply with 2005 Federal Real ID Act | 2007–2009 | Did state adopt state policy to refuse to comply with 2005 Federal Real ID Act? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **recipsup** | Reciprocal support law | 1934–1959 | Did state adopt a reciprocal support law? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **stplnb** | State planning board | 1933–1959 | Did state adopt a state planning board? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **termlim** | Legislative term limits | 1990–2000 | Did state adopt legislative term limits? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **appointment\_of\_ commissioners** | Creates commission on uniform state laws, and procedure to appoint commissioners | 1921–1955 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **facsimile\_signatu res\_of\_public\_o** | Permits the use of facsimile signatures by public officials whose signature to a public security or instrument of payment is required or permitted | 1958–1999 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **faithful\_presiden tial\_electors\_a** | Require delegates in Electoral College to vote in accordance with voters | 2011–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **management\_of\_ public\_employee**  **\_re** | Provide legal rules that permit public employee retirement systems to invest their funds in the most productive and secure manner | 2005 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **military\_and\_ov erseas\_voters\_ac t** | Simplifies absentee voting for military and civilians abroad | 2011–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **model\_state\_ad ministrative\_pro ce** | Provides procedures for promulgating administrative regulations | 1968–1986 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **prudent\_manage ment\_of\_instituti o** | Requires prudent and diverse investments of state funds | 2007–2012 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **real\_property\_el ectronic\_recordi** | Give county clerks and recorders the legal authority to prepare for electronic recording of real property instruments | 2005–2016 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **registered\_agent s\_act\_model\_20** | Provides states with one registration procedure for registered agents | 2007–2012 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **drecord** | Two-party consent laws for recording public officials | 2006–2014 | Two-party consent laws for recording public officials? (0 = no, 0.5 = statute contains exception when conversation happens in a public place/where there is little expectation of privacy/in person, 1 = yes, illegal to record public officials without their consent) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

1. **Institutions and Elected Officials**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **yrstatehd** | Year gained statehood | 1913–2010 | The year that the state gained statehood | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **acounty** | Number of county governments | 1977–2015 | Number of county governments (carry- forward imputation between censuses) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **amuni** | Number of municipal governments | 1977–2015 | Total number of municipal level governments in state (carry-forward imputation between censuses) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **atown** | Number of township governments | 1977–2015 | Total number of township level governments in state (carry-forward imputation between censuses) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **agen1** | Number of general county or county-like governments, such as independent cities | 1977–2015 | Number of general county or county- like governments, such as independent cities (carry-forward imputation between censuses) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **agen2** | Number of general second- tier local governments, non-overlapping | 1977–2015 | Number of general second-tier local governments, non-overlapping (carry- forward imputation between censuses) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **agen3** | Number of general third-tier local governments | 1977–2015 | Number of general third-tier local governments (carry-forward imputation between censuses) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gov\_employ** | Ranking of number of government employees | 1992–2012 | Ranking of states in order of fewest government employees as a share of population, to most. | Pallay, Geoff. 2012. *Ballotpedia* and *The Lucy Burns Institute*. |
| **constitution\_ado pted** | Constitution adopted | 1900–2015 | Was a new state constitution adopted this year? | The Council of State Governments. 2017. “General Information on State Constitutions.” *The Book of the States.* |
| **current\_constitu tion\_length** | Constitution length | 2016 | The estimated length of the current state constitution | The Council of State Governments. 2017. “General Information on State Constitutions.” *The Book of the States.* |
| **amendments\_su bmitted** | Amendments submitted | 2016 | Number of amendments to the constitution submitted to voters | The Council of State Governments. 2017. “General Information on State Constitutions.” *The Book of the States.* |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | Note: Amendments are not submitted to voters in Delaware. |  |
| **amendments\_ad opted** | Amendments adopted | 2016 | Number of amendments to the constitution adopted | The Council of State Governments. 2017. “General Information on State Constitutions.” *The Book of the States.* |
| **prez\_election\_ye ar** | Presidential election year dummy | 1925–2016 | Dummy: 1 = presidential election year. 0 = else. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **weird5** | Even-numbered year biennium dummy | 1925–2016 | Dummy variable: one of the five states that had their bienniums start in even numbered years for some part of the period. This includes KY after it switched to even-year elections for the state legislature. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **weird5\_b** | Even-numbered year biennium dummy (no KY) | 1925–2016 | Dummy variable: one of the five states that had their bienniums start in even numbered years for some part of the period. This doesn’t include KY after it switched to even-year elections for the state legislature. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **biennium** | First year of the biennium | 1925–2016 | First year of the biennium a year belongs to. Bienniums are thought to start in the year after an election in (often) even-numbered years. For example, 1971-1972 is the biennium in OR after the 1970 election. Then “1971” would appear in both 1971 and 1972 for OR. This includes KY after it switched to even-year elections for the state legislature. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **biennium\_b** | First year of the biennium (no KY) | 1925–2016 | First year of the biennium a year belongs to. Bienniums are thought to start in the year after an election in (often) even numbered years. For example, 1971-1972 is the biennium in OR after the 1970 election. Then “1971” would appear in both 1971 and 1972 for OR. This considers KY a | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | “normal state” after it switched to even-year elections for the state legislature. |  |
| **biennium\_first\_y ear** | Biennium first year dummy | 1925–2016 | Dummy variable: first year of a biennium. Note: these bienniums are set up in a way that defines the year after the election as the first year of the biennium. This is based off of biennium, not biennium\_b. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **biennium\_secon d\_year** | Biennium second year dummy | 1925–2016 | Dummy variable: second year of a biennium. Note: these bienniums are set up in a way that defines the year after the election as the first year of the biennium. This is based off of biennium, not biennium\_b. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **govname1** | Governor name 1 | 1925–2016 | Governor’s name from first source | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **govname1\_sour** | Governor name source 1 | 1925–2016 | Source of information in govname1, and other notes about when governors assumed office. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **govname1\_date** | Governor name source 1 date | 1925–2016 | Date of source for govname1. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **govname2** | Governor name 2 | 1925–2016 | Governor’s name from first source | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **govname2\_sour** | Governor name source 2 | 1925–2016 | Source of information in govname2, and other notes about when governors assumed office. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **govname2\_date** | Governor name source 2 date | 1925–2016 | Date of source for govname2. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **govname2\_notes** | Governor name source notes | 1925–2016 | Notes about govname from source2. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **gub\_election** | Gubernatorial election year dummy | 1936–2015 | Dummy: 1 = gubernatorial election in that year. Blank = none. This puts the election year into the calendar year it was held in. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **gub\_election\_reg ime** | Calendar year for next gubernatorial election | 1936–2015 | Calendar year in which the next gubernatorial election will be held. In an election year, this variable will be equal to “year.” | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **gov\_midyear\_ch ange\_date** | Date of gubernatorial change for “non- standard” departures | 1936–2010 | Date of mid-year change in governors, if the governor left office at a “non- standard” time, except for LA. “Non- standard” means because of death, resignation, or impeachment. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **gov\_midyear\_ch ange\_month** | Month of gubernatorial change | 1936–2010 | Number of month in the year from gov\_midyear\_change\_date. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **gov\_midyear\_ch ange\_day** | Day of gubernatorial change | 1936–2010 | Day of the month from gov\_midyear\_change\_date. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **gov\_midyear\_ch ange\_ordinal\_da y** | Day of year of gubernatorial change | 1936–2010 | Day of the year from gov\_midyear\_change\_date. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **gov\_midyear\_ch ange\_a** | Dummy for gubernatorial change for “non- standard” departures | 1936–2010 | 1 = gov\_midyear\_change\_date has a date in it, blank = doesn’t. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **budget\_pass2011**  **\_04\_20** | Budget passed dummy | 1958–2010 | Dummy: 1 = budget passed in this year. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **when\_leg\_met20 11\_04\_13** | Dates legislature met | Various | Dates legislature met. Only input if mid-year change in governor.  Incomplete. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **gov\_midyear\_ch ange\_b** | Gubernatorial mid-year change before election dummy | 1961–2010 | 1 = governor changes mid-year. Mid- year for this variable means that the governor came in before the November election, or when a November election could have been in the case of a non- election year. Note non-standard election dates for Louisiana, and how | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | these influence decisions specified in gov\_midyear\_change\_b\_note. 0 = else. |  |
| **gov\_midyear\_ch ange\_b\_note** | Gubernatorial mid-year change before election notes | 1961–2010 | Note about gov\_midyear\_change\_b | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **new\_gov\_b** | New governor (non-incumbent) dummy | 1961–2011 | A new governor has come into office starting in the year marked with a one. This is marked “1” in the year after a November election (i.e., if a new governor was elected in 1984, 1985 is coded “1”). If there was a mid-year switch, the year of the switch is coded with a “1,” except if the switch comes after election time (early November), in which case this variable is coded “1” in the next calendar year. If a new governor comes into office that year, they are still coded as new even if they were a past governor. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **past\_gov** | Past governor variable | 1961–2010 | Governor has served in the past, with someone serving in between. 1= served once in the past with someone else in between. Only coded for the first year of a gubernatorial administration (i.e., new\_gov\_b = 1). 2 = served twice in the past with two periods in between. Only coded for the first year of a gubernatorial administration (i.e., new\_gov\_b = 1). 3 = judgment call, see note in past\_gov\_note. Blank = either missing, or didn’t serve in the past. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **past\_gov\_note** | Past governor notes | 1961–2010 | Note about past\_gov. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **gov\_midyear\_ch ange\_c** | Gubernatorial change before budget passed | 1961–2010 | 1 = governor changes mid-year, from the perspective of the budget. If the new governor comes in before the budget is passed, then this gets a “1,” | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | “0” if after the budget is passed. If the governor comes in very early in the year, before the session starts, or if only a few days were held, this gets a score of “0.” 0 = else. 2 = missing data. Note: this variable is identical to gov\_midyear\_change\_b, but altered from 1 to 0 when appropriate because of when the budget passes.  Explanations for these changes can be found in the variable gov\_midyear\_change\_c\_note. |  |
| **gov\_midyear\_ch ange\_c\_note** | Gubernatorial change before budget passed notes | 1961–2010 | Note about gov\_midyear\_change\_c | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **new\_gov\_c** | New governor before budget passed dummy | 1961–2010 | Note: this variable is identical to new\_gov\_b, but altered from 1 to 0 when appropriate because of mid-year changes in the governor in light of when the budget passes. If a budget didn’t pass in the first year that a governor came in, the case in the next year is coded “1” instead. 2 = missing data | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **new\_gov\_d** | New governor (non-incumbent) before budget dummy (modified for past serving governors) | 1961–2010 | Dummy: 1 = new governor this year. Cases where an incoming governor served in the past aren’t included in scores of “1.” 0 = else. Note: this variable is identical to new\_gov\_c, but altered from 1 to 0 when appropriate because the new governor has served in the past. 2 = missing data | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **fracleg\_old\_vari able** | Fraction of days legislature met | Various | Fraction of days when the legislature was in session that the governor serving in the earlier part of the year was in office. Incomplete variable | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **fracleg\_old\_vari able\_note** | Note for fraction of days legislature met | Various | Note about why fracleg got the value that it did. Incomplete variable | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **years\_served** | Number of years served by governor | 1959–2010 | Number of years that the governor has served. The variable indicates their experience at the beginning of the year. If a governor came back to office, their counter began where it left off before. If someone came in mid-year (not in Jan or Dec) the governor that was in office when the budget passed was used for the figure. If someone came in at some fraction of the year (i.e., July 1st) they were given the credit of a fraction of their experience (i.e., .5) in the next year they served. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **budgets\_oversee n** | Number of budgets overseen by governor | 1959–2010 | Number of budgets that the governor has overseen. If a governor leaves and comes back, the budgets they oversaw in the past are also counted. In the first year they oversee a budget, they get a code of “0.” | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **years\_served\_bu dgets\_overseen\_ note** | Notes about number of budgets overseen by governor | 1959–2010 | Notes about the number of years served and budgets\_overseen. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **term\_length** | Term length | 1956–2004 | Number of years in governor’s term (means that in that year the governor is having that type of term, in length). | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **years\_left\_in\_ter m** | Years left in governor’s term | 1956–2004 | Number of years left in the governor’s term. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **limit\_exists** | Dummy for gubernatorial term limit | 1960–2009 | A gubernatorial term limit exists by law at this time, no matter how many terms the present governor has served. 1 = yes, 0 = no | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **limit\_type** | Type of term limit | 1959–2009 | Type of term limit. 0 = there is no term limit. 1 = there is a one-term limit. 2 = there is a two-term limit. 3 = there is a three-term limit. This is from the data file “GovTermLimits.” | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Sources for 1997 to 2002; Book of the States, used further research (noted in source file file) in the case of ID and MA because they had changes to their laws. |
| **term\_limit\_lengt h\_uncertainty** | Term limit uncertainty dummy | 1959–2009 | 0 = term limit is known because it was looked up from documents, etc. 1 = assumption was made that term limit in an earlier year was the same as the earliest year term limit law was known. Note: I did check to see if there were inconsistencies between the coding of “term\_length” and which governors were in office (for example, if there was a two-term governor in a state I coded as having a one-term term limit). | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **years\_left\_before**  **\_limit** | Years left before governor’s term limit | 1960 –2010 | Number of years left before the governor’s term limit. This takes into account how states individually deal with partial terms, governors that come back after taking time off, and transition rules. The numerous sources for this information are in the codebook “GovTermLimits-Notes” under variable trli0005. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Note: Could not always find out if a state had transition rules that applied to the sitting governor. In these cases, author merely assumed that a governor who was sitting in a state with a one term term limit when a constitutional amendment passed creating a two term term limit would be eligible for a second term. If a governor was sitting in a state with no term limits, when a constitutional amendment passed that created a two term term limit author assumed that the counter would start when the constitutional amendment passed. Some of the state specific notes for this variable may not appear below, but in the document “GovTermLimits-PrimaryDocuments.” If the term limit in NC in 1997 was an absolute limit, then James B. Hunt could have never served a second time. Therefore, the limit is on consecutive terms, and his clock starts from the beginning. |
| **years\_left\_before**  **\_limit\_note** | Years left before governor’s term limit notes | 1960–2010 | Notes about term limits. Grandfather clauses and other information. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **years\_left\_before**  **\_limit\_uncertain** | Uncertainty around years left before | 1960 –2010 | 1 = some uncertainty about the number of years left before a term limit because | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | governor’s term limit |  | I’m unsure of how partial terms count toward the limit. |  |
| **lame\_duck\_last\_ term** | Last term for governor | 1960–2010 | Governor is in the last term before his term limit, i.e., he or she is a lame duck. 1 = governor is a lame duck. 0 = governor is not a lame duck. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **lame\_duck\_last\_ year** | Last year of term for governor | 1960–2010 | Dummy: 1 = governor is in their last year before a term limit. 0 = else. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **lame\_duck\_last\_ 2nd\_to\_last\_year** | Second to last year of term for governor | 1960–2010 | Dummy: 1 = governor is in their second to last year before a term limit. 0 = else. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **lame\_duck\_notes** | Notes about lame duck | 1960–2010 | Notes about why the lame\_duck variables were coded the way they were. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **femgov** | Female governor | 1956–2006 | Dummy: 1 = female, 0 = male. This was coded based on the first name of the governor. If there was doubt, an internet search was done to ascertain their gender. One source: [http://www.guide2womenleaders.com/](http://www.guide2womenleaders.com/Governors1920.htm) [Governors1920.htm](http://www.guide2womenleaders.com/Governors1920.htm) | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **femgov\_notes** | Notes about coding of female governor | 1968–2007 | Note about the coding of “femgov.” | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **stateleg** | Governor served in legislature dummy | 1971–2006 | Dummy: Member served in the state legislature. 1 = yes, 0 = no. A search was done through supplement #1 to the Book of States 12 years before their arrival to the governor’s office. They may have been in the state legislature before that time, but they would receive a score of “0” if so. For consistency, when governors were found in state legislatures before the twelve-year cutoff, and not after, they did not receive a code of “1.” | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **stateleg\_sour** | Source of legislative info about governor | 1971–2006 | Source for stateleg | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **congmem** | Governor served in U.S. House or Senate | 1971–2006 | Dummy: Members served in the U.S. House of Representatives or the U.S. Senate. 1 = yes, 0 = no. No time cutoff for this variable. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Source was often <http://bioguide.congress.gov/biosearch/biosearch.asp>. |
| **congmem\_sour** | Source of congressional info about governor | 1971–2006 | Source for “congmem.” | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **stateleg\_congme m\_notes** | Notes about legislative or congressional info on governor | 1971–2006 | Notes about stateleg or congmem | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **legexper** | Governor served in state legislature or  U.S. Congress | 1971–2006 | Dummy: 1 = members served in either the state legislature or U.S. Congress. 0  = else. Computed from stateleg and congmem. Gives fractions sometimes when there was a mid-year switch in governor. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **party\_midyear\_c hange** | State year with governors from different parties | 1961–2010 | Year had governors of two different parties in it. A year doesn’t include normal transitions (that obviously are rarely on January 1st), or abnormal transition that occur early in the year. If it happened late enough in the year (after a November election would have been), that’s not considered a mid-year change. Dummy variable: 1 = yes, blank = no. This variable appears to be incomplete. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **party\_midyear\_c hange\_direction** | Direction of governor party change | 1961–2010 | -1 = change was from Democrat to Republican. 1 = change was from Republican to Democrat. Blank = no change. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **govparty\_a** | Party of governor | 1937–2011 | Party of the governor; 0 = Republican, 1 = Democrat, .5 = non-major party governor. When the party of the governor changes mid-year (eight cases), the fraction of the year with a Democratic governor is put in as a value. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: This is govparty from StateElections\_PartisanBalance1937to2011\_2011\_03\_22.xls. However, years are put in “government style.” For example, if a Democrat replaces a Republican in the 1988 election, “R” goes into 1988, and “D” goes into 1989.  Source 1937 to 1958; Congressional Quarterly. 1998. Gubernatorial Elections, 1787-1997. Washington, DC: Congressional Quarterly, Inc. Source 1959 to 2009: Klarner, state partisan balance, for\_use file. Source 2010: Directory I, 2009. Source 2011: [http://www.ballotpedia.org/wiki/index.php/2010\_gubernatorial\_electoral\_res](http://www.ballotpedia.org/wiki/index.php/2010_gubernatorial_electoral_results) [ults](http://www.ballotpedia.org/wiki/index.php/2010_gubernatorial_electoral_results) |
| **party\_midbienni um\_change** | Biennium with two different parties dummy | 1925–2011 | Biennium had governors of two different parties in it. Dummy variable: 1 = yes, blank = no. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **party\_midbienni um\_change\_dire ction** | Direction of change of party in biennium | 1925–2011 | -1 = change was from Democrat to Republican. 1 = change was from Republican to Democrat. Blank = no change. This is put into the year of the biennium that saw the change if this is a mid-year change also. This is put into both years of the biennium if the change took place from the first year of the biennium to the second. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **govparty\_b** | Party of governor for governor if mid- year switch | 1937–2011 | This is the same as govparty\_a, except that when there is a mid-year switch in the party of the governor, the party of the governor during the November election is used. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **govparty\_b\_2** | Party of governor for governor if mid- year switch recoded | 1937–2011 | Same as govparty\_b, except recoded. Democrat = 1, Republican = -1, non- major party governor = 0. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **state\_midterm\_p enalty** | Midterm penalty | 1937–2011 | 0 = gubernatorial election in that year, or no gubernatorial election, and a non- | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | major party governor in office during the election. 1 = no gubernatorial election, and a Democratic governor in office. -1 = no gubernatorial election, and a Republican governor in office. Same as govparty\_b\_2, except recoded “0” when gub\_election=1. |  |
| **govparty\_c** | Party of governor when budget passed | 1937–2011 | Party of the governor; 0 = Republican, 1 = Democrat, .5 = non-major party governor. When the party of the governor changes mid-year, the party of the governor when the budget passed was used. When there was no budget passed, the party of the governor  during the November election (or when the election would have been held) was used. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **gov\_non\_maj\_pt y** | Governor isn’t from major party | 1937–2011 | 1 = governor isn’t a Democrat or a Republican. 0 = governor is a Democrat or is a Republican. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **gub\_party\_chan ge** | Party change of governor | 1937–2011 | Dummy: 1 = party of the governor has changed since the beginning of last year. 0 = hasn’t. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **gov\_pty\_change\_ since\_last\_budge t** | Party change of governor since budget passed | 1937–2011 | 1 = governor changed from R to D since last time a budget was passed. -1  = governor changed from D to R since last time a budget was passed. 0 = no change. -.5 and .5 = some change to or from a non-major party governor.  Blank = no budget was passed in that year. Computed by: sorted by Budget\_Pass2011\_04\_13, then stateno, then year. Then differenced gov\_party\_c. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **years\_since\_othe r\_party** | Years since other party in governorship | 1937–2010 | Years since other party variable. A count variable saying 1) how many years the Democrats have been in power (expressed by a positive | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | number) or 2) how many years the Republicans have been in power (multiplied by -1). For years between 1936 and the first time after that year there was a switch in the party of the governor, the count is from the year 1936. When there has been an independent, zeros are entered. Based off of gov\_party\_c |  |
| **open\_bcs\_term\_l imit** | Open seat due to term limit | 1937–2010 | Dummy: 1 = seat is open because of a term limit, and a Democrat was in office immediately beforehand. -1 = seat is open because of a term limit, and a Republican was in office immediately beforehand. 0 = else. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Governors Dataset”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PQ0Y1N) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **gov\_motive\_achi evement** | Governor achievement motive score | 1993 | Frequency of motive imagery relating to achievement (“the desire for excellence”) used in inaugural address, expressed in terms of frequency per 1000 words. | Ferguson, Margaret R., and Jay Barth. “Governors in the Legislative Arena: The Importance of Personality in Shaping Success.” *Political Psychology* 23.4 (2002): 787–808. |
| **gov\_motive\_pow er** | Governor power motive score | 1993 | Frequency of motive imagery relating to power (“desire for prestige and influence on others”) used in inaugural address, expressed in terms of frequency per 1000 words. | Ferguson, Margaret R., and Jay Barth. “Governors in the Legislative Arena: The Importance of Personality in Shaping Success.” *Political Psychology* 23.4 (2002): 787–808. |
| **gov\_motive\_affili ation\_intimacy** | Governor affiliation- intimacy motive score | 1993 | Frequency of motive imagery relating to affiliation-intimacy (“desire for close relations with other humans”) used in inaugural address, expressed in terms of frequency per 1000 words. | Ferguson, Margaret R., and Jay Barth. “Governors in the Legislative Arena: The Importance of Personality in Shaping Success.” *Political Psychology* 23.4 (2002): 787–808. |
| **sen\_elections\_thi s\_year** | State senate elections this year | 1937–2011 | Dummy: 1 = 19% or more of seats up, 0 = Fewer than 19% up | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **sen\_dem\_in\_sess** | Number of Democratic state senators | 1937–2015 | Total number of Democrats in the state senate this session | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Book of the States [(https://knowledgecenter.csg.org/kc/category/content-](https://knowledgecenter.csg.org/kc/category/content-type/content-type/book-states) [type/content-type/book-states](https://knowledgecenter.csg.org/kc/category/content-type/content-type/book-states)) See chapter 3, Table 3.3 for information about legislators; 2011 to 2015 |
| **sen\_rep\_in\_sess** | Number of Republican state senators | 1937–2011 | Total number of Republicans in the state senate this session | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **sen\_ind\_in\_sess** | Number of non- major-party state senators | 1937–2011 | Total number of non-Democrats or Republicans in the state senate this session | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **sen\_vac\_in\_sess** | Number of vacant senate seats | 1937–2011 | Number of vacant seats in the state senate this session | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **sen\_tot\_in\_sess** | Total number of state senators | 1937–2015 | Total number of state senators this session | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Book of the States [(https://knowledgecenter.csg.org/kc/category/content-](https://knowledgecenter.csg.org/kc/category/content-type/content-type/book-states) [type/content-type/book-states](https://knowledgecenter.csg.org/kc/category/content-type/content-type/book-states)) See chapter 3, Table 3.3 for information about legislators; 2011 to 2015 |
| **sen\_cont\_alt** | Party in control of state senate | 1937–2011 | 1 = Democrats, 0 = Republicans, .5 = split | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **hs\_elections\_this**  **\_year** | State house elections this year | 1937–2011 | Dummy: 1 = 19% or more of seats up, 0 = fewer than 19% up | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **hs\_dem\_in\_sess** | Number of Democratic state representatives | 1937–2015 | Total number of Democrats in the state house this session | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Book of the States [(https://knowledgecenter.csg.org/kc/category/content-](https://knowledgecenter.csg.org/kc/category/content-type/content-type/book-states) [type/content-type/book-states](https://knowledgecenter.csg.org/kc/category/content-type/content-type/book-states)) See chapter 3, Table 3.3 for information about legislators; 2011 to 2015 |
| **hs\_rep\_in\_sess** | Number of Republican state representatives | 1937–2011 | Total number of Republicans in the state house this session | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **hs\_ind\_in\_sess** | Number of non- major-party state representatives | 1937–2011 | Total number of non-Democrats or Republicans in the state house this session | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hs\_vac\_in\_sess** | Number of vacant house seats | 1937–2011 | Number of vacant seats in the state house this session | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **hs\_tot\_in\_sess** | Total number of state representatives | 1937–2015 | Total number of state house members this session | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Book of the States [(https://knowledgecenter.csg.org/kc/category/content-](https://knowledgecenter.csg.org/kc/category/content-type/content-type/book-states) [type/content-type/book-states](https://knowledgecenter.csg.org/kc/category/content-type/content-type/book-states)) See chapter 3, Table 3.3 for information about legislators; 2011 to 2015 |
| **hs\_cont\_alt** | Party in control of state senate | 1937–2011 | 1 = Democrats, 0 = Republicans, .5 = tie | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **veto\_override\_pr op** | Threshold for a veto override | 1937–2011 | Proportion of legislators needed to override governor veto | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **veto\_override\_pr op\_elected** | Who does override proportion pertain to? | 1937–2011 | Who does override proportion pertain to? Dummy: 1 = elected senators, 0 = present senators | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **leg\_cont** | Democrats’ power of the legislature | 1937–2011 | 1 = Democrats control both chambers; 0 = Democrats control neither chamber; .5 = Democrats control one chamber, .25 = Democrats split control of one chamber, .75 = Democrats control one chamber and split control of the other | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **split\_leg** | Is there a split legislature? | 1937–2011 | Dummy: 1 = chambers are not controlled by same party, 0 = else | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **divided\_gov** | Is there divided government? | 1937–2011 | Dummy: 1 = two chambers of legislature and governorship are not all controlled by same party, 0 = same party controls all three institutions | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **sen\_dem\_prop\_a ll** | Proportion of Democrats in the senate | 1937–2011 | Proportion of state senate seats held by Democrats | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **sen\_rep\_prop\_al l** | Proportion of Republicans in the senate | 1937–2011 | Proportion of state senate seats held by Republicans | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hs\_dem\_prop\_all** | Proportion of Democrats in the house | 1937–2011 | Proportion of state house seats held by Democrats | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **hs\_rep\_prop\_all** | Proportion of Republicans in the house | 1937–2011 | Proportion of state house seats held by Republicans | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **per\_leg\_of\_govs\_ pty** | Percent of legislature from governor’s party | 1937–2011 | Percent of legislature across the two chambers that are of the same party as the governor | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **dem\_veto\_proof** | Do Democrats have enough members in both chambers to override a governor’s veto? | 1937–2011 | Dummy: 1 = yes, 0 = no | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **rep\_veto\_proof** | Do Republicans have enough members in both chambers to override a governor’s veto? | 1937–2011 | Dummy: 1 = yes, 0 = no | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **dem\_unified** | Is there a unified Democratic government? | 1937–2011 | Dummy: 1 = Democrats control both legislative chambers and governorship, 0 = else | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **rep\_unified** | Is there a unified Republican government? | 1937–2011 | Dummy: 1 = Republicans control both legislative chambers and governorship, 0 = else | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “State Partisan Balance Data, 1937–2011”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/LZHMG3) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **hou\_chamber** | State house ideological median | 1993–2016 | State house ideological median. Scale is -1 (liberal) to +1 (conservative). | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **sen\_chamber** | State senate ideological median | 1993–2016 | State senate ideological median. Scale is -1 (liberal) to +1 (conservative). | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **hou\_dem** | State house Democratic | 1993–2016 | State house Democratic party ideological median. Scale is -1 (liberal) to +1 (conservative). | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | party ideological median |  |  |  |
| **hou\_rep** | State house Republican party ideological median | 1993–2016 | State house Republican party ideological median. Scale is -1 (liberal) to +1 (conservative). | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **hou\_majority** | State house majority party ideological median | 1993–2016 | State house majority party ideological median. Scale is -1 (liberal) to +1 (conservative). | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **sen\_dem** | State senate Democratic party ideological median | 1993–2016 | State senate Democratic party ideological median. Scale is -1 (liberal) to +1 (conservative). | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **sen\_rep** | State senate Republican party ideological median | 1993–2016 | State senate Republican party ideological median. Scale is -1 (liberal) to +1 (conservative). | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **sen\_majority** | State senate majority party ideological median | 1993–2016 | State senate majority party ideological median. Scale is -1 (liberal) to +1 (conservative). | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **h\_diffs** | Distance between party medians in state house | 1993–2016 | Distance between party medians in state house (the authors’ preferred measure of polarization). | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **s\_diffs** | Distance between party medians in state senate | 1993–2016 | Distance between party medians in state senate (the authors’ preferred measure of polarization). | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **h\_distance** | Average ideological distance between any two members in state house | 1993–2016 | Average ideological distance between any two members in state house. This is an alternative, party-free, measure of polarization. | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **s\_distance** | Average ideological distance between any two members in state senate | 1993–2016 | Average ideological distance between any two members in state senate. This is an alternative, party-free, measure of polarization. | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **h\_dem\_sd** | Democratic party heterogeneity in state house | 1993–2016 | Democratic party heterogeneity in state house | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **s\_dem\_sd** | Democratic party heterogeneity in state senate | 1993–2016 | Democratic party heterogeneity in state senate | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **h\_rep\_sd** | Republican party heterogeneity in state house | 1993–2016 | Republican party heterogeneity in state house | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **s\_rep\_sd** | Republican party heterogeneity in state senate | 1993–2016 | Republican party heterogeneity in state senate | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **h\_chamber\_sd** | State house ideological heterogeneity | 1993–2016 | State house ideological heterogeneity | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **s\_chamber\_sd** | State senate ideological heterogeneity | 1993–2016 | State senate ideological heterogeneity | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **hou\_dem\_error** | Democratic party state house ideological median error estimate | 1993–2016 | Democratic party state house ideological median error estimate | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **hou\_chamber\_er ror** | State house chamber ideological | 1993–2016 | State house chamber ideological median error estimate | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | median error estimate |  |  |  |
| **hou\_rep\_error** | Republican party state house ideological median error estimate | 1993–2016 | Republican party state house ideological median error estimate | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **hou\_majority\_er ror** | State house majority party ideological median error estimate | 1993–2016 | State house majority party ideological median error estimate | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **sen\_dem\_error** | Democratic party state senate ideological median error estimate | 1993–2016 | Democratic party state senate ideological median error estimate | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **sen\_chamber\_er ror** | State senate chamber ideological median error estimate | 1993–2016 | State senate chamber ideological median error estimate | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **sen\_rep\_error** | Republican party state senate ideological median error estimate | 1993–2016 | Republican party state senate ideological median error estimate | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **sen\_majority\_er ror** | State senate majority party ideological median error estimate | 1993–2016 | State senate majority party ideological median error estimate | Shor, Boris and Nolan McCarty. “The Ideological Mapping of American Legislatures.” *The American Political Science Review* 105.3 (2011): 530–  551. <http://americanlegislatures.com/data/> |
| **inst6013\_adacop e** | ADA/COPE  measure of state | 1960–2013 | This was the authors’ original measure of state government ideology. The construction of this indicator was | Berry, William D., Evan J. Ringquist, Richard C. Fording, and Russell L. Hanson. “Measuring Citizen and Government Ideology in the American |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | government ideology |  | described in their 1998 *AJPS* article (Berry, Ringquist, Fording and Hanson 1998). | States, 1960-93.” *American Journal of Political Science* 42.1 (1998): 327–  348. |
| **inst6014\_nom** | NOMINATE  measure of state government ideology | 1960–2014 | This was the authors’ second measure of state government ideology. Instead of relying on ADA and COPE scores to construct a measure, the authors rely on “Common-Space” congressional ideology scores to construct their measure of state party ideology (available at: <http://voteview.com/basic.htm>). | Berry, William D., Evan J. Ringquist, Richard C. Fording, and Russell L. Hanson. “Measuring Citizen and Government Ideology in the American States, 1960-93.” *American Journal of Political Science* 42.1 (1998): 327–  348.  Berry, William D., Richard C. Fording, Evan J. Ringquist, Russell L. Hanson, and Carl Klarner. “Measuring Citizen and Government Ideology in the American States: A Re-appraisal.” *State Politics and Policy Quarterly* 10.2 (2010): 117–135. |
| **legprofscore** | State legislative professionalism | 1979, 1996,  2003 | State legislative professionalization score (member pay, days in session, and staff per legislator compared to Congress) | Squire, Peverill. “Legislative Professionalization and Membership Diversity in State Legislatures.” *Legislative Studies Quarterly* 17.1 (1992): 69–79.  Squire, Peverill. “Measuring Legislative Professionalism: The Squire Index Revisited.” *State Politics and Policy Quarterly* 7.2 (2007): 211–227.  Notes: The measure for 1996 (with a slight revision for Nevada) is from Squire (2000). The member pay and days in session data for the 1979 and 2003 measures are calculated from the appropriate volumes of the Book of the States. The staff data for state legislators is from the National Conference of State Legislatures, “Size of State Legislative Staff: 1979, 1988, 1996, and 2003,” May 6, 2004. Congressional data are taken from Dwyer (2004), Congressional Quarterly (1993), and Ornstein, Mann, and Malbin (2000). |
| **sess\_length** | Session length | 1973–2014 | Length of regular session of Congress.  Note: Year coded as the first year of the biennium session. | Bowen, Daniel C. and Zachary Greene. “Should We Measure Professionalism with an Index? A Note on Theory and Practice in State Legislative Professionalism Research.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 14.3 (2014): 277–296. |
| **leg\_realsalary** | Legislator salary | 1973–2014 | Real legislator salary in 2010 dollars.  Note: Year coded as the first year of the biennium session. | Bowen, Daniel C. and Zachary Greene. “Should We Measure Professionalism with an Index? A Note on Theory and Practice in State Legislative Professionalism Research.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 14.3 (2014): 277–296. |
| **leg\_expend** | Legislator expenditures | 1973–2014 | Real expenditures per legislator in thousands of 2010 dollars.  Note: Year coded as the first year of the biennium session. | Bowen, Daniel C. and Zachary Greene. “Should We Measure Professionalism with an Index? A Note on Theory and Practice in State Legislative Professionalism Research.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 14.3 (2014): 277–296. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **bowen\_legprof\_f irstdim** | First dimension professionalism score | 1973–2014 | Predicted value of the first dimension multidimensional scaling legislative professionalism score.  Note: Year coded as the first year of the biennium session. | Bowen, Daniel C. and Zachary Greene. “Should We Measure Professionalism with an Index? A Note on Theory and Practice in State Legislative Professionalism Research.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 14.3 (2014): 277–296. |
| **bowen\_legprof\_s econddim** | Second dimension professionalism score | 1973–2014 | Predicted value of the second dimension multidimensional scaling legislative professionalism score.  Note: Year coded as the first year of the biennium session. | Bowen, Daniel C. and Zachary Greene. “Should We Measure Professionalism with an Index? A Note on Theory and Practice in State Legislative Professionalism Research.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 14.3 (2014): 277–296. |
| **speaker\_power** | State Speaker of the House power | 1981–2009 | Index of state Speaker of the House power. Year is coded for the beginning of the legislative term.  Note: All sessions begin in odd-years except for Mississippi, Louisiana, New Jersey, Virginia, and Kentucky (until 1982), who have even-year start dates. | Mooney, Christopher Z. “Measuring State House Speakers’ Formal Powers, 1981–2010.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 13.2 (2013): 262–273. |
| **pctlatinoleg** | Percentage of Latino legislators | 2005–2014 | Percentage of state legislators (in both chambers) who are Latino | National Council of State Legislatures:  <http://www.ncsl.org/research/about-state-legislatures/latino-legislators.aspx>  Provided by: Reich, Gary. “Immigrant legislation, across and within the United States.” *Research & Politics* 4.4 (2017): 1–11. |
| **pctfemaleleg** | Percent of state legislators that are female | 1975–2019 | Percentage of state legislators who are women | Center for American Women and Politics. Women in State Legislatures: 2019. <https://cawp.rutgers.edu/facts/levels_of_office/state_legislature>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online) |
| **fem\_gov** | Female governor | 1964–2014 | Is governor a female? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Center for American Women and Politics. Women in State Legislatures: 2016. <http://www.cawp.rutgers.edu/> |
| **fem\_ltgov** | Female lieutenant governor | 1964–2014 | Is lieutenant governor a female? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Center for American Women and Politics. Women in State Legislatures: 2016. <http://www.cawp.rutgers.edu/> |
| **fem\_secstate** | Female secretary of state | 1964–2014 | Is secretary of state a female? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Center for American Women and Politics. Women in State Legislatures: 2016. <http://www.cawp.rutgers.edu/> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **fem\_ag** | Female attorney general | 1964–2014 | Is attorney general a female? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Center for American Women and Politics. Women in State Legislatures: 2016. <http://www.cawp.rutgers.edu/> |
| **stctprof\_rank** | State court professionalism rank | 2004 | State court professionalism rank from salary, docket score, and staff | Squire, Peverill. “Measuring the Professionalization of U.S. State Courts of Last Resort.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 223–238. |
| **stctprof\_score** | State court professionalism score | 2004 | State court professionalism score from salary, docket score, and staff | Squire, Peverill. “Measuring the Professionalization of U.S. State Courts of Last Resort.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 223–238. |
| **stctprofprem\_ra nk** | State court professionalism rank using salary premium | 2004 | State court professionalism rank from premium salary, docket score, and staff | Squire, Peverill. “Measuring the Professionalization of U.S. State Courts of Last Resort.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 223–238. |
| **stctprofprem\_sc ore** | State court professionalism score using salary premium | 2004 | State court professionalism score from premium salary, docket score, and staff | Squire, Peverill. “Measuring the Professionalization of U.S. State Courts of Last Resort.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 223–238. |
| **stctprofdisc\_ran k** | State court professionalism using discretionary rank | 2004 | State court professionalism rank from salary, discretionary score, and staff | Squire, Peverill. “Measuring the Professionalization of U.S. State Courts of Last Resort.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 223–238. |
| **stctprofdisc\_scor e** | State Court professionalism using discretionary score | 2004 | State court professionalism score from salary, discretionary score, and staff | Squire, Peverill. “Measuring the Professionalization of U.S. State Courts of Last Resort.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 223–238. |
| **stctprofpremdisc**  **\_rank** | State court professionalism using salary premium and discretionary score rank | 2004 | State court professionalism rank from premium salary, discretionary score, and staff | Squire, Peverill. “Measuring the Professionalization of U.S. State Courts of Last Resort.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 223–238. |
| **stctprofpremdisc**  **\_score** | State court professionalism using salary premium and | 2004 | State court professionalism score from premium salary, discretionary score, and staff | Squire, Peverill. “Measuring the Professionalization of U.S. State Courts of Last Resort.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 223–238. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | discretionary score |  |  |  |
| **corruption\_convi ct** | Corruption convictions | 1976–2011 | Convictions relating to corruption (“criminal abuses of public trust by government officials”) | Melki, Mickael, and Andrew Pickering. 2016. “Polarization and Corruption in America.” *University of York Discussion Papers* |
| **alcfree** | Alcohol freedom | 2001–2011 | The category contains the following variables to capture Alcohol Freedom: Alcohol distribution, beer taxes, blue laws, happy hour laws, keg regulations, spirit taxes, mandatory server training, and wine taxes. Alcohol distribution system makes up 1.2 percent of the whole index on its own. | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **autofree** | Travel freedom | 2001–2011 | Seat belt laws and mandatory uninsured/underinsured motorist coverage are the two most important variables in the travel category, based on estimated costs in terms of tickets and uncompensated premiums to drivers who do not prefer to perform such activities. After that come motorcycle helmet laws, bicycle helmet laws, bans on driving while using a cell phone, open container laws, and sobriety checkpoints, in that order. | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **econfree** | Economic freedom | 2001–2011 | Economic freedom is calculated as the sum of the fiscal and regulatory policy indices. | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **econrank** | Economic freedom state ranking | 2001–2011 | State rankings of economic freedom scores | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **edufree** | Education freedom | 2001–2011 | Within education policy, mandatory licensure of private school teachers appears to be the most destructive regulation, and it alone constitutes slightly more than half of the overall educational freedom weight. Other | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | variables are years of mandatory schooling, extent of private school curriculum control, tax credits and deductions for private or home schools (for parents or as contributions to scholarship funds), mandatory government approval of new private schools, home school curriculum control, standardized testing or other evaluation requirements for home schools, extent of home school recordkeeping requirements, teacher qualifications for home schools, an index of home school notification requirements, mandatory kindergarten attendance, the existence of a statute explicitly permitting homeschooling, and mandatory registration of private schools. |  |
| **elecfree** | Campaign finance freedom | 2001–2011 | The campaign finance policy category covers public financing of campaigns and contribution limits (individuals to candidates, individuals to parties, an index of individuals to PACs and PACs to candidates, and an index of individuals to PACs and PACs to parties). While these policies receive “constitutional weights” boosting them by a factor of 10 because of their First Amendment implications, they receive low weights even so because there is not much evidence that contribution limits reduce private actors’ involvement in politics, unless the limits are extremely low (and Vermont’s extremely low limits were struck down by the US Supreme Court in 2006). | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **fiscfree** | Fiscal freedom | 2001–2011 | The fiscal policy dimension consists of the following categories: Tax burden (28.6%), government employment  (2.8%), government spending (1.9%), government debt (1.2%), and fiscal decentralization (0.9%). | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **fiscrank** | Fiscal freedom state ranking | 2001–2011 | State rankings of fiscal freedom scores | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **forfree** | Asset forfeiture freedom | 2001–2011 | The calculation for the ease of civil asset forfeiture is based on results reported in the Institute for Justice study Policing for Profit. This index basically reflects the extent to which a state’s tight asset forfeiture rules encourage revenue-sharing with the Department of Justice. Tight rules are indeed better, since the government should not take private property simply because it was allegedly used in a crime or allegedly constitutes proceeds of a crime, unless the owner of the property is found culpable in a court of law and the seizure is used to compensate victims. But as the Institute for Justice study found, tight rules simply encourage forfeiture by the federal government. | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **freedom** | Overall freedom (aggregate measure) | 2001–2011 | The overall freedom ranking is determined by combining scores for fiscal, regulatory, and personal freedom. | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **gamfree** | Gambling freedom | 2001–2011 | This category is dominated by an estimate of the loss to consumers because of gambling restrictions. The category also includes measures for whether social gaming is legal, whether “aggravated gambling” is a felony or misdemeanor, and whether there is an | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | express ban on online gaming. The category contains the following variables: Gambling felony, gaming revenues, internet gaming prohibition, social gaming exception |  |
| **gunfree** | Gun control freedom | 2001–2011 | Gun control measures the direct costs of gun laws to gun owners and dealers as evidenced in sales, price, and ownership figures, as well as original analysis about how concealed-carry restrictions and costs are associated with the number of people who seek permits in each state. | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **healthfree** | Health insurance freedom | 2001–2011 | Health insurance includes state-level health insurance mandates, small group rate review, guaranteed issue regulations, individual market community rating, mandated direct access to providers, individual market rate review, and a host of lower-impact regulations on managed care organizations (HMOs). State-level health insurance mandates, the second most significant variable in this category at 1.7 percent of the freedom index, impose direct costs of nearly $9 billion a year. | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **labfree** | Labor market freedom | 2001–2011 | Right-to-work laws make up more than half of the labor regulation category and nearly 2 percent of the entire freedom index. They are valued at over  $10 billion a year. Other policy variables in this category, in descending order of importance, are short-term disability insurance requirements (costs being lower labor productivity and administrative expenses for businesses), policies | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | dealing with workers’ compensation (funding mechanisms and mandated coverages), state minimum wage laws (figures adjusted for median private wages), requirements for employer verification of legal resident status, mandated paid family leave, and regulations prohibiting discrimination in employment (or employer-provided insurance) between smokers and non- smokers. |  |
| **landfree** | Land-use freedom | 2001–2011 | The property rights category includes eminent domain reform and land-use regulations. Almost all its weight comes from two variables: local rent control laws and an index of residential land-use regulations. The remainder takes into account whether compensation or an economic assessment is required before a regulatory taking, an index of eminent domain reform, and whether free speech is mandated on private property. The category contains the following variables: Local rent control, regulatory taking restrictions, mandated free speech on private property, Wharton residential land use, and eminent domain index. | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **malafree** | Mala prohibita and civil liberties freedom | 2001–2011 | The civil liberties category is a grab bag of mostly unrelated policies, including raw milk laws, fireworks laws, prostitution laws, physician- assisted suicide laws, religious freedom restoration acts, rules on taking DNA samples from criminal suspects, trans- fat bans, and laws that can be used to prosecute people who audiorecord public officials in the performance of | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | their duties. The category contains the following variables: DNA taken from arrestees, fireworks laws, physician- assisted suicide legal, prostitution legal, raw milk sales legal, two-party consent for recording, Religious Freedom Restoration Act, and trans-fat bans. |  |
| **marrfree** | Marriage freedom | 2001–2011 | Almost all the weight of the marriage freedom category is tied to the availability of same-sex partnerships, both civil unions and marriage. The remainder is tied to waiting periods and blood test requirements. States that prohibit same-sex couples from entering private contracts that provide the benefits of marriage (whether termed “marriages” or “civil unions”) take away an important contract right from these couples. The category contains the following variables: Blood test requirement, same-sex partnerships, and total waiting period. | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **miscregfree** | Miscellaneous regulation freedom | 2001–2011 | Miscellaneous regulations include certificate of need (CON) requirements for hospitals, state auto insurance rate filing requirements, state homeowners’ insurance rate filing requirements, membership in the Interstate Insurance Product Regulation Compact, and state rate classification prohibitions for some classes of insurance. CON regulations land their first-place slot based on the over $3 billion in extra costs they impose on hospitals, customers, and potential market entrants. The category contains the following variables: Certificate of need for hospitals, rate filing requirements: homeowners’ | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | insurance, interstate insurance product regulations compact, rate filing requirements: personal auto insurance, and rate classification prohibitions. |  |
| **mjfree** | Marijuana and salvia freedom | 2001–2011 | These scores combine multiple marijuana policy variables— decriminalization and legalization of the first offense of “low-level” marijuana possession, misdemeanor status for “high-level” possession or “low-level” cultivation or sale, mandatory minimum sentences for “low-level” cultivation or sale, the logarithm of the maximum possible prison term for a single marijuana offense. Using principal component analysis yields a sensible index of marijuana policies. | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **occfree** | Occupational licensing freedom | 2001–2011 | Almost two-thirds of the occupational freedom category’s weight is made up of two variables: a measure of occupational licensing extent and the sum total of education and experience requirements for all included occupations. Rounding out the category are regulations that limit the practice of nurses and nurse practitioners, physician assistants, and dental hygienists. The category contains the following variables: Dental hygienist independent practice, education and experience requirements, employment- weighted licensure, exam requirements, fees for licensed occupations, nurse licensure compact membership, nurse practitioner independent practice, and physician assistant prescribing authority. | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **persfree** | Personal freedom | 2001–2011 | Personal freedom dimension consists of the following categories: victimless crime freedom (9.8%), gun control freedom (6.6%), tobacco freedom (4.1%), alcohol freedom (2.8%), marriage freedom (2.1%), marijuana and salvia freedom (2.1%), gambling freedom (2.0%), education policy (1.9%), civil liberties (0.6%), travel freedom (0.5%), asset forfeiture freedom (0.1%), and campaign finance freedom (0.02%). | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **persrank** | Personal freedom state ranking | 2001–2011 | State rankings of personal freedom scores | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **ranking** | Overall freedom state ranking (aggregate ranking) | 2001–2011 | State rankings of overall freedom scores | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **regfree** | Regulatory freedom | 2001–2011 | The regulatory policy dimension consists of the following categories: freedom from tort abuse (11.5%), property right protection (7.6%), health insurance freedom (5.4%), labor market freedom (3.8%), occupational licensing freedom (1.7%), miscellaneous regulatory freedom (1.3%), and cable and telecom freedom (0.8%). | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **regrank** | Regulatory freedom state ranking | 2001–2011 | State rankings of regulatory freedom scores | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **tobfree** | Tobacco freedom | 2001–2011 | Tobacco freedom includes taxes on tobacco, smoking bans, internet sales bans, and vending machine regulations. The freedom index also takes into account taxes paid by smokers, which are excluded from the taxation category | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | used in the fiscal policy dimension, as well as the deadweight costs of the taxes. |  |
| **tortfree** | Tort freedom | 2001–2011 | The liability system is a ranking of state tort systems based on a survey of business owners and managers. This is what the US Chamber of Commerce calls a state’s “lawsuit climate.” It captures risks and costs that businesses must pass on to consumers as higher prices. | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **utilfree** | Cable and telecom freedom | 2001–2011 | Telecommunications deregulation accounts for roughly two-thirds of the weight for this category, and the remainder is accounted for by statewide cable franchising, which eases the entry of telecom firms into the video cable market. | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **vcfree** | Victimless crime freedom | 2001–2011 | The most heavily weighted category in the personal freedom dimension—after direct victim costs have been calculated and constitutional factors taken into account—is the law enforcement statistics category, which consists of data on incarceration rates adjusted for violent and property crime rates, non- drug victimless crimes arrests, and the drug enforcement rate. This category is worth over one-quarter of the personal freedom index. | Mercatus Center. 2016. “Freedom in the 50 States.” Arlington, VA: George Mason University. [http://freedominthe50states.org/about.](http://freedominthe50states.org/about) |
| **efna\_index** | Economic freedom index | 1981–2013 | This economic freedom index measures overall level of economic freedom based on government spending, taxes, and labor market freedom | Stansel, Dean, José Torra, and Fred McMahon. 2015. “Economic Freedom of North America.” Vancouver, BC: Fraiser Institute. |
| **integrity** | State government integrity | 2015 | Letter grade for state government integrity, an overall index of thirteen | The Center for Public Integrity, 2015. “State Integrity 2015.” [https://publicintegrity.org/politics/state-politics/state-integrity-](https://publicintegrity.org/politics/state-politics/state-integrity-investigation/how-does-your-state-rank-for-integrity/) [investigation/how-does-your-state-rank-for-integrity/](https://publicintegrity.org/politics/state-politics/state-integrity-investigation/how-does-your-state-rank-for-integrity/) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | measures of accountability and transparency. |  |
| **wallstreet\_best\_r un** | Ranking of the best and worst run states | 2010–2012 | Wallstreet 24/7 ranking of the best run states (based on: S&P credit rankings, unemployment, GDP per capita, high school completion for population over 25, violent crime rate, poverty rate, median household income, debt per capita, percent of population without health insurance, change in home values) | 24/7 Wallstreet. “The Best and Worst Run States in America: A Survey of All 50.”  Provided by: Pallay, Geoff. 2012. Ballotpedia and The Lucy Burns Institute. |

1. **Interstate Compacts**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **civil\_defense\_an d\_disaster\_comp a** | Bilateral/mutual aid for disasters | 1951–1978 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **compact\_for\_a\_ balanced\_budget** | Seek passage of balanced budget amendment to the U.S. constitution | 2014–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **bus\_taxation\_pr oration\_and\_reci p** | System for bus fleet owners to prorate mileage in multiple states | 1965–1983 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **compact\_on\_tax ation\_of\_motor\_ fuels** | Establish criteria to avoid double taxation of motor fuels consumed by interstate buses | 1963 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **driver\_license\_c ompact** | System for states to exchange license suspension/viola tion between states | 1961–1996 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_high\_s peed\_rail\_netwo** | Compact for administering high speed rail commuter network | 1980–1991 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_rail\_p assenger\_networ** | Agreement to coordinate a rail passenger network | 1979–1993 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **multistate\_highw ay\_transportatio n** | Agreement for establishing vehicle size and loads across states | 1975–1997 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **emergency\_man agement\_assista nce** | Mutual assistance between states in emergency or disaster situations | 1995–2014 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interpleader\_co mpact** | Allows states to acquire jurisdiction over claimants to property located within compact states | 1954–1978 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_compa ct\_for\_adult\_off** | Regulates movement and supervision of offenders under community supervision | 1951–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_compa ct\_for\_juveniles** | Establishes procedure for out of state supervision of juveniles and | 1955–1986 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | procedures for their return |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_compa ct\_for\_mutual\_ mi** | Provides mutual military aid between states in an emergency | 1951–1976 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_compa ct\_on\_adoption\_ a** | Assures continued provision of all benefits of an adoption subsidy agreement, regardless of state of residence of the child | 1984–1991 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_compa ct\_on\_agricultur** | Creates commission to promote exporting American grain | 1979 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_compa ct\_on\_education a** | Helps military children transfer academic credits between institutions | 2008–2014 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **interstate\_compa ct\_on\_industrial** | Creates commission to create uniform rules and regulations governing the design and construction of industrialized/m odular buildings | 1990–2011 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_compa ct\_on\_licensure** | Establishes uniform requirements for licensing of participants in live racing with pari-mutuel wagering | 2000–2007 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_compa ct\_on\_mentally\_ d** | Commitment for better treatment and care for mentally disordered offenders | 1967–1980 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_compa ct\_on\_the\_place m** | Assists with placement of children across state lines | 1976 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **compact\_on\_pla cement\_of\_child ren** | Ensures protection and services to | 1960–1990 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | children placed across states |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **compact\_for\_pe nsion\_portability** | System for transferring professional education employees’ pension | 1989–1991 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **compact\_on\_ado ption\_and\_medic al** | Provides all the benefit of adoption subsidy agreement, regardless of state | 1984–2002 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **agreement\_on\_q ualifications\_of\_ e** | Facilitates movement of education professionals across states | 1962–1988 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **compact\_for\_ed ucation** | Information center on education matters | 1965–2001 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **interstate\_librar y\_compact** | Agreement for using libraries on an interstate basis | 1957–1976 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_compa ct\_to\_conserve\_o** | Compact on reducing waste of oil and gas | 1935–1982 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_forest**  **\_fire\_suppressi** | Compact for coordinating forest fire resources in event of a fire | 1991–1993 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_minin g\_compact** | Agreement for cross-state regulation of mining and conservation | 1966–1991 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **wildlife\_violator**  **\_compact** | Provides a means through which states can participate in a reciprocal program to | 1989–2014 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | enforce wildlife citations |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **multistate\_lotter y\_agreement** | Establishes multi-state lottery | 1988–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_correc tions\_compact** | Compact on improving management and treatment in corrections system | 1959–1994 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **health\_care\_com pact** | Restores authority for health care regulation to the states | 2011–2014 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_medic al\_licensure\_com** | Agreement for licensing of physicians across state lines | 2015–2016 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **nurse\_licensure\_ compact** | Interstate coordination on nurse licensing | 1998–2004 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **emergency\_medi cal\_services\_pers o** | Establishes system for licensing emergency personnel | 2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **multistate\_recipr ocity\_agreement** | System so that interstate buses can avoid being required to register in multiple states | 1962 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **multistate\_tax\_c ompact** | Creates system for taxing multistate taxpayers | 1967–2014 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_earthq uake\_emergency** | Compact for assistance in event of earthquake | 1988–1990 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **interstate\_insura nce\_product\_reg** | Compact regulating insurance policies | 2003–2014 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_insura nce\_receivership** | Managing insolvent interstate insurance companies | 1995–1996 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_mutua l\_aid\_compact** | Agreement for aid across states in event of disaster/emergen cy | 1985–1986 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Karch, Andrew, Sean C. Nicholson-Crotty, Neal D. Woods, and Ann O’M. Bowman. “Policy diffusion and the pro-innovation bias.” *Political Research Quarterly* 69.1 (2016): 83–95.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

1. **Elections**
2. **Voting, Partisan Competition, and Campaign Finance**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **anyid2** | Request any ID for voting | 1972–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Biggers, Daniel R., and Michael J. Hanmer. “Understanding the adoption of voter identification laws in the American states.” *American Politics Research* 45.4 (2017): 560-588.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **anyphotoid2** | Photo ID voting requirement | 1972–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Biggers, Daniel R., and Michael J. Hanmer. “Understanding the adoption of voter identification laws in the American states.” *American Politics Research* 45.4 (2017): 560-588.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **absvot** | Unrestricted absentee voting | 1960–2003 | Did state adopt unrestricted absentee voting? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **earlvot** | In-person early voting | 1970–2002 | Did state adopt in-person early voting? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **elecdayreg** | Election Day registration | 1974–1994 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **mailreg** | Voter registration by mail | 1972–1995 | Did state adopt voter registration by mail? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **motorvoter** | Voter registration with driver’s license renewal | 1976–1995 | Did state adopt voter registration with driver’s license renewal? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **pubcamfun** | Public campaign funding | 1973–1987 | Did state adopt public campaign funding? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **nofelons** | Number of felons ineligible to vote | 1980–2018 | The total number of felons who are ineligible to vote. | McDonald, Michael P. United States Election Project. Turnout 1980–2012. <http://www.electproject.org/>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online)  Notes: The number of ineligible felons depends on state law. Some states permanently disfranchise felons and a few let even prisoners vote. Statistics drawn from various Department of Justice reports which detail the prison, probation, and parole population of the United States are matched with these state laws to estimate the number of ineligible felons.  The Department of Justice Bureau, Office of Justice Statistics releases numbers from Jan. 1 through Dec. 31 for a given year. Author uses the most approximate Jan. 1 values, where available, since these include revised Dec. 31 data from the previous year. Author assumes all Prisoners and Parolees are felons, and half of Probationers are felons (this estimate is drawn from DOJ reports; starting in 2011, DOJ reports the number of persons on probation who are felons). A blank or zero indicates the category of felons is allowed to vote in that state. For the United States totals, author includes persons in the federal corrections system. |
| **noofvotes** | Number of votes in general election | 1980–2018 | Traditional reported number of people who voted in a given general election. Note: No data available for votes cast in Louisiana for highest office in 1982. | McDonald, Michael P. United States Election Project. Turnout 1980–2012. <http://www.electproject.org/>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online)  Notes:iv |
| **vep** | Voting-eligible population | 1980–2018 | Total population that is eligible to vote. | McDonald, Michael P. United States Election Project. Turnout 1980–2012. <http://www.electproject.org/>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online) |
| **vepvotingrate** | VEP highest office voting turnout rate | 1980–2018 | Voting-eligible population turnout rate for highest office elections; or proportion of the votes cast for the | McDonald, Michael P. United States Election Project. Turnout 1980–2012. <http://www.electproject.org/> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | highest office on the ballot (of the total voting-eligible population). | Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online)  Notes: VEP Highest Office Turnout Rate = (Voted for Highest Office) / (Voting-Eligible Population Total) (recommended statistic).  The Vote for Highest Office is the traditional reported number of people who voted in a given election. In presidential election years, the vote for highest office is simply the presidential vote. In a non-presidential election year, the vote for highest office is the largest vote total for a statewide office such as governor or US Senator. When no statewide office is on the ballot, the sum of the congressional races is used instead. In 2006, the methodology was changed slightly to use the sum of the congressional races if they exceeded a statewide office, as occurred with Indiana’s uncompetitive US Senate race. |
| **elect\_year** | Election year | 1938–2010 | Calendar year that the election was in, or years after the election year but before the calendar year of the next election. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **sen\_prop\_up** | Proportion of state senate seats up for election | 1938–2010 | Proportion of state senate seats up in this year. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **hs\_prop\_up** | Proportion of state house seats up for election | 1938–2010 | Proportion of state house seats up in this year. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney1\_sen\_de m\_prop** | Proportion of Democratic state senators | 1938–2016 | Proportion of state senators who are Democrats. Note: this is the annual measure the moving averages were computed from. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney2\_hs\_dem**  **\_prop** | Proportion of Democratic state house members | 1938–2016 | Proportion of state house members who are Democrats. Note: this is the annual measure the moving averages were computed from. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ranney3\_gub\_pr op** | Proportion of two-party vote for democratic gubernatorial candidate | 1938–2010 | Proportion of the two-party vote that the Democratic gubernatorial candidate got in the last election. Note: this is the annual measure the moving averages were computed from. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney4\_control** | Party control of state government | 1938–2016 | 0 = unified Republican control, 1 = unified Democratic control, .5 = neither. Note: this is the annual measure the moving averages were computed from. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney4\_control**  **\_alt** | Democratic control of state government | 1938–2016 | Dummy variable: 1 = unified Democratic control, 0 = else. Note: this is the annual measure the moving averages were computed from. Also, this is the way dimension #4 of the Ranney index has been measured in the past. This method could be very problematic. The underlying assumption of this method is that unified Democratic control is important, but that the difference between unified Republican control and split control isn’t. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney1\_sen\_de m\_prop\_4yr** | Proportion of Democratic state senators: 4-yr. moving average | 1941–2010 | Proportion of state senators who are Democrats (4-year moving average). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney2\_hs\_dem**  **\_prop\_4yr** | Proportion of Democratic state house members: 4-yr. moving average | 1941–2010 | Proportion of state house members who are Democrats (4-year moving average). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ranney3\_gub\_pr op\_4yr** | Proportion of two-party vote for Democratic gubernatorial candidate: 4-yr. moving average | 1941–2010 | Proportion of the two-party vote that the Democratic gubernatorial candidate got in the last election (f4-year moving average). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney4\_control**  **\_4yr** | Party control of state government: 4- yr. moving average | 1941–2010 | 0 = unified Republican control, 1 = unified Democratic control, .5 = neither. Four-year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney4\_control**  **\_alt\_4yr** | Democratic control of state government: 4- yr. moving average | 1941–2010 | Dummy: 1 = unified Democratic control, 0 = else. Four-year moving average. Note: this is the way dimension #4 of the Ranney index has been measured in the past. This method could be very problematic. The underlying assumption of this method is that unified Democratic control is important, but that the difference between unified Republican control and split control isn’t. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney1\_sen\_de m\_prop\_6yr** | Proportion of Democratic state senators: 6-yr. moving average | 1943–2010 | Proportion of state senators who are Democrats (6-year moving average). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney2\_hs\_dem**  **\_prop\_6yr** | Proportion of Democratic state house members: 6-yr. moving average | 1943–2010 | Proportion of state house members who are Democrats (6-year moving average). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney3\_gub\_pr op\_6yr** | Proportion of two-party vote for Democratic | 1943–2010 | Proportion of the two-party vote that the Democratic gubernatorial candidate | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | gubernatorial candidate: 6-yr. moving average |  | got in the last election (6-year moving average). | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney4\_control**  **\_6yr** | Party control of state government: 6- yr. moving average | 1943–2010 | 0 = unified Republican control, 1 = unified Democratic control, .5 = neither. Six-year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney4\_control**  **\_alt\_6yr** | Democratic control of state government: 6- yr. moving average | 1943–2010 | Dummy: 1 = unified Democratic control, 0 = else. Six-year moving average. Note: this is the way dimension #4 of the Ranney index has been measured in the past. This method could be very problematic. The underlying assumption of this method is that unified Democratic control is important, but that the difference between unified Republican control and split control isn’t. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney1\_sen\_de m\_prop\_8yr** | Proportion of Democratic state senators: 8-yr. moving average | 1945–2010 | Proportion of state senators who are Democrats (8-year moving average). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney2\_hs\_dem**  **\_prop\_8yr** | Proportion of Democratic state house members: 8-yr. moving average | 1945–2010 | Proportion of state house members who are Democrats (8-year moving average). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney3\_gub\_pr op\_8yr** | Proportion of two-party vote for Democratic gubernatorial candidate: 8-yr. moving average | 1945–2010 | Proportion of the two-party vote that the Democratic gubernatorial candidate got in the last election (8-year moving average). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ranney4\_control**  **\_8yr** | Party control of state government: 8- yr. moving average | 1945–2010 | 0 = unified Republican control, 1 = unified Democratic control, .5 = neither. Eight-year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney4\_control**  **\_alt\_8yr** | Democratic control of state government: 8- yr. moving average | 1945–2010 | Dummy: 1 = unified Democratic control, 0 = else. Eight-year moving average. Note: this is the way dimension #4 of the Ranney index has been measured in the past. This method could be very problematic. The underlying assumption of this method is that unified Democratic control is important, but that the difference between unified Republican control and split control isn’t. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney1\_sen\_de m\_prop\_10yr** | Proportion of Democratic state senators: 10-yr. moving average | 1947–2010 | Proportion of state senators who are Democrats (10-year moving average). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney2\_hs\_dem**  **\_prop\_10yr** | Proportion of Democratic state house members: 10-yr. moving average | 1947–2010 | Proportion of state house members who are Democrats (10-year moving average). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney3\_gub\_pr op\_10yr** | Proportion of two-party vote for Democratic gubernatorial candidate: 10-yr. moving average | 1947–2010 | Proportion of the two-party vote that the Democratic gubernatorial candidate got in the last election (10-year moving average). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney4\_control**  **\_10yr** | Party control of state government: 10- | 1947–2010 | 0 = unified Republican control, 1 = unified Democratic control, .5 = neither. Ten-year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | yr. moving average |  |  | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney4\_control**  **\_alt\_10yr** | Democratic control of state government: 10- yr. moving average | 1947–2010 | Dummy: 1 = unified Democratic control, 0 = else. Ten-year moving average. Note: this is the way dimension #4 of the Ranney index has been measured in the past. This method could be very problematic. The underlying assumption of this method is that unified Democratic control is important, but that the difference between unified Republican control and split control isn’t. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney\_4yrs** | Four-year moving average of proportion of Democratic control in state senate, house, governor, and government | 1941–2010 | Four-year moving average of variables for proportion of Democratic control in state senate, house, governor’s office, and overall government (not the alternative measure). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney\_6yrs** | Six-year moving average of proportion of Democratic control in state senate, house, governor, and government | 1943–2010 | Six-year moving average of variables for proportion of Democratic control in state senate, house, governor’s office, and overall government (not the alternative measure). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney\_8yrs** | Eight-year moving average of proportion of Democratic control in state senate, house, governor, and government | 1945–2010 | Eight-year moving average of variables for proportion of Democratic control in state senate, house, governor’s office, and overall government (not the alternative measure). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ranney\_10yrs** | Ten-year moving average of proportion of Democratic control in state senate, house, governor, and government | 1947–2010 | Ten-year moving average of variables for proportion of Democratic control in state senate, house, governor’s office, and overall government (not the alternative measure). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney\_alt\_4yrs** | Four-year moving average of proportion of Democratic control in state senate, house, governor, and government (alt.) | 1941–2010 | Four-year moving average of variables for proportion of Democratic control in state senate, house, governor’s office, and overall government (using the alternative measure). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney\_alt\_6yrs** | Six-year moving average of proportion of Democratic control in state senate, house, governor, and government (alt.) | 1943–2010 | Six-year moving average of variables for proportion of Democratic control in state senate, house, governor’s office, and overall government (using the alternative measure). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney\_alt\_8yrs** | Eight-year moving average of proportion of Democratic control in state senate, house, governor, and government (alt.) | 1945–2010 | Eight-year moving average of variables for proportion of Democratic control in state senate, house, governor’s office, and overall government (using the alternative measure). | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **ranney\_alt\_10yr s** | Ten-year moving average of proportion of | 1947–2010 | Ten-year moving average of variables for proportion of Democratic control in state senate, house, governor’s office, | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Democratic |  | and overall government (using the |  |
| control in state | alternative measure). | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, |
| senate, house, |  | [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| governor, and |  |  |
| government |  |  |
| (alt.) |  |  |
| **folded\_ranney\_4 yrs** | Ranney measure of electoral competitiveness: 4-yr. moving average | 1941–2010 | Ranney measures of competitiveness. Four-year moving average. Varies between .5 and 1, with higher values representing higher levels of competitiveness. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **folded\_ranney\_6 yrs** | Ranney measure of electoral competitiveness: 6-yr. moving average | 1943–2010 | Ranney measures of competitiveness. Six-year moving average. Varies between .5 and 1, with higher values representing higher levels of competitiveness. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **folded\_ranney\_8 yrs** | Ranney measure of electoral competitiveness: 8-yr. moving average | 1945–2010 | Ranney measures of competitiveness. Eight-year moving average. Varies between .5 and 1, with higher values representing higher levels of competitiveness. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **folded\_ranney\_1 0yrs** | Ranney measure of electoral competitiveness: 10-yr. moving average | 1947–2010 | Ranney measures of competitiveness. Ten-year moving average. Varies between .5 and 1, with higher values representing higher levels of competitiveness. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
|  |  |  |  | Stata Code: gen folded\_ranney\_10yrs=1-(abs(ranney\_10yrs-.5)) |
| **folded\_ranney\_a lt\_4yrs** | Ranney measure of electoral competitiveness: 4-yr. moving average using | 1941–2010 | Ranney measures of competitiveness. Four-year moving average using the alternative state government measure. Varies between .5 and 1, with higher values representing higher levels of competitiveness. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | alt. state gov’t. measure |  |  | Stata Code: gen folded\_ranney\_alt\_4yrs=1-(abs(ranney\_4yrs\_alt-.5)) |
| **folded\_ranney\_a lt\_6yrs** | Ranney measure of electoral competitiveness: 6-yr. moving average using alt. state gov’t. measure | 1943–2010 | Ranney measures of competitiveness. Six-year moving average using the alternative state government measure. Varies between .5 and 1, with higher values representing higher levels of competitiveness. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Stata Code: gen folded\_ranney\_alt\_6yrs=1-(abs(ranney\_6yrs\_alt-.5)) |
| **folded\_ranney\_a lt\_8yrs** | Ranney measure of electoral competitiveness: 8-yr. moving average using alt. state gov’t. measure | 1945–2010 | Ranney measures of competitiveness. Eight-year moving average using the alternative state government measure. Varies between .5 and 1, with higher values representing higher levels of competitiveness. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Stata Code: gen folded\_ranney\_alt\_8yrs=1-(abs(ranney\_8yrs\_alt-.5)) |
| **folded\_ranney\_a lt\_10yrs** | Ranney measure of electoral competitiveness: 10-yr. moving average using alt. state gov’t. measure | 1947–2010 | Ranney measures of competitiveness. Ten-year moving average using the alternative state government measure. Varies between .5 and 1, with higher values representing higher levels of competitiveness. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Stata Code: gen folded\_ranney\_alt\_10yrs=1-(abs(ranney\_10yrs\_alt-.5)) |
| **hvd1\_winper\_4y r** | Average pct. winning candidates received in election: 4-yr. moving average | 1973–2010 | Average percent that winning candidates got in this year’s election (of the total vote), and in the elections whose values were put in the three calendar years prior to that. Average weighted by the number of seats up in each election in the chamber-year.  Four-year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: for an even-year, in an even-year election state with all of a chamber’s seats up, this would give one-fourth weight to the current election, one-half weight to the last election, and one-fourth weight to the second to last election. For an odd year in such a state, half weight would be given to the election held last year, and half weight would be given to the election before |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | that. WARNING: users can drop the even years in even year states if they don’t like the one-fourth/one-half/one-fourth weighting referred to above. For states with four-year election cycles, like Alabama, users might consider only keeping the values from three years after the calendar year of the election.  Candidates in FFA-MMDs have their % multiplied by the number of seats in the FFA-MMD. After computing this quantity for both chambers, those two quantities are averaged. |
| **hvd2\_winmargin**  **\_4yr** | Average winning margin by which candidates won election: 4-yr. moving average | 1973–2010 | Average percent margin (of the total vote) by which winning candidates win (in this election or the elections that were put into the last three calendar years). Average weighted by the number of seats up in each election in the chamber-year. Four-year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: For FFA-MMDs, this is compared to the loser with the largest % of the vote. In FFA-MMDs, this margin is multiplied by the number of seats in the FFA-MMD. After computing this quantity for both chambers, those two quantities are averaged. |
| **hvd3\_uncont\_4y r** | Percent uncontested seats in an election: 4-yr. moving average | 1973–2010 | Percent of seats that are uncontested (in this election or the elections that were put into the last three calendar years). Four-year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: This takes under-contested seats in FFA-MMDs into account. For example, a three seat FFA-MMD with two Democrats and three Republicans would contribute “3” to the denominator, and “1” to the numerator of this variable. After computing this quantity for both chambers, those two quantities are averaged. |
| **hvd4\_safeseat\_4 yr** | Pct. of “safe” seats: 4-yr. moving average | 1973–2010 | Percent of seats that are “safe” (in this election or the elections that were put into the last three calendar years). “Safe” is considered a winning margin of 10% or more. Four-year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Notes: For FFA-MMDs, a winner is considered “safe” when their margin times the number of seats is greater than 10%. For FFA-MMDs, margin is computed as above. After computing this quantity for both chambers, those two quantities are averaged. |
| **unusable\_seats\_4 yr\_per** | Pct. of seats unusable for other measures: 4-yr. moving average | 1973–2010 | Percent of seats in this year and the three years prior to that are “unuseable” for the Holbrook and Van Dunk measure. Four-year moving average. “Not useable” includes such things as missing vote returns (but not in uncontested elections in states that don’t put such elections on the ballot), missing party codes, or elections that only report the winner and information about the existence of other candidates is unknown. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: Descriptive statistics for variable: 89.0% of state-years have 0% unusable seats, 98.7% have 5% or less unusable seats, 99.2% of state-years have 10% or less unusable seats, eight state-years have between 10 and 20% unusable seats, and eight more state-years have more than 20% unusable seats. The worst state-year has 49.8% of its seats with missing information. |
| **hvd1\_winper\_6y r** | Average pct. winning candidates received in election: 6-yr. moving average | 1975–2010 | Average percent that winning candidates got in this year’s election (of the total vote), and in the elections whose values were put in the three calendar years prior to that. Average weighted by the number of seats up in each election in the chamber-year. Six- year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: for an even-year, in an even-year election state with all of a chamber’s seats up, this would give one-fourth weight to the current election, one-half weight to the last election, and one-fourth weight to the second to last election. For an odd year in such a state, half weight would be given to the election held last year, and half weight would be given to the election before that. WARNING: users can drop the even years in even year states if they don’t like the one-fourth/one-half/one-fourth weighting referred to above. For states with four-year election cycles, like Alabama, users might consider only keeping the values from three years after the calendar year of the election.  Candidates in FFA-MMDs have their % multiplied by the number of seats in the FFA-MMD. After computing this quantity for both chambers, those two quantities are averaged. |
| **hvd2\_winmargin**  **\_6yr** | Average winning margin by which | 1975–2010 | Average percent margin (of the total vote) by which winning candidates win (in this election or the elections that | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | candidates won election: 6-yr. moving average |  | were put into the last three calendar years). Average weighted by the number of seats up in each election in the chamber-year. Six-year moving average. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: For FFA-MMDs, this is compared to the loser with the largest % of the vote. In FFA-MMDs, this margin is multiplied by the number of seats in the FFA-MMD. After computing this quantity for both chambers, those two quantities are averaged. |
| **hvd3\_uncont\_6y r** | Percent uncontested seats in an election: 6-yr. moving average | 1975–2010 | Percent of seats that are uncontested (in this election or the elections that were put into the last three calendar years). Six-year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: This takes under-contested seats in FFA-MMDs into account. For example, a three seat FFA-MMD with two Democrats and three Republicans would contribute “3” to the denominator, and “1” to the numerator of this variable. After computing this quantity for both chambers, those two quantities are averaged. |
| **hvd4\_safeseat\_6 yr** | Pct. of “safe” seats: 6-yr. moving average | 1975–2010 | Percent of seats that are “safe” (in this election or the elections that were put into the last three calendar years). “Safe” is considered a winning margin of 10% or more. Six-year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: For FFA-MMDs, a winner is considered “safe” when their margin times the number of seats is greater than 10%. For FFA-MMDs, margin is computed as above. After computing this quantity for both chambers, those two quantities are averaged. |
| **unusable\_seats\_6 yr\_per** | Pct. of seats unusable for other measures: 6-yr. moving average | 1975–2010 | Percent of seats in this year and the three years prior to that are “unuseable” for the Holbrook and Van Dunk measure. Six-year moving average. “Not useable” includes such things as missing vote returns (but not in uncontested elections in states that | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | don’t put such elections on the ballot), missing party codes, or elections that only report the winner and information about the existence of other candidates is unknown. | Notes: Descriptive statistics for variable: 89.0% of state-years have 0% unusable seats, 98.7% have 5% or less unusable seats, 99.2% of state-years have 10% or less unusable seats, eight state-years have between 10 and 20% unusable seats, and eight more state-years have more than 20% unusable seats. The worst state-year has 49.8% of its seats with missing information. |
| **hvd1\_winper\_8y r** | Average pct. winning candidates received in election: 8-yr. moving average | 1977–2010 | Average percent that winning candidates got in this year’s election (of the total vote), and in the elections whose values were put in the three calendar years prior to that. Average weighted by the number of seats up in each election in the chamber-year.  Eight-year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: for an even-year, in an even-year election state with all of a chamber’s seats up, this would give one-fourth weight to the current election, one-half weight to the last election, and one-fourth weight to the second to last election. For an odd year in such a state, half weight would be given to the election held last year, and half weight would be given to the election before that. WARNING: users can drop the even years in even year states if they don’t like the one-fourth/one-half/one-fourth weighting referred to above. For states with four-year election cycles, like Alabama, users might consider only keeping the values from three years after the calendar year of the election.  Candidates in FFA-MMDs have their % multiplied by the number of seats in the FFA-MMD. After computing this quantity for both chambers, those two quantities are averaged. |
| **hvd2\_winmargin**  **\_8yr** | Average winning margin by which candidates won election: 8-yr. moving average | 1977–2010 | Average percent margin (of the total vote) by which winning candidates win (in this election or the elections that were put into the last three calendar years). Average weighted by the number of seats up in each election in the chamber-year. Eight-year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: For FFA-MMDs, this is compared to the loser with the largest % of the vote. In FFA-MMDs, this margin is multiplied by the number of seats in the FFA-MMD. After computing this quantity for both chambers, those two quantities are averaged. |
| **hvd3\_uncont\_8y r** | Percent uncontested seats in an | 1977–2010 | Percent of seats that are uncontested (in this election or the elections that were | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | election: 8-yr. moving average |  | put into the last three calendar years). Eight-year moving average. | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: This takes under-contested seats in FFA-MMDs into account. For example, a three seat FFA-MMD with two Democrats and three Republicans would contribute “3” to the denominator, and “1” to the numerator of this variable. After computing this quantity for both chambers, those two quantities are averaged. |
| **hvd4\_safeseat\_8 yr** | Pct. of “safe” seats: 8-yr. moving average | 1977–2010 | Percent of seats that are “safe” (in this election or the elections that were put into the last three calendar years). “Safe” is considered a winning margin of 10% or more. Eight-year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: For FFA-MMDs, a winner is considered “safe” when their margin times the number of seats is greater than 10%. For FFA-MMDs, margin is computed as above. After computing this quantity for both chambers, those two quantities are averaged. |
| **unusable\_seats\_8 yr\_per** | Pct. of seats unusable for other measures: 8-yr. moving average | 1977–2010 | Percent of seats in this year and the three years prior to that are “unuseable” for the Holbrook and Van Dunk measure. Eight-year moving average. “Not useable” includes such things as missing vote returns (but not in uncontested elections in states that don’t put such elections on the ballot), missing party codes, or elections that only report the winner and information about the existence of other candidates is unknown. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: Descriptive statistics for variable: 89.0% of state-years have 0% unusable seats, 98.7% have 5% or less unusable seats, 99.2% of state-years have 10% or less unusable seats, eight state-years have between 10 and 20% unusable seats, and eight more state-years have more than 20% unusable seats. The worst state-year has 49.8% of its seats with missing information. |
| **hvd1\_winper\_10 yr** | Average pct. winning candidates received in election: 10-yr. moving average | 1979–2010 | Average percent that winning candidates got in this year’s election (of the total vote), and in the elections whose values were put in the three calendar years prior to that. Average weighted by the number of seats up in | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | each election in the chamber-year. Ten- year moving average. | Notes: for an even-year, in an even-year election state with all of a chamber’s seats up, this would give one-fourth weight to the current election, one-half weight to the last election, and one-fourth weight to the second to last election. For an odd year in such a state, half weight would be given to the election held last year, and half weight would be given to the election before that. WARNING: users can drop the even years in even year states if they don’t like the one-fourth/one-half/one-fourth weighting referred to above. For states with four-year election cycles, like Alabama, users might consider only keeping the values from three years after the calendar year of the election.  Candidates in FFA-MMDs have their % multiplied by the number of seats in the FFA-MMD. After computing this quantity for both chambers, those two quantities are averaged. |
| **hvd2\_winmargin**  **\_10yr** | Average winning margin by which candidates won election: 10-yr. moving average | 1979–2010 | Average percent margin (of the total vote) by which winning candidates win (in this election or the elections that were put into the last three calendar years). Average weighted by the number of seats up in each election in the chamber-year. Ten-year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: For FFA-MMDs, this is compared to the loser with the largest % of the vote. In FFA-MMDs, this margin is multiplied by the number of seats in the FFA-MMD. After computing this quantity for both chambers, those two quantities are averaged. |
| **hvd3\_uncont\_10 yr** | Percent uncontested seats in an election: 10-yr. moving average | 1979–2010 | Percent of seats that are uncontested (in this election or the elections that were put into the last three calendar years). Ten-year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: This takes under-contested seats in FFA-MMDs into account. For example, a three seat FFA-MMD with two Democrats and three Republicans would contribute “3” to the denominator, and “1” to the numerator of this variable. After computing this quantity for both chambers, those two quantities are averaged. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hvd4\_safeseat\_1 0yr** | Pct. of “safe” seats: 10-yr. moving average | 1979–2010 | Percent of seats that are “safe” (in this election or the elections that were put into the last three calendar years). “Safe” is considered a winning margin of 10% or more. Ten-year moving average. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: For FFA-MMDs, a winner is considered “safe” when their margin times the number of seats is greater than 10%. For FFA-MMDs, margin is computed as above. After computing this quantity for both chambers, those two quantities are averaged. |
| **unusable\_seats\_1 0yr\_per** | Pct. of seats unusable for other measures: 10-yr. moving average | 1979–2010 | Percent of seats in this year and the three years prior to that are “unuseable” for the Holbrook and Van Dunk measure. Ten-year moving average. “Not useable” includes such things as missing vote returns (but not in uncontested elections in states that don’t put such elections on the ballot), missing party codes, or elections that only report the winner and information about the existence of other candidates is unknown. | Ranney, Austin. 1976. “Parties in State Politics.” In *Politics in the American States, 3rd ed.*, edited by Herbert Jacob and Kenneth Vines. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Co.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: Descriptive statistics for variable: 89.0% of state-years have 0% unusable seats, 98.7% have 5% or less unusable seats, 99.2% of state-years have 10% or less unusable seats, eight state-years have between 10 and 20% unusable seats, and eight more state-years have more than 20% unusable seats. The worst state-year has 49.8% of its seats with missing information. |
| **hvd\_4yr** | Holbrook and Van Dunk competitiveness measure: 4-yr. moving average | 1973–2010 | Measure of electoral competitiveness by Holbrook and Van Dunk that is 100 minus average pct. of votes winning candidate received, average winning margin, average pct. uncontested seats, and average pct. safe seats over 4-year moving average. | Holbrook, Thomas M., and Emily Van Dunk. “Electoral Competition in the American States.” *The American Political Science Review* 87.4 (1993): 955– 62.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: For the Holbrook and Van Dunk data, the data were first worked on with the state-chamber-year as the unit of analysis. Running averages of the four dimensions were created that were weighted by the number of seats up in each chamber (running averages of four, six, eight and ten years). The four dimensions were then averaged (and subtracted from “100”) to make the Holbrook and Van Dunk indicator for a chamber-year. The values from the two chambers were then averaged. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hvd\_6yr** | Holbrook and Van Dunk competitiveness measure: 6-yr. moving average | 1975–2010 | Measure of electoral competitiveness by Holbrook and Van Dunk that is 100 minus average pct. of votes winning candidate received, average winning margin, average pct. uncontested seats, and average pct. safe seats over 6-year moving average. | Holbrook, Thomas M., and Emily Van Dunk. “Electoral Competition in the American States.” *The American Political Science Review* 87.4 (1993): 955– 62.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: For the Holbrook and Van Dunk data, the data were first worked on with the state-chamber-year as the unit of analysis. Running averages of the four dimensions were created that were weighted by the number of seats up in each chamber (running averages of four, six, eight and ten years). The four dimensions were then averaged (and subtracted from “100”) to make the Holbrook and Van Dunk indicator for a chamber-year. The values from the two chambers were then averaged. |
| **hvd\_8yr** | Holbrook and Van Dunk competitiveness measure: 8-yr. moving average | 1977–2010 | Measure of electoral competitiveness by Holbrook and Van Dunk that is 100 minus average pct. of votes winning candidate received, average winning margin, average pct. uncontested seats, and average pct. safe seats over 8-year moving average. | Holbrook, Thomas M., and Emily Van Dunk. “Electoral Competition in the American States.” *The American Political Science Review* 87.4 (1993): 955– 62.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: For the Holbrook and Van Dunk data, the data were first worked on with the state-chamber-year as the unit of analysis. Running averages of the four dimensions were created that were weighted by the number of seats up in each chamber (running averages of four, six, eight and ten years). The four dimensions were then averaged (and subtracted from “100”) to make the Holbrook and Van Dunk indicator for a chamber-year. The values from the two chambers were then averaged. |
| **hvd\_10yr** | Holbrook and Van Dunk competitiveness measure: 10-yr. moving average | 1979–2010 | Measure of electoral competitiveness by Holbrook and Van Dunk that is 100 minus average pct. of votes winning candidate received, average winning margin, average pct. uncontested seats, and average pct. safe seats over 10-year moving average. | Holbrook, Thomas M., and Emily Van Dunk. “Electoral Competition in the American States.” *The American Political Science Review* 87.4 (1993): 955– 62.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1  Notes: For the Holbrook and Van Dunk data, the data were first worked on with the state-chamber-year as the unit of analysis. Running averages of the four dimensions were created that were weighted by the number of seats up in each chamber (running averages of four, six, eight and ten years). The four |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | dimensions were then averaged (and subtracted from “100”) to make the Holbrook and Van Dunk indicator for a chamber-year. The values from the two chambers were then averaged. |
| **sf\_hvd\_4yr** | Shufeldt and Flavin’s H&VD electoral competitiveness measure: 4-yr. moving average | 1973–2010 | Shufeldt and Flavin’s four-year Holbrook and Van Dunk measure. Observed for 391 cases. | Shufeldt, Gregory, and Patrick Flavin. “Two Distinct Concepts: Party Competition in Government and Electoral Competition in the American States.” *State Politics and Policy Quarterly* 12.3. (2012):330-342.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **sf\_ranney\_4yr** | Shufeldt and Flavin’s Ranney electoral competitiveness measure: 4-yr. moving average | 1973–2010 | Shufeld and Flavin’s four-year folded Ranney Index. Observed for 400 cases. | Shufeldt, Gregory, and Patrick Flavin. “Two Distinct Concepts: Party Competition in Government and Electoral Competition in the American States.” *State Politics and Policy Quarterly* 12.3. (2012):330-342.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **sf\_hvd\_8yr** | Shufeldt and Flavin’s H&VD electoral competitiveness measure: 8-yr. moving average | 1979–2010 | Shufeldt and Flavin’s eight-year Holbrook and Van Dunk measure. Observed for 247 cases. | Shufeldt, Gregory, and Patrick Flavin. “Two Distinct Concepts: Party Competition in Government and Electoral Competition in the American States.” *State Politics and Policy Quarterly* 12.3. (2012):330-342.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **sf\_ranney\_8yr** | Shufeldt and Flavin’s Ranney electoral competitiveness measure: 8-yr. moving average | 1979–2010 | Shufeld and Flavin’s eight-year folded Ranney Index. Observed for 200 cases. | Shufeldt, Gregory, and Patrick Flavin. “Two Distinct Concepts: Party Competition in Government and Electoral Competition in the American States.” *State Politics and Policy Quarterly* 12.3. (2012):330-342.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **sf\_hvd\_10yr** | Shufeldt and Flavin’s H&VD electoral competitiveness measure: 10-yr. moving average | 1979–2010 | Shufeldt and Flavin’s ten-year Holbrook and Van Dunk measure. Observed for 148 cases. | Shufeldt, Gregory, and Patrick Flavin. “Two Distinct Concepts: Party Competition in Government and Electoral Competition in the American States.” *State Politics and Policy Quarterly* 12.3. (2012):330-342.  Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **sf\_ranney\_10yr** | Shufeldt and Flavin’s Ranney electoral competitiveness | 1979–2010 | Shufeld and Flavin’s ten-year folded Ranney Index. Observed for 150 cases. | Shufeldt, Gregory, and Patrick Flavin. “Two Distinct Concepts: Party Competition in Government and Electoral Competition in the American States.” *State Politics and Policy Quarterly* 12.3. (2012):330-342. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | measure: 10-yr. moving average |  |  | Klarner, Carl, 2013, “Other Scholars’ Competitiveness Measures”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/QSDYLH) Harvard Dataverse, V1 |
| **overall\_fin\_reg** | Overall campaign finance stringency | 1992–2012 | An overall index measuring level of stringency in campaign finance regulations | Kulesza, Christopher; Witko, Christopher; Waltenburg, Eric, 2015, “State Campaign Finance Regulatory Stringency Index, 1992-2012”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY) Harvard Dataverse, V1. |
| **disclosure\_fin\_re g** | Campaign finance disclosure stringency | 1992–2012 | An index measuring level of stringency in campaign finance disclosure regulation. Coded as the total number of the following provisions enacted: 1) Aggregate expenditure reporting; 2) Aggregate contributions reporting; 3) Itemization of some categories of expenditures; 4) Itemization of some categories of contributions; 5) Itemization of expenditures over $50;  6) Itemization of contributions over  $50; 7) Requirement of final report within one month of an election; and 8) Requirement of reports on at least a quarterly basis. | Kulesza, Christopher; Witko, Christopher; Waltenburg, Eric, 2015, “State Campaign Finance Regulatory Stringency Index, 1992-2012”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY) Harvard Dataverse, V1. |
| **public\_fin\_reg** | Public campaign finance stringency | 1992–2012 | An index measuring level of public campaign financing and stringency of expenditure limit regulations. Coded as the total number of the following provisions enacted: 1) Total expenditure limit; 2) Check-off on tax return form for contribution to public financing; 3) Independent revenue source for public financing; 4) Public financing of statewide campaigns; 5) Public financing of state legislative campaigns; 6) Public financing of political parties; and 7) Equal distribution of public funds between candidates and parties. | Kulesza, Christopher; Witko, Christopher; Waltenburg, Eric, 2015, “State Campaign Finance Regulatory Stringency Index, 1992-2012”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY) Harvard Dataverse, V1. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **contrib\_fin\_reg** | Campaign contribution stringency | 1992–2012 | An index measuring stringency of campaign contribution regulations. Coded as the total number of the following provisions enacted: 1) Contribution limits on individuals; 2) Prohibition of direct corporate contributions; 3) Prohibition of direct labor union contributions; 4) Limits on corporate contributions (direct or PACs); 5) Limits on labor union contributions (direct or PACs); 6) Limits on candidate self-financing; and  7) Limits on candidate family contributions. | Kulesza, Christopher; Witko, Christopher; Waltenburg, Eric, 2015, “State Campaign Finance Regulatory Stringency Index, 1992-2012”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY) Harvard Dataverse, V1. |
| **indlimit** | Limit on individual campaign contributions | 1992–2010 | Does a limit on individual campaign contributions exist? 0 = no, 1 = yes | Kulesza, Christopher; Witko, Christopher; Waltenburg, Eric, 2015, “State Campaign Finance Regulatory Stringency Index, 1992-2012”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY) Harvard Dataverse, V1. |
| **famlimit** | Limit on family campaign contributions | 1992–2010 | Does a limit on family campaign contributions exist? 0 = no, 1 = yes | Kulesza, Christopher; Witko, Christopher; Waltenburg, Eric, 2015, “State Campaign Finance Regulatory Stringency Index, 1992-2012”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY) Harvard Dataverse, V1. |
| **candlimit** | Limit on candidate self- contributions | 1992–2010 | Does a limit on self-campaign contributions exist? 0 = no, 1 = yes | Kulesza, Christopher; Witko, Christopher; Waltenburg, Eric, 2015, “State Campaign Finance Regulatory Stringency Index, 1992-2012”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY) Harvard Dataverse, V1. |
| **corplimits** | Limit on corporate campaign contributions | 1992–2010 | Does a limit on corporate campaign contributions exist? 0 = no, 1 = yes | Kulesza, Christopher; Witko, Christopher; Waltenburg, Eric, 2015, “State Campaign Finance Regulatory Stringency Index, 1992-2012”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY) Harvard Dataverse, V1. |
| **unionlimits** | Limit on union campaign contributions | 1992–2010 | Does a limit on union campaign contributions exist? 0 = no, 1 = yes | Kulesza, Christopher; Witko, Christopher; Waltenburg, Eric, 2015, “State Campaign Finance Regulatory Stringency Index, 1992-2012”, [https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY,](https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/NLDUOY) Harvard Dataverse, V1. |
| **oelecsc** | State has nonpartisan elections for supreme court | 2001–2017 | State has nonpartisan elections for supreme court? (0 = no, 0.1 = retention only, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **oelectrial** | State has nonpartisan elections for trial courts | 2001–2017 | State has nonpartisan elections for trial courts?  0 = none, 0.1 = retention only (at minimum), 0.5 = some (some appointed), 1 = all) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **opartrial** | State has partisan elections for trial courts | 2001–2017 | State has partisan elections for trial courts? (0 = none, 0.5 = some, 1 = all) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **opartsc** | State has partisan elections for supreme court, including partisan nominating process if no party label on ballot | 2001–2017 | State has partisan elections for supreme court, including partisan nominating process if no party label on ballot? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tcorconcraw** | Limits on corporate contributions to house candidates, per election cycle | 2002–2016 | Limits on corporate contributions to house candidates, per election cycle (0  = prohibited, “none” = unlimited) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tcorconpraw** | Limits on corporate contributions to political parties, per election cycle | 2002–2016 | Limits on corporate contributions to political parties, per election cycle (0 = prohibited, “none” = unlimited) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tcorpacraw** | Limits on corporate contributions to PACs, per election cycle | 2002–2016 | Limits on corporate contributions to PACs, per election cycle (0 = prohibited, “none” = unlimited) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **tfullpub** | Full public financing for state election campaigns available | 2002–2016 | Full public financing for state election campaigns available? (0 = none, 0.1 = trial basis or a few state offices, 1 = all or most state elections) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tindconcraw** | Limits on individual contributions to house candidates, per election cycle | 2002–2016 | Limits on individual contributions to house candidates, per election cycle (0  = prohibited, “none” = unlimited) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tindconpraw** | Limits on individual contributions to political parties, per election cycle | 2002–2016 | Limits on individual contributions to political parties, per election cycle (0 = prohibited, “none” = unlimited) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tindpacraw** | Limits on individual contributions to PACs, per election cycle | 2002–2016 | Limits on individual contributions to PACs, per election cycle (0 = prohibited, “none” = unlimited) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tpacconcraw** | Maximum available limits on PAC (including super PAC)  contributions to house candidates, per election cycle | 2002–2016 | Maximum available limits on PAC (including super PAC) contributions to house candidates, per election cycle (ignoring expenditure limits) (0 = prohibited, “none” = unlimited) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tpacconpraw** | Maximum available limits on PAC contributions to political parties, per election cycle | 2002–2016 | Maximum available limits on PAC contributions to political parties, per election cycle (0 = prohibited, “none” = unlimited) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **tpartpub** | Some public financing for state election campaigns available | 2002–2016 | Some public financing for state election campaigns available? (0 = none, 0.1 = trial basis or a few state offices, 1 = all or most state elections) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tpfpps** | Some public financing for political parties available | 2002–2016 | Some public financing for political parties available? (no tax credits) (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ttaxadd** | Source of public funds a voluntary tax add-on only | 2002–2016 | Is the source of public funds a voluntary tax add-on only? (does not count check-off states) (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tlegses** | Bans on contributions during legislative session | 2002–2014 | Bans on contributions during legislative session (0 = none, 0.5 = all donors for certain fundraisers only, 1 = lobbyists only, 1.5 = lobbyists and all donors for certain fundraisers, 2 = all donors) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tcprc** | Index of corporate PAC regulation, candidate contributions | 2002–2016 | Index of corporate PAC regulation, candidate contributions  tcorpac \* tpacconc | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tcprp** | Index of corporate PAC regulation, party contributions | 2002–2016 | Index of corporate PAC regulation, party contributions  tcorpac \* tpacconp / 20 | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tgprc** | Index of grassroots PAC regulation, candidate contributions | 2002–2016 | Index of grassroots PAC regulation, candidate contributions  tindpac \* tpacconc | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tgprp** | Index of grassroots PAC regulation, party contributions | 2002–2016 | Index of grassroots PAC regulation, party contributions  tindpac \* tpacconp / 20 | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **tindconc** | Index of individual contributions to candidates | 2002–2016 | Index of individual contributions to candidates  tindconcraw / tpphd \* 2005 price level  / current price level (2 = no limit) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tindconp** | Index of individual contributions to parties | 2002–2016 | Index of individual contributions to parties  tindconpraw / apop \* 1000 \* 2005 price level / current price level (40 = no limit) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tindpac** | Index of individual contributions to PACs | 2002–2016 | Index of individual contributions to PACs  tindpacraw / apop \* 1000 \* 2005 price level / current price level (40 = no limit) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tpacconc** | Index of maximum available limits on PAC contributions to house candidates | 2002–2016 | Maximum available limits on PAC (including Super PACS) contributions to house candidates, per election cycle (ignoring expenditure limits) (0 = prohibited, “none” = unlimited)  tpacconcraw / tpphd \* 2005 price level  / current price level (2 = no limit) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tpacconp** | Index of maximum available limits on PAC contributions to political parties | 2002–2016 | Maximum available limits on PAC contributions to political parties, per election cycle (0 = prohibited, “none” = unlimited)  tpacconpraw / apop \* 1000 \* 2005 price level / current price level (40 = no limit) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tcorconc** | Index of limits on corporate contributions to house candidates | 2002–2016 | Limits on corporate contributions to house candidates, per election cycle (0  = prohibited, “none” = unlimited)  tcorconcraw / tpphd \* 2005 price level  / current price level (2 = no limit) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **tcorconp** | Index of limits on corporate contributions to political parties | 2002–2016 | Limits on corporate contributions to political parties, per election cycle (0 = prohibited, “none” = unlimited)  tcorconpraw / apop \* 1000 \* 2005 price level / current price level (40 = no limit) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tcorpac** | Index of limits on corporate contributions to PACs | 2002–2016 | Limits on corporate contributions to PACs, per election cycle (0 = prohibited, “none” = unlimited)  tcorpacraw / apop \* 1000 \* 2005 price level / current price level (40 = no limit) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **thd** | Number of state house districts | 2000–2016 | Number of state house districts | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tpphd** | Population divided by number of state house districts | 2000–2016 | Estimated population divided by number of state house districts apop / thd | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **tpubfin** | Public financing index | 2002–2016 | Public financing index  (tfullpub + (0.5 \* tpartpub) + (0.5 \* tpfpps)) / (1 + ttaxadd) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gov\_contrib** | Contributions to governor’s race | 1990–2016 | Total contributions for candidates in the state gubernatorial election | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **house\_contrib** | Contributions to state house/assembly races | 1990–2016 | Total contributions for candidates in the state House or Assembly elections | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **senate\_contrib** | Contributions to state senate races | 1990–2016 | Total contributions for candidates in the state Senate elections | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **court\_contrib** | Contributions to state supreme court races | 1988–2016 | Total contributions for candidates in the state Supreme Court elections | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ballot\_contrib** | Contribution to ballot measure committees | 2002–2016 | Total contributions for all ballot measure committees in the state | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **dem\_contrib** | Contributions to the state Democratic Party | 1996–2016 | Total contributions for the state Democratic party | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **rep\_contrib** | Contributions to the state Republican Party | 1996–2016 | Total contributions for the state Republican party | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **nonindiv\_contrib** | Contributions from non- individuals | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state candidates from non-individuals (e.g., labor unions, parties and candidates, business, PACs, etc.) | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_to\_incu mbs** | Contributions to state incumbents | 1986–2016 | Total contributions to all incumbent candidates running for state offices | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_to\_dems** | Contributions to state Democratic candidates | 1988–2016 | Total contributions to all Democratic candidates running for state offices | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_to\_reps** | Contributions to state Republican candidates | 1988–2016 | Total contributions to all Republican candidates running for state offices | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_to\_third party** | Contributions to state third-party candidates | 1990–2016 | Total contributions to all third-party candidates running for state offices | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_agri** | Contributions from the agricultural sector | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from contributors in the agricultural sector | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_candidat es** | Contributions from other political candidates | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from other candidates | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **contrib\_comm\_e lec** | Contributions from the communications and electronics sector | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from contributors in the communications and electronics sector | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_construc tion** | Contributions from the construction sector | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from contributors in the construction sector | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_defense** | Contributions from the defense sector | 1990–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from contributors in the defense sector | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_energy\_ natres** | Contributions from the energy and natural resources sector | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from contributors in the energy and natural resources sector | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_gov\_ed\_ other** | Contributions from government agencies, education, and other sectors | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from contributors in government agencies, education, and other sectors | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_health** | Contributions from the health sector | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from contributors in the health sector | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_ideo\_sin giss** | Contributions from the ideology/single- issue sector | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from contributors in the ideological and single-issue sectors | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_labor** | Contributions from the labor sector | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from contributors in the labor sector | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_lawyer\_l obby** | Contributions from the lawyer and lobbyist sector | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from contributors in the lawyer and lobbyist sector | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **contrib\_transp** | Contributions from the transportation sector | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from contributors in the transportation sector | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_unitemiz ed** | Contributions from un- itemized contributors | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from un-itemized contributors | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_fin\_ins\_ realestate** | Contributions from the finance, insurance, and real estate sector | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from contributors in the finance, insurance, real estate sector | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_public\_s ubsidy** | Contributions from public subsidies | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from public subsidies | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_business** | Contributions from the general business sector | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from contributors in the general business sector | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |
| **contrib\_party** | Contributions from the party | 1989–2016 | Total contributions to state office candidates from political parties | National Institute on Money in Politics. 2016. Helena, Montana. [www.followthemoney.org](http://www.followthemoney.org/) |

1. **Interest Groups**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **igdensity** | State interest group density | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Measure for the number of interest groups registered within a state. | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_ed** | Education state interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of education interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: school districts, principals | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | associations, unions, libraries, museums | Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_ag** | Agriculture and fisheries state interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of agriculture and fisheries interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: farm organizations, food processors, corp farms, seafood/fishing industry | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_bk** | Banking, finance, and real estate state interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of banking, finance, and real estate interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: banks, credit unions, investment companies, securities, stocks | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_in** | Insurance state interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of insurance interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: insurance companies (car, life, and home), brokers, associations, underwriters | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_mf** | Manufacturing interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of manufacturing interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: producers, manufacturing associations, paper mills, chemical companies, technology | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_cons** | Construction and housing interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of construction and housing interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: construction associations, construction firms, landlord associations, tenant unions | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_legal** | Legal practices and courts interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of legal practices and courts interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: bar associations, court employees, court services, law firms | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_sb** | Small business concerns and retailing interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of small business and retail interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: retail stores and chains, chamber of commerce, retail associations, distributors | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_health** | Health care practice, delivery, and disease interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of health care interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: health professionals associations, hospitals and health systems, health insurers and HMOs, mental health, veterinary, pharmacists | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_cir** | Civil rights, minority-issue interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of civil rights and minority- issues interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: minority groups, gay and lesbian issues, American Indian tribes. | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_hotel** | Hotel, restaurant, and liquor interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of hotel, restaurant, and liquor interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: hotel associations, restaurant, tourism, liquor distribution | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ig\_env** | Environmental preservation and conservation interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of environmental and conservation interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: environmental groups, air and water pollution, solid and water districts | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_rel** | Churches and religious organizations interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of religious interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: churches, Catholic conference, denominations, religious-based organizations | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_welf** | Human resource issues, welfare services interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of social welfare interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: social workers, non- health charities, welfare services, legal aid societies, consumer groups, animal rights, children’s services | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_resou** | Commercial resource development interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of commercial resource development interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups dedicated to: oil, timber, mining, gold, drilling | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_gg** | Good government and policy advocacy interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of good governance interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: good government citizen groups, political parties, government reform. | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_women** | Women’s issues interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of women’s issues interest groups registered in the state. Includes | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | groups focusing on issues such as: abortion, equal rights, domestic abuse | Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_util** | Utilities and energy interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of utility and energy interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: electric companies, sewer districts, utility regulation. | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_tax** | Tax issues and government regulations interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of tax and government regulation interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: taxpayer groups, homeowners, right to work, tax reform, workers’ compensation | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_comm** | Media and communication industry interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of media and communication interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: stations, newspapers, associations of media outlets, broadcasters, internet, publishing | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_tran** | Transportation companies, transit issues interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of transportation and transit interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: trucking companies, transit authorities, airlines, railroads | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_igr** | Governments and intergovernment al relations interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of governmental and intergovernmental relations interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: local government, public employees, government | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | officials, municipal associations, port authorities | Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_polf** | Police, fire, EMS, and corrections interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of police, fire, EMS, and corrections interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: fire departments, volunteer fire, EMS, correction workers, private security, bail agents | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_sport** | Sports, amusement parks, and clubs interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of sports and amusement park interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: attractions, auto clubs, gun groups, sports teams, stadiums, hunting | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_sofb** | Service and other firms interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of business service interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: payroll, public relations, consulting, advertising, architects, temp agencies | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_mil** | Military and veterans interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of military and veterans interest groups registered in the state. Includes groups such as: national guard, veterans’ groups, legions, VFW, reservists | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |
| **ig\_unk** | Unknown category for state interest groups | 1980, 1990,  1997, 1998,  1999, 2007 | Number of state interest groups registered in “unknown” category | Gray, Virginia, and David Lowery. “Interest Group Politics and Economic Growth in the U.S. States.” *The American Political Science Review* 82.1 (1988): 109–131.  Lowery, David, Virginia Gray, and John Cluverius. “Temporal Change in the Density of State Interest Communities 1980 to 2007.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.2 (2015): 263–286. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **christright\_inf** | Christian Right influence | 2000, 2004 | Index measuring the influence of Christian Right interest groups | Conger, Kimberly H. “A Matter of Context: Christian Right Influence in U.S. State Republican Politics.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 10.3 (2010): 248–269. |
| **union\_density** | Union density | 1974–2011 | Proportion of (non-agricultural) workforce represented by a union | Kelly, Nathan J., and Christopher Witko. “Government Ideology and Unemployment in the U.S. States.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 14.4 (2014): 389–413. |
| **bus\_ig** | Businesses in lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of businesses engaged in lobbying in each state for each year | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **nonprofit\_ig** | Social service nonprofit lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of social service nonprofits engaged in lobbying in each state for each year | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **citizen\_ig** | Citizen group and public interest group lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of citizen groups and public interest groups engaged in lobbying in each state for each year. | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **association\_ig** | Trade lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of trade or professional associations engaged in lobbying in each state for each year | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **gov\_ig** | Government agency lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of government agencies (and similar entities) engaged in lobbying in each state for each year | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **agriculture\_ig** | Agricultural lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of organizations coded as lobbying for agricultural businesses / interests | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **business\_ig** | Business lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of organizations coded as lobbying for general businesses / interests involved with general business, including the service and manufacturing sectors | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **education\_ig** | Educational lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of organizations coded as lobbying for educational interests | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **electronics\_ig** | Electronic lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of organizations coded as lobbying for electronic or technological businesses / interests | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **energy\_ig** | Energy lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of organizations coded as lobbying for energy and natural resources businesses / interests | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **entertainment\_ig** | Entertainment lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of organizations coded as lobbying for professional entertainment businesses / interests | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **finance\_ig** | Finance lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of organizations coded as lobbying for banking, insurance, and investment businesses / interests | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **government\_ig** | Government lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of organizations coded as lobbying for government agencies and related interests | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **health\_ig** | Health lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of organizations coded as lobbying for medical, health insurance, and related businesses / interests | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **ideological\_ig** | Ideological lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of organizations coded as lobbying for ideological or public interest causes not clearly associated with another sector (such as the ACLU) | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **lawyers\_ig** | Legal industry lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of organizations coded as lobbying for the legal industry and related interests | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **leisure\_ig** | Leisure industry lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of organizations coded as lobbying for the tourism, food, drink, and related businesses / interests | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **realestate\_ig** | Real estate lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of organizations coded as lobbying for real estate businesses / interests | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **socialservice\_ig** | Social service lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of organizations coded as lobbying for social service nonprofits and related interests | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |
| **transportation\_ig** | Transportation lobbying | 2006-2017 | The number of organizations coded as lobbying for transportation businesses / interests | Holyoke, Thomas T. "Dynamic state interest group systems: A new look with new data." Interest Groups & Advocacy 8, no. 4 (2019): 499-518. |

1. **Policy Scores and Public Opinion**
2. **Policy Liberalism and Innovativeness**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **avgec\_low** | Mean economic liberalism—low income respondents | 2000 | Mean economic liberalism score for low income citizens | Rigby, Elizabeth, and Gerald C. Wright. “Political Parties and Representation of the Poor in the American States.” *American Journal of Political Science* 57.3 (2013): 552–565. |
| **avgec\_mid** | Mean economic liberalism—mid income respondents | 2000 | Mean economic liberalism score for middle income citizens | Rigby, Elizabeth, and Gerald C. Wright. “Political Parties and Representation of the Poor in the American States.” *American Journal of Political Science* 57.3 (2013): 552–565. |
| **avgec\_high** | Mean economic liberalism—high income respondents | 2000 | Mean economic liberalism score for high income citizens | Rigby, Elizabeth, and Gerald C. Wright. “Political Parties and Representation of the Poor in the American States.” *American Journal of Political Science* 57.3 (2013): 552–565. |
| **avgsoc\_low** | Mean social liberalism—low income respondents | 2000 | Mean social liberalism score for low income citizens | Rigby, Elizabeth, and Gerald C. Wright. “Political Parties and Representation of the Poor in the American States.” *American Journal of Political Science* 57.3 (2013): 552–565. |
| **avgsoc\_mid** | Mean social liberalism—mid income respondents | 2000 | Mean social liberalism score for middle income citizens | Rigby, Elizabeth, and Gerald C. Wright. “Political Parties and Representation of the Poor in the American States.” *American Journal of Political Science* 57.3 (2013): 552–565. |
| **avsoc\_high** | Mean social liberalism—high income respondents | 2000 | Mean social liberalism score for high income citizens | Rigby, Elizabeth, and Gerald C. Wright. “Political Parties and Representation of the Poor in the American States.” *American Journal of Political Science* 57.3 (2013): 552–565. |
| **vavgec\_low** | Mean economic liberalism—low income voters | 2000 | Mean economic liberalism score for low income voting citizens | Rigby, Elizabeth, and Gerald C. Wright. “Political Parties and Representation of the Poor in the American States.” *American Journal of Political Science* 57.3 (2013): 552–565. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **vavgec\_mid** | Mean economic liberalism—mid income voters | 2000 | Mean economic liberalism score for middle income voting citizens | Rigby, Elizabeth, and Gerald C. Wright. “Political Parties and Representation of the Poor in the American States.” *American Journal of Political Science* 57.3 (2013): 552–565. |
| **vavgec\_high** | Mean economic liberalism—high income voters | 2000 | Mean economic liberalism score for high income voting citizens | Rigby, Elizabeth, and Gerald C. Wright. “Political Parties and Representation of the Poor in the American States.” *American Journal of Political Science* 57.3 (2013): 552–565. |
| **vavgsoc\_low** | Mean social liberalism—low income voters | 2000 | Mean social liberalism score for low income voting citizens | Rigby, Elizabeth, and Gerald C. Wright. “Political Parties and Representation of the Poor in the American States.” *American Journal of Political Science* 57.3 (2013): 552–565. |
| **vavgsoc\_mid** | Mean social liberalism—mid income voters | 2000 | Mean social liberalism score for middle income voting citizens | Rigby, Elizabeth, and Gerald C. Wright. “Political Parties and Representation of the Poor in the American States.” *American Journal of Political Science* 57.3 (2013): 552–565. |
| **vavgsoc\_high** | Mean social liberalism—high income voters | 2000 | Mean social liberalism score for high income voting citizens | Rigby, Elizabeth, and Gerald C. Wright. “Political Parties and Representation of the Poor in the American States.” *American Journal of Political Science* 57.3 (2013): 552–565. |
| **st\_ec** | Mean economic liberalism—all survey respondents | 2000 | Mean mass economic liberalism score | Rigby, Elizabeth, and Gerald C. Wright. “Political Parties and Representation of the Poor in the American States.” *American Journal of Political Science* 57.3 (2013): 552–565. |
| **st\_soc** | Mean social liberalism—all survey respondents | 2000 | Mean mass social liberalism score | Rigby, Elizabeth, and Gerald C. Wright. “Political Parties and Representation of the Poor in the American States.” *American Journal of Political Science* 57.3 (2013): 552–565. |
| **vst\_ec** | Mean economic liberalism—all voters | 2000 | Mean economic liberalism score for voting citizens | Rigby, Elizabeth, and Gerald C. Wright. “Political Parties and Representation of the Poor in the American States.” *American Journal of Political Science* 57.3 (2013): 552–565. |
| **vst\_soc** | Mean social liberalism—all voters | 2000 | Mean social liberalism score for voting citizens | Rigby, Elizabeth, and Gerald C. Wright. “Political Parties and Representation of the Poor in the American States.” *American Journal of Political Science* 57.3 (2013): 552–565. |
| **pollib\_lower** | State policy liberalism score—lower bounds | 1936–2014 | A yearly measure of the policy liberalism of states, based on a dynamic latent-variable model of 148 policies collected over time (lower bounds) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **pollib\_upper** | State policy liberalism | 1936–2014 | A yearly measure of the policy liberalism of states, based on a | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | score—upper bounds |  | dynamic latent-variable model of 148 policies collected over time (upper bounds) | September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **pollib\_median** | State policy liberalism score—median | 1936–2014 | A yearly measure of the policy liberalism of states, based on a dynamic latent-variable model of 148 policies collected over time (median) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **pollib\_sd** | State policy liberalism score—standard deviation | 1936–2014 | A yearly measure of the policy liberalism of states, based on a dynamic latent-variable model of 148 policies collected over time (standard deviation) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **innovatescore\_b oehmkeskinner** | Policy innovativeness score | 1913–2010 | Policy Innovativeness Score (i.e., the adoption of new policies sooner than other states) for each state for each year, based on 180 policies passed at the state level from 1913–2010. A higher score indicates a state is more innovative. Coverage for Alaska and Hawaii begin after 1959. | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **policyprioritysco re** | State policy priority score | 1982–2005 | A yearly score for each state which summarizes the degree to which that state’s governmental spending is devoted to policies that provide collective goods (e.g., education and highways) rather than particularized benefits (e.g., health care and welfare)  Notes: Values are set to a mean of zero; units are proportions; the difference between any two values shows the difference in spending allocated to collective goods | Jacoby, William G., and Saundra K. Schneider. “A New Measure of Policy Spending Priorities in the American States.” *Political Analysis* 17.1 (2008): 1–24. |

1. **Public Opinion, Partisanship, and Political Knowledge**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **know\_gov** | Knowledge of governor | 2007 | Percent of population who can correctly name their governor. | Jaeger, William P., Jeffrey Lyons, and Jennifer Wolak. “Political Knowledge and Policy Representation in the States.” *American Politics Research* 45.6 (2017): 907–938.  Source: Pew Research Center. 2007. “Public Knowledge of Current Affairs Little Changed by News and Information Revolutions.” |
| **know\_govparty** | Knowledge of governor’s party | 2006–2007 | Percent of population who can correctly name the party of their governor. | Jaeger, William P., Jeffrey Lyons, and Jennifer Wolak. “Political Knowledge and Policy Representation in the States.” *American Politics Research* 45.6 (2017): 907–938.  Source: Cooperative Congressional Election Study.  [https://cces.gov.harvard.edu](https://cces.gov.harvard.edu/) |
| **partisan\_knowle dge\_scale** | Partisan knowledge scale | 2007 | Number of items correct on the Cooperative Congressional Election Study’s partisan knowledge scale | Jaeger, William P., Jeffrey Lyons, and Jennifer Wolak. “Political Knowledge and Policy Representation in the States.” *American Politics Research* 45.6 (2017): 907–938.  Source: Cooperative Congressional Election Study.  [https://cces.gov.harvard.edu](https://cces.gov.harvard.edu/) |
| **soc\_capital** | Social capital | 1986–2009 | Hawes et al.’s measure of social capital | Hawes, Daniel P., Rene Rocha, and Kenneth Meier. “Social Capital in the 50 States: Measuring State-Level Social Capital, 1986–2004.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 13.1 (2013): 121–138. |
| **soc\_capital\_ma** | Weighted social capital (moving average) | 1984–2011 | Hawes et al.’s weighted moving average measure of social capital | Hawes, Daniel P., Rene Rocha, and Kenneth Meier. “Social Capital in the 50 States: Measuring State-Level Social Capital, 1986–2004.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 13.1 (2013): 121–138. |
| **state\_culture** | State culture type | 1966 | Elazar’s state political culture classification  (1 = moralistic; 2 = individualistic; 3 = traditionalistic) | Elazar, Daniel J. 1966. *American Federalism: A View from the States.* New York: Thomas Y. Crowell Company. |
| **fpvi** | Cook Partisan Voter Index | 2000–2014 | Cook Partisan Voter Index, state-level measure (+D, used for imputing land- use regulation, linearly interpolated between elections) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **citi6013** | Citizen ideology measure | 1960–2013 | Measure of citizen ideology, from liberal to conservative. Higher values indicate more liberal. | Berry, William D., Evan J. Ringquist, Richard C. Fording, and Russell L. Hanson. “Measuring Citizen and Government Ideology in the American States, 1960-93.” *American Journal of Political Science* 42.1 (1998): 327–  348. |
| **pid** | State party identification score | 1976–2011 | Yearly measure giving the proportion of Democratic identifiers minus the proportion of Republican identifiers in each state. A positive score indicates a more Democratic state citizenry | Erikson, Robert S., Gerald C. Wright, and John P. McIver. 1993. *Statehouse Democracy: Public Opinion, and Policy in the American States.* New York: Cambridge University Press. Data link: [http://php.indiana.edu/~wright1/](http://php.indiana.edu/%7Ewright1/) |
| **wpid** | Weighted state party identification score | 1976–2011 | Weighted yearly measure giving the proportion of Democratic identifiers minus the proportion of Republican identifiers in each state. A positive score indicates a more Democratic state citizenry | Erikson, Robert S., Gerald C. Wright, and John P. McIver. 1993. *Statehouse Democracy: Public Opinion, and Policy in the American States.* New York: Cambridge University Press. Data link: [http://php.indiana.edu/~wright1/](http://php.indiana.edu/%7Ewright1/) |
| **npid** | Number used to construct state party identification score | 1976–2011 | Number of respondents within a state- year used to create the proportion of partisan identifiers. | Erikson, Robert S., Gerald C. Wright, and John P. McIver. 1993. *Statehouse Democracy: Public Opinion, and Policy in the American States.* New York: Cambridge University Press. Data link: [http://php.indiana.edu/~wright1/](http://php.indiana.edu/%7Ewright1/) |
| **ideo** | State ideology score | 1976–2011 | Yearly measure giving the proportion of liberal identifiers minus the proportion of conservative identifiers in each state. A positive score indicates a more liberal state citizenry | Erikson, Robert S., Gerald C. Wright, and John P. McIver. 1993. *Statehouse Democracy: Public Opinion, and Policy in the American States.* New York: Cambridge University Press. Data link: [http://php.indiana.edu/~wright1/](http://php.indiana.edu/%7Ewright1/) |
| **wideo** | Weighted state ideology score | 1976–2011 | Weighted yearly measure giving the proportion of liberal identifiers minus the proportion of conservative identifiers in each state. A positive score indicates a more liberal state citizenry | Erikson, Robert S., Gerald C. Wright, and John P. McIver. 1993. *Statehouse Democracy: Public Opinion, and Policy in the American States.* New York: Cambridge University Press. Data link: [http://php.indiana.edu/~wright1/](http://php.indiana.edu/%7Ewright1/) |
| **mood** | Stimson’s policy mood measure | 1956–2010 | An over-time, state-level measure of Stimson’s (1999) policy mood | Enns, Peter K., and Julianna Koch. “Public Opinion in the U.S. States: 1956 to 2010.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 13.3 (2013): 349–372. |
| **democrat** | Democratic identifiers | 1956–2010 | An over-time measure of the percent of Democratic identifiers in each state | Enns, Peter K., and Julianna Koch. “Public Opinion in the U.S. States: 1956 to 2010.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 13.3 (2013): 349–372. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **republican** | Republican identifiers | 1956–2010 | An over-time measure of the percent of Republican identifiers in each state | Enns, Peter K., and Julianna Koch. “Public Opinion in the U.S. States: 1956 to 2010.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 13.3 (2013): 349–372. |
| **liberal** | Liberal identifiers | 1976–2010 | An over-time measure of the percent who identify as political liberals in each state | Enns, Peter K., and Julianna Koch. “Public Opinion in the U.S. States: 1956 to 2010.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 13.3 (2013): 349–372. |
| **conservative** | Conservative identifiers | 1976–2010 | An over-time measure of the percent who identify as political conservatives in each state | Enns, Peter K., and Julianna Koch. “Public Opinion in the U.S. States: 1956 to 2010.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 13.3 (2013): 349–372. |
| **extraversion** | State extraversion | 2008 | Mean score of state personality trait: extraversion (1-5 scale) | Rentfrow, P.J., S.D. Gosling, and J. Potter. “A Theory of the Emergence, Persistence, and Expression of Geographic Variation in Psychological Characteristics.” *Perspectives on Psychological Science* 3.5 (2008): 339–369. |
| **agreeableness** | State agreeableness | 2008 | Mean score of state personality trait: agreeableness (1-5 scale) | Rentfrow, P.J., S.D. Gosling, and J. Potter. “A Theory of the Emergence, Persistence, and Expression of Geographic Variation in Psychological Characteristics.” *Perspectives on Psychological Science* 3.5 (2008): 339–369. |
| **conscientiousnes s** | State conscientiousnes s | 2008 | Mean score of state personality trait: conscientiousness (1-5 scale) | Rentfrow, P.J., S.D. Gosling, and J. Potter. “A Theory of the Emergence, Persistence, and Expression of Geographic Variation in Psychological Characteristics.” *Perspectives on Psychological Science* 3.5 (2008): 339–369. |
| **neuroticism** | State neuroticism | 2008 | Mean score of state personality trait: neuroticism (1-5 scale) | Rentfrow, P.J., S.D. Gosling, and J. Potter. “A Theory of the Emergence, Persistence, and Expression of Geographic Variation in Psychological Characteristics.” *Perspectives on Psychological Science* 3.5 (2008): 339–369. |
| **openness** | State openness | 2008 | Mean score of state personality trait: openness (1-5 scale) | Rentfrow, P.J., S.D. Gosling, and J. Potter. “A Theory of the Emergence, Persistence, and Expression of Geographic Variation in Psychological Characteristics.” *Perspectives on Psychological Science* 3.5 (2008): 339–369. |
| **extraversion\_sd** | Standard deviation of state extraversion | 2008 | Standard deviation of scores of state extraversion | Rentfrow, P.J., S.D. Gosling, and J. Potter. “A Theory of the Emergence, Persistence, and Expression of Geographic Variation in Psychological Characteristics.” *Perspectives on Psychological Science* 3.5 (2008): 339–369. |
| **agreeableness\_sd** | Standard deviation of state agreeableness | 2008 | Standard deviation of scores of state agreeableness | Rentfrow, P.J., S.D. Gosling, and J. Potter. “A Theory of the Emergence, Persistence, and Expression of Geographic Variation in Psychological Characteristics.” *Perspectives on Psychological Science* 3.5 (2008): 339–369. |
| **conscientiousnes s\_sd** | Standard deviation of state conscientiousnes s | 2008 | Standard deviation of scores of state conscientiousness | Rentfrow, P.J., S.D. Gosling, and J. Potter. “A Theory of the Emergence, Persistence, and Expression of Geographic Variation in Psychological Characteristics.” *Perspectives on Psychological Science* 3.5 (2008): 339–369. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **neuroticism\_sd** | Standard deviation of state neuroticism | 2008 | Standard deviation of scores of state neuroticism | Rentfrow, P.J., S.D. Gosling, and J. Potter. “A Theory of the Emergence, Persistence, and Expression of Geographic Variation in Psychological Characteristics.” *Perspectives on Psychological Science* 3.5 (2008): 339–369. |
| **openness\_sd** | Standard deviation of state openness | 2008 | Standard deviation of scores of state openness | Rentfrow, P.J., S.D. Gosling, and J. Potter. “A Theory of the Emergence, Persistence, and Expression of Geographic Variation in Psychological Characteristics.” *Perspectives on Psychological Science* 3.5 (2008): 339–369. |
| **pro\_environmen t** | Pro-environment opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “too little” on the environment  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |
| **anti\_environmen t** | Anti- environment opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “too much” on the environment  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |
| **neutral\_environ ment** | Neutral environment opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “about the right amount” on the environment  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |
| **pro\_aid** | Pro-foreign aid opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “too little” on foreign aid  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **anti\_aid** | Anti-foreign aid opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “too much” on foreign aid  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |
| **neutral\_aid** | Neutral foreign aid opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “about the right amount” on foreign aid  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |
| **pro\_defense** | Pro-defense opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “too little” on defense  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |
| **anti\_defense** | Anti-defense opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “too much” on defense  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |
| **neutral\_defense** | Neutral defense opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “about the right amount” on defense  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) |  |
| **pro\_education** | Pro-education opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “too little” on education  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |
| **anti\_education** | Anti-education opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “too much” on education  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |
| **neutral\_educatio n** | Neutral education opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “about the right amount” on education  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |
| **pro\_welfare** | Pro-welfare opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “too little” on welfare for the poor  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |
| **anti\_welfare** | Anti-welfare opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “too much” on welfare for the poor | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) |  |
| **neutral\_welfare** | Neutral welfare opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “about the right amount” on welfare for the poor  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |
| **pro\_health** | Pro-health opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “too little” on health  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |
| **anti\_health** | Anti-health opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “too much” on health  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |
| **neutral\_health** | Neutral health opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “about the right amount” on health  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **pro\_race** | Pro-race opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “too little” on assistance to blacks  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |
| **anti\_race** | Anti-race opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “too much” on assistance to blacks  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |
| **neutral\_race** | Neutral race opinion | 1973–2012 | Estimated proportion of citizenry who believe we are spending “about the right amount” on assistance to blacks  (note: proportion for state-year is estimated by national sample from the General Social Survey and multilevel regression and post-stratification) | Kim, Sung Eun, and Johannes Urpelainen. “Environmental Public Opinion in  U.S. States, 1973–2012.” *Environmental Politics* 27.1 (2017): 89–114. |

1. **Criminal Justice and the Legal System**
2. **Criminal Justice Policies and Procedures**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **amber** | Alerts abduction of a minor | 1999–2004 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American states.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **antishack** | Prohibits shackling inmates in labor or recovery | 1999–2005 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **antistalk** | Prohibition of harassment and intimidation | 1990–1995 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **bootcamp** | Short-term programs for incarcerated youth (similar to military school) | 1982–1999 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **cpban** | Bans child pornography | 1974–2003 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **crimeviccomp** | State programs to compensate victims of crimes | 1965–1992 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **deathpen** | Post-Supreme Court reenactment of death penalty | 1972–1995 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dnafelon** | DNA collection of all convicted felons | 2000–2004 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dnaforexon** | Post-conviction exoneration using DNA evidence | 1997–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **furlough** | Releasing inmates daily for purposes of employment | 1967–1997 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **hazing** | Laws banning hazing | 1969–2004 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **meganslaw** | Requires information be made public regarding registered sex offenders | 1990–1999 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **cctheft** | Laws regulating punishment and protection of credit card theft | 1961–1999 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **childabuse** | Requirement of professionals to report cases of suspected abuse | 1963–1967 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **compcrime** | Law punishing hacking | 1978–2000 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **humantraffic** | Human trafficking law | 2003–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **insanity** | Making insanity plea more difficult | 1975-1998 | This variable was originally in long format, and it indicated the year of adoption by each state. It was reshaped to wide format and now indicates with 0 the years that the policy has not been adopted and with 1 the years that the policy has been adopted in each state. | Boushey, Graeme. "Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States." American Political Science Review 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, "State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0", https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **comsrv12** | Mandated community service after 1st or 2nd offense | 1982–2005 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **damagereduce** | Presence of a law that decreases monetary awards for injuries in lawsuits for seatbelt non-use | 1984–1995 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **discovery\_of\_ele ctronically\_stor** | Rules for the discovery of electronic documents in civil cases | 2009–2011 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **arbitration\_act\_ 1956** | Provides judicial facilitation of private dispute resolution (1956) | 1968–1987 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **arbitration\_act\_ 2000** | Provides judicial facilitation of private dispute resolution (2000) | 2001–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **attendance\_of\_o ut\_of\_state\_witn e** | Provides states with statutory authority to | 1931–1977 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | secure the |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; |
| attendance of a | Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |
| witness from | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, |
| outside the state | https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| in which the |  |
| criminal |  |
| proceeding or |  |
| grand jury |  |
| proceeding is |  |
| pending |  |
|  |  |  |  | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/> |
| **audio\_visual deposition** | Permit audio- visual means for taking depositions | 1980–1984 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **certification\_of\_ questions\_of\_la** | Empowers court to answer questions certified to it by a federal court, appellate, another state, or Canada and Mexico | 1970–1993 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
|  |  |  |  | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/> |
| **child\_abduction\_ prevention** | Provides states with tools to prevent child abduction | 2007–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **child\_custody\_ju risdiction\_and\_e** | Regulating child custody laws | 1970–2002 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **child\_witness\_tes timony\_by\_alter** | Allows children witnesses to provide testimony by alternate methods | 2003–2011 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **class\_actions** | Provides complete procedures to govern the conduct of a class action lawsuit | 1977–1980 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **collaborative\_la w\_act** | Regulates the use of collaborative law, a form of alternative dispute resolution | 2010–2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **collateral\_conseq uences\_of\_convi** | Addresses the penalties and disqualifications that individuals face incidental to criminal sentencing | 2014 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **conflicts\_of\_laws**  **\_limitations** | Applying limitations periods chosen by conflict of laws | 1983–2006 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **correction\_or\_cl arification\_of\_d** | Timely request for a correction or clarification from the publisher of a | 1995–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | defamation in order to maintain an action for defamation |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **declaratory\_judg ments\_act** | Authorizes courts to adjudicate actual controversies concerning legal rights and duties even though traditional remedies for damages or equitable relief are not available | 1922–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **electronic\_legal\_ material\_act** | Establishes an outcomes-based, technology- neutral framework for providing online legal material with the same level of trustworthiness traditionally provided by publication in a law book | 2012–2016 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **electronic\_recor dation\_of\_custod** | Improve the fairness and professionalism associated with electronic recordings | 2011–2014 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **electronic\_transa ctions\_act** | Establishes the legal equivalence of electronic records and signatures with paper writings and manually signed signatures | 1999–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **enforcement\_of\_ foreign\_judgmen ts** | Provides a simplified way of enforcing judgments entered in another state | 1953–1997 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **extradition\_and\_ rendition\_act\_m** | Provides two separate procedures to be used for the retrieval of wanted persons found in another state | 1985 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **insanity\_defense**  **\_and\_post\_trial\_** | Provides cognitive test for determining insanity | 1985 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_deposi tions\_and\_disco** | Provides simple procedures for courts in one state to issue subpoenas for out-of-state depositions | 2008–2016 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **interstate\_enforc ement\_of\_domes t** | Gives law enforcement and the courts a means of either warning off victimizers by weight of the law or by getting them into custody before actual harm occurs | 2001–2016 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **law\_on\_notarial**  **\_acts\_revised** | Provide a consistent framework for notarial acts | 2011–2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **mandatory\_disp osition\_of\_detain e** | Establishing rules for the prompt disposition of detainers | 1959–1980 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **mediation\_act** | Establishes a privilege of confidentiality for mediators and participants | 2003–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **model\_mandator y\_disposition\_of**  **\_d** | Establishing rules for the prompt disposition of detainers | 1968–1975 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **money\_services\_ act** | Provides a framework for | 2001–2016 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | dealing with money laundering issues unique to no depository providers of financial services |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **notarial\_acts\_19 82** | Simplifies rules for notarization | 1983–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **periodic\_paymen t\_of\_judgments\_ ac** | Pays damage awards over periods of time | 1986 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **post\_conviction\_ procedure\_act\_ m** | Allows for convicted to petition for relief if rights violated | 1970 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **power\_of\_attorn ey** | Provides for power of attorney | 2007–2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **prevention\_of\_a nd\_remedies\_for**  **\_h** | Laws aiming to prevent human trafficking | 2014–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **recognition\_and**  **\_enforcement\_of**  **\_c** | Enforces Canadian domestic violence orders | 2016–2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **recognition\_of\_s ubstitute\_decisi** | Allows substituting documents created in other jurisdictions | 2015–2016 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **rules\_of\_evidenc e\_1974** | Simplify and codify the rules pertaining to what may be introduced in evidence in any civil or criminal trial in a court of law | 1975–1980 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **status\_of\_convict ed\_persons\_act\_** | Defines rights of convicted people | 1968–1970 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **statutory\_form\_ power\_of\_attorn ey** | Regulates power of attorney | 1991–2006 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **unsworn\_declara tions\_act** | Permit the use of unsworn declarations made under penalty of | 2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | perjury in state courts |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **unsworn\_foreign**  **\_declarations\_ac t** | Permit, in state court proceedings, unsworn declarations under penalty of perjury to be executed by witnesses physically located outside the United States in lieu of affidavits, verifications, or other sworn court filings | 2002–2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **victims\_of\_crime**  **\_act\_model** | Regulating satisfaction of losses suffered from victims of crime | 1995 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **aboldeapen** | Death penalty reform | 1900–1969 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **animcruel** | Animal cruelty felony laws | 1900–2003 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **broadcom** | State law requiring broad community notification of sex offenders | 1990–1997 | Did state adopt state law requiring broad community notification of sex offenders? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **cappun** | Capital punishment | 1972–1982 | Did state adopt capital punishment? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **childabu** | Child abuse reporting legislation | 1963–1967 | Did state adopt child abuse reporting legislation? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **civinjaut** | Civil injunction authority | 1998–2001 | Did state adopt civil injunction authority? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **correct** | Strategic planning for corrections | 1970–1991 | Did state adopt strategic planning for corrections? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **crtadm** | Court administrators | 1937–1965 | Did state adopt court administrators? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **cyberstalk** | Cyberstalking definition and penalty | 1998–2001 | Did state adopt cyberstalking definition and penalty? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **harass** | Harassment crime | 1998–2001 | Did state adopt harassment crime? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **hatecrime** | State hate crime laws; laws establishing hate crimes against minorities | 1978–1994;  1978–2003 | Did state adopt state hate crime laws? (0 = no, 1 = yes)  0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329.  Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **idtheft** | ID theft protection; identity theft regulation | 1996–2001;  1996–2006 | Did state adopt ID theft protection? (0  = no, 1 = yes)  0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329.  Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **indorgris** | State law requiring notification to individuals/orga nizations at risk (sex offender policy) | 1994–1997 | Did state adopt state law requiring notification to individuals/organizations at risk (sex offender policy)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **juvct** | Juvenile court law | 1900–1959 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **juvisup** | Juveniles supervision compact | 1951–1966 | Did state adopt juveniles supervision compact? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **parolesup** | Parolees/probati oners supervision | 1931–1985 | Did state adopt parolees/probationers supervision? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **postdna** | Post-conviction DNA motions | 1997–2005 | Did state adopt post-conviction DNA motions? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **sexreginfo** | Access to sex offender registries | 1991–1997 | Did state adopt access to sex offender registries? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **shield** | Protections against compelling reporters to disclose sources in court | 1935–2009 | Did state adopt protections against compelling reporters to disclose sources in court? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **stalkdef** | Stalking definition and penalty | 1998–2001 | Did state adopt stalking definition and penalty? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **statrapage** | Age span provisions for statutory rape | 1950–1998 | Did state adopt age span provisions for statutory rape? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **strikes** | Felony sentencing guidelines for three strikes | 1993–1995 | Did state adopt felony sentencing guidelines for three strikes? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **viccomp** | Victims’ compensation | 1965–1988 | Did state adopt victims’ compensation? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **vicrtsamd** | Victims’ rights constitutional amendment | 1982–1999 | Did state adopt a victims’ rights constitutional amendment? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **death\_penalty** | Death penalty | 1936–2014 | Has the state abolished the death penalty? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_animal\_cruelt y\_felony** | Animal cruelty | 1936–2014 | Has the state made aggravated animal cruelty a first- or second-offense felony? (0 = no; 1 = there is a felony charge after repeated incidents; 2 = there is a felony charge on the first incident of animal abuse/cruelty/torture) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **regulation\_hate\_ crimes** | Hate crimes ban | 1981–2014 | Are hate crimes explicitly illegal in the state? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **regulation\_boeh mke\_shield** | Protections against compelling reporters to disclose sources | 1936–2013 | Does the state have a Shield Law protecting reporters from revealing their sources? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **regulation\_pain\_ suffering\_limits** | Pain and suffering limits in lawsuits | 1975–2012 | Are there limits on damages for pain and suffering in lawsuits? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **guncontrol\_stan d\_your\_ground** | Stand your ground law | 1993–2014 | Does the state have a “stand your ground” law? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **antibully** | Anti-bullying program | 1999–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Mallinson, Daniel J. “Building a better speed trap: Measuring policy adoption speed in the American states.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 16.1 (2016): 98-120.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **standground** | Post-2005 expansion of Stand Your Ground laws | 1994–2011 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Mallinson, Daniel J. “Building a better speed trap: Measuring policy adoption speed in the American states.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 16.1 (2016): 98-120.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **child\_pornograp hy** | State ban of child pornography | 1974–2001 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Makse, Todd, and Craig Volden. “The role of policy attributes in the diffusion of innovations.” *The Journal of Politics* 73.1 (2011): 108-124. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **hate\_crimes** | Does the state explicitly have hate crime legislation? | 1978–2002 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Makse, Todd, and Craig Volden. “The role of policy attributes in the diffusion of innovations.” *The Journal of Politics* 73.1 (2011): 108-124.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **retail\_theft** | Retail theft law | 1973–2000 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Makse, Todd, and Craig Volden. “The role of policy attributes in the diffusion of innovations.” *The Journal of Politics* 73.1 (2011): 108-124.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **stalking** | Does the state have anti- stalking legislation? | 1990–1998 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Makse, Todd, and Craig Volden. “The role of policy attributes in the diffusion of innovations.” *The Journal of Politics* 73.1 (2011): 108-124.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **victim\_notificati on** | State system for notifying victims of crime | 1979–2001 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Makse, Todd, and Craig Volden. “The role of policy attributes in the diffusion of innovations.” *The Journal of Politics* 73.1 (2011): 108-124.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **ddna** | Police may take DNA samples from arrestees | 2000–2016 | Police may take DNA samples from arrestees? (2 = all felony arrestees, 1.5  = all felony arrestees plus probable cause hearing before analysis/sample taking, 1 = certain felony arrestees, 0.5  = certain felony arrestees | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | analysis/sampling after probable cause hearing/indictment, 0 = no; +0.25 if can take from some misdemeanants) |  |
| **dprost** | Prostitution legalization local option | 1957–2016 | Prostitution legalization local option? (0 = no, 0.5 = independent practice only, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ohell** | State contains a judicial hellhole | 2003–2017 | State contains a judicial hellhole? (0 = no, 0.5 = watch list, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ojsl** | Joint and several liability abolished | 2001–2016 | Joint and several liability abolished? (0  = no, 0.5 = for personal injury/wrongful death only or exceptions for hazardous waste, drunk driving, medical/pharmaceutical, willful/wanton conduct of one defendant, or acting as employee, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **oliabrk** | Ranking of state liability systems: “SCORE” | 2001–2017 | Ranking of state liability systems: “SCORE” (see source: U.S. Chamber Institute for Legal Reform, 2006 State Liability Systems Ranking Study; higher scores indicate less tortious systems) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **oliabimp** | Mean imputed values for state tort system score | 2001–2016 | Mean imputed values for state tort system score (oliabrk) (imputation conducted using Amelia II package in R 3.4) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **oliabma** | Smoothed, three-year moving average of imputed state  tort system score | 2001–2016 | Smoothed, three-year moving average of imputed state tort system score | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ocases** | Statewide civil incoming caseloads per 100,000  population | 2012–2015 | Statewide civil incoming caseloads per 100,000 population | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **olawyers** | Lawyer concentration | 2001–2015 | Lawyer concentration (residuals of OLS autocorrelation-adjusted regression of oraacpc on ogdp, ogdppc, ogdpfin, ogdphc, ogdpman, and year fixed effects) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **oraacpc** | Resident active attorney count per 100 residents | 2001–2016 | Resident active attorney count per 100 residents (oraacraw / apop \* 100) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **oraacraw** | Resident active attorney count | 2001–2016 | Resident active attorney count (as of 12/31 of the prior year) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **otorts** | Tort suits per 100,000  residents | 2008 | Tort suits per 100,000 residents | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **opunburd** | Evidence standard of reckless/outrage ous/malicious conduct for punitive damages | 2001–2016 | Evidence standard of reckless/outrageous/malicious conduct for punitive damages? (0 = preponderance, 1 = clear and convincing, 2 = beyond reasonable doubt, 3 = no punitive damages) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **opuncap** | Blanket punitive or noneconomic damages cap | 2001–2016 | Blanket punitive or noneconomic damages cap? (0 = no, 1 = yes, 2 = all punitive damages prohibited) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rdeath** | State death penalty | 2000–2016 | Does the state have the death penalty? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

1. **Crime Statistics**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **cartheftrate** | Motor vehicle theft rate | 1960–2014 | Estimated motor vehicle theft rate by state: the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. A motor vehicle is self- propelled and runs on land surface and | U.S. Department of Justice, Uniform Crime Reporting Statistics - UCR Data Online. “Estimated motor vehicle theft rate by state.” <https://www.ucrdatatool.gov/Search/Crime/State/TrendsInOneVar.cfm> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | not on rails. Motorboats, construction equipment, airplanes, and farming equipment are specifically excluded from this category. | Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  Notes: v |
| **carthefttotal** | Motor vehicle theft total | 1960–2014 | Estimated motor vehicle theft total by state: the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. A motor vehicle is self- propelled and runs on land surface and not on rails. Motorboats, construction equipment, airplanes, and farming equipment are specifically excluded from this category. | U.S. Department of Justice, Uniform Crime Reporting Statistics - UCR Data Online. “Estimated motor vehicle theft total by state.” <https://www.ucrdatatool.gov/Search/Crime/State/TrendsInOneVar.cfm>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  Notes: vi |
| **murderrate** | Murder and non- negligent manslaughter rate | 1960–2014 | Estimated murder rate by state. Murder and non-negligent manslaughter: the willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another. Deaths caused by negligence, attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, and accidental deaths are excluded. | U.S. Department of Justice, Uniform Crime Reporting Statistics. “Estimated Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter Rate.” <https://www.ucrdatatool.gov/Search/Crime/State/TrendsInOneVar.cfm>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  Notes: The Program classifies justifiable homicides separately and limits the definition to: (1) the killing of a felon by a law enforcement officer in the line of duty; or (2) the killing of a felon, during the commission of a felony, by a private citizen. b.) Manslaughter by negligence: the killing of another person through gross negligence. Deaths of persons due to their own negligence, accidental deaths not resulting from gross negligence, and traffic fatalities are not included in the category Manslaughter by negligence. vii |
| **murdertotal** | Murder and non- negligent manslaughter total | 1960–2014 | Estimated murder total by state. Murder and non-negligent manslaughter: the willful (non- negligent) killing of one human being by another. Deaths caused by negligence, attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, and accidental deaths are excluded. | U.S. Department of Justice, Uniform Crime Reporting Statistics. “Estimated Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter Totals.” <https://www.ucrdatatool.gov/Search/Crime/State/TrendsInOneVar.cfm>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  Notes: The Program classifies justifiable homicides separately and limits the definition to: (1) the killing of a felon by a law enforcement officer in the line of duty; or (2) the killing of a felon, during the commission of a felony, by a private citizen. b.) Manslaughter by negligence: the killing of another person through gross negligence. Deaths of persons due to their own negligence, |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | accidental deaths not resulting from gross negligence, and traffic fatalities are not included in the category Manslaughter by negligence. viii |
| **propcrimerate** | Property crime rate | 1960–2014 | Estimated property crime rate by state. Larceny-theft (except motor vehicle theft): the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Examples are thefts of bicycles, motor vehicle parts and accessories, shoplifting, pocket- picking, or the stealing of any property or article that is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Attempted larcenies are included. Embezzlement, confidence games, forgery, check fraud, etc., are excluded. | U.S. Department of Justice, Uniform Crime Reporting Statistics - UCR Data Online. “Estimated property crime rate by state.” <https://www.ucrdatatool.gov/Search/Crime/State/TrendsInOneVar.cfm>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  Notes:ix |
| **propcrimetotal** | Property crime total | 1960–2014 | Estimated property crime total by state. Larceny-theft (except motor vehicle theft): the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Examples are thefts of bicycles, motor vehicle parts and accessories, shoplifting, pocket- picking, or the stealing of any property or article that is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Attempted larcenies are included. Embezzlement, confidence games, forgery, check fraud, etc., are excluded. | U.S. Department of Justice, Uniform Crime Reporting Statistics - UCR Data Online. “Estimated property crime total by state.” <https://www.ucrdatatool.gov/Search/Crime/State/TrendsInOneVar.cfm>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  Notes:x |
| **raperate** | Rape rate | 1960–2014 | Estimated rape rate by state. Data for this time period are based on the UCR’s old/legacy definition of rape (“forcible rape”: the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will). Rapes by force and attempts or assaults to rape, regardless of the age of the victim, are included. Statutory | U.S. Department of Justice, Uniform Crime Reporting Statistics - UCR Data Online. “Estimated Forcible Rape Rate.” <https://www.ucrdatatool.gov/Search/Crime/State/TrendsInOneVar.cfm>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  Notes:xi |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | offenses (no force used—victim under age of consent) are excluded. |  |
| **rapetotal** | Rape total | 1960–2014 | Estimated rape total by state. Data for this time period are based on the UCR’s old/legacy definition of rape (“forcible rape”: the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will). Rapes by force and attempts or assaults to rape, regardless of the age of the victim, are included. Statutory offenses (no force used—victim under age of consent) are excluded. | U.S. Department of Justice, Uniform Crime Reporting Statistics - UCR Data Online. “Estimated Forcible Rape Total.” <https://www.ucrdatatool.gov/Search/Crime/State/TrendsInOneVar.cfm>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  Notes:xii |
| **robrate** | Robbery rate | 1960–2014 | Estimated robbery rate by state. Definition: the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear. Number of robbery offenses per 100,000 people. | Federal Bureau of Investigation, Uniform Crime Reports. “Estimated robberies per 100,000 people.” <https://www.ucrdatatool.gov/Search/Crime/State/TrendsInOneVar.cfm>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |
| **vcrimerate** | Violent crime rate | 1960–2014 | Estimated violent crime rate by state. Violent crimes include murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. | U.S. Department of Justice, Uniform Crime Reporting Statistics - UCR Data Online. “Estimated Violent Crime Rate.” <https://www.ucrdatatool.gov/Search/Crime/State/TrendsInOneVar.cfm>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  Notes: National or state offense totals are based on data from all reporting agencies and estimates for unreported areas. See source organization for state-specific notes. |
| **vcrimetotal** | Violent crime total | 1960–2014 | Estimated violent crime total by state. Violent crimes include murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. | U.S. Department of Justice, Uniform Crime Reporting Statistics - UCR Data Online. “Estimated Violent Crime Total.” <https://www.ucrdatatool.gov/Search/Crime/State/TrendsInOneVar.cfm>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Notes: National or state offense totals are based on data from all reporting agencies and estimates for unreported areas. See source organization for state-specific notes. |
| **ocourts** | Index of plaintiff-friendly civil liability systems | 2003–2015 | Index of plaintiff-friendly civil liability systems (first principal component of oliabma, olawyers, ohell, olegal, opartsc, opartrial, opuncap, opunburd, ojsl), calculated with Stata 13.1 | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ocourts2** | Alternative index of plaintiff-friendly civil liability systems | 2001–2015 | Alternative index of plaintiff-friendly civil liability systems (first principal component of oliabma, olawyers, olegal, opartsc, opartrial, opuncap, opunburd, ojsl), calculated with Stata 13.1 | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rarrests** | Over-18 victimless crimes arrests as percentage of all arrests | 2000–2016 | Over-18 victimless crimes arrests as percentage of all arrests (sum of rweapa, rprosta, rgamba, rliquora, rloita) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rarrestsi** | Linearly interpolated and carried back values of “rarrests” | 2000–2016 | Linearly interpolated and carried back values of “rarrests” (over-18 victimless crimes arrests as a share of all over-18 arrests) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rdrenrat** | Drug enforcement rate | 2000–2014 | Drug enforcement rate = rdrugs / ruse (3-year moving average for 2004– 2012), multiplied by 100 | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rdrenrati** | Linearly interpolated and imputed based on “rdrugs” values of “rdrenrat” | 2000–2016 | Linearly interpolated and imputed based on “rdrugs” values of “rdrenrat” (drug enforcement rate) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rdrugs** | Arrests, 18 and over, for drug abuse violations, | 2000–2016 | Arrests, 18 and over, for drug abuse violations, divided by population | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | divided by population |  |  |  |
| **rdrugsa** | Arrests, 18 and over, for drug abuse violations, divided by all arrests, 18 and over | 2000–2016 | Arrests, 18 and over, for drug abuse violations, divided by all arrests, 18 and over | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rescsrc** | Relative prevalence of “escort” search term on Google, 2004–2015 | 2004–2016 | Relative prevalence of “escort” search term on Google, 2004–2015 | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rgamb** | Arrests, 18 and over, for gambling, divided by population | 2000–2016 | Arrests, 18 and over, for gambling, divided by population | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rgamba** | Arrests, 18 and over, for gambling, divided by arrests, 18 and over | 2000–2016 | Arrests, 18 and over, for gambling, divided by arrests, 18 and over | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rincarc** | Imprisonment rates of sentenced prisoners under jurisdiction of state and federal correctional authorities, year- end | 2000–2015 | Imprisonment rates of sentenced prisoners under jurisdiction of state and federal correctional authorities, year- end (over 1-year sentence, per 100,000 residents) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rincarcr** | Residuals of OLS regression of ln(rincarc) on ln(rviol), | 2000–2015 | Residuals of OLS regression of ln(rincarc) on ln(rviol), ln(rprop) with unit and year fixed effects, calculated | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | ln(rprop) with unit and year fixed effects |  | with Stata 15—fixed effects not included in predicted values |  |
| **rliquor** | Arrests, 18 and over, for liquor law violations, divided by population | 2000–2016 | Arrests, 18 and over, for liquor law violations, divided by population | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rliquora** | Arrests, 18 and over, for liquor law violations, divided by arrests, 18 and over | 2000–2016 | Arrests, 18 and over, for liquor law violations, divided by arrests, 18 and over | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rloit** | Arrests, all ages, for curfew and loitering law violations, divided by population | 2000–2016 | Arrests, all ages, for curfew and loitering law violations, divided by population | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rloita** | Arrests, all ages, for curfew and loitering law violations, divided by arrests, 18 and over | 2000–2016 | Arrests, all ages, for curfew and loitering law violations, divided by arrests, 18 and over | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rphone** | Prison collect phone call rate for 15 min. (in- state) | 2014–2017 | Prison collect phone call rate for 15 min. (in-state) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rprenrat** | Prostitution enforcement rate | 2004–2016 | Prostitution enforcement rate (rprost \* 100 / rescsrc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rprop** | Property crime rate per 100,000 residents | 2000–2016 | Property crime rate per 100,000 residents | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **rprost** | Arrests, 18 and over, for prostitution and commercialized vice violations, divided by population | 2000–2016 | Arrests, 18 and over, for prostitution and commercialized vice violations, divided by population | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rprosta** | Arrests, 18 and over, for prostitution and commercialized vice violations, divided by all arrests, 18 and over | 2000–2016 | Arrests, 18 and over, for prostitution and commercialized vice violations, divided by all arrests, 18 and over | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ruse** | Past month use of any illicit drug (percentages) | 2000–2014 | Past month use of any illicit drug (percentages) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rvcarrst** | Over-18 victimless crimes arrests as percentage of population | 2000–2016 | Over-18 victimless crimes arrests as percentage of population (sum of rweap, rprost, rgamb, rliquor, rloit) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rvcarrsti** | Linearly interpolated and carried-back values of “rvcarrst” | 2000–2016 | Linearly interpolated and carried-back values of “rvcarrst” (over-18 victimless crimes arrests as a share of population) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rviol** | Violent crime rate per 100,000 residents | 2000–2016 | Violent crime rate per 100,000 residents | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rweap** | Arrests, 18 and over, for carrying or possession of weapons, | 2000–2016 | Arrests, 18 and over, for carrying or possession of weapons, divided by population | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | divided by population |  |  |  |
| **rweapa** | Arrests, 18 and over, for carrying or possession of weapons divided by all arrests, 18 and over | 2000–2016 | Arrests, 18 and over, for carrying or possession of weapons divided by all arrests, 18 and over | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ddna2** | DNA database index, some arrestees without probable cause hearing | 2000–2016 | DNA database index, some arrestees without probable cause hearing (= ddna if ddna > 0.75, otherwise = 0) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gunbckcheck** | Firearm background checks (total number) | 1999–2017 | Number of firearm background checks conducted by the National Instant Criminal Background Check System per year by state. Data for 2012 are only January–September. | U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation. 2012. “NICS Firearm Background Checks.” https:/[/ww](http://www.fbi.gov/file-repository/nics_firearm_checks_-)w[.fbi.gov/file-repository/nics\_firearm\_checks\_-](http://www.fbi.gov/file-repository/nics_firearm_checks_-)  \_year\_by\_state\_type.pdf/view  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |

1. **Marriage and Family Laws**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **scovmar** | Covenant marriage option | 2000–2016 | Covenant marriage option (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **sbldtest** | Blood test required | 2000–2016 | Blood test required (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **scuzmar** | Cousin marriage legal | 2000–2016 | Cousin marriage legal (0 = first cousin marriage prohibited, 0.5 = legal under certain circumstances, 1 = first cousin marriage legal) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **slwp** | Waiting period between applying for and receiving license, in days | 2000–2016 | Waiting period between applying for and receiving license, in days | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **slwp2** | Waiting period between receipt of license and ability to marry | 2000–2016 | Waiting period between receipt of license and ability to marry | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **swait** | Total waiting period | 2000–2016 | Total waiting period (slwp + slwp2) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **adoption\_act\_19 53\_1969** | Act regulating adoption requirements and standards | 1971–1977 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **adoption\_act\_19 94** | Act regulating adoption requirements and standards (1994 version) | 1996 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **adult\_guardians hip\_and\_protecti v** | Mechanism for multi-state guardianship disputes | 2008–2016 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **deployed\_parent s\_custody\_and\_v is** | Addresses issues of child custody and visitation that arise when parents are deployed in | 2013–2016 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | military or other national service |  |  |  |
| **disposition\_of\_co mmunity\_proper t** | Preserves the rights of each spouse in property that was community property before the spouses moved to the non-community property state | 1973–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **guardianship\_an d\_protective\_pro c** | Procedures on the appointment and guardians of conservators of minors | 1987–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **interstate\_family**  **\_support\_act\_1** | Regulates interstate child support | 1993–1998 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
|  |  |  |  | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/> |
| **interstate\_family**  **\_support\_act\_2** | Regulates interstate child support (2001 version) | 2002–2007 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
|  |  |  |  | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/> |
| **interstate\_family**  **\_support\_act\_a m** | Regulates interstate child support (2008 version) | 2009–2016 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **marital\_propert y\_act** | Allows the family to be viewed as single economic unit | 1984 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **marriage\_and\_di vorce\_act\_model** | Minimizes the number of prohibited marriages and includes the concept of no- fault divorce | 1973–1978 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **parentage\_act** | Law of determination of parentage, paternity actions and child support | 2001–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **parentage\_act\_1 973** | Law of determination of parentage, paternity actions and child support (1973 version) | 1975–1989 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **premarital\_agre ement\_act** | Allows for agreement between spouses made before marriage to be effective upon marriage | 1985–2007 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **premarital\_and\_ marital\_agreeme nt** | Standardizes marital and pre- marital agreements | 2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **reciprocal\_enfor cement\_of\_supp or** | Facilitates interstate cooperation on collecting child support | 1968–1990 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **veterans\_guardi anship\_act\_1942** | Regulates guardianship of incompetent veterans and orphans of deceased veterans | 1942–1953 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **grandvist** | Grandparents’ visitation rights | 1964–1987 | Did state adopt grandparents’ visitation rights? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **genderrights\_nof ault\_divorce** | No-fault divorce | 1966–2014 | Does the state have a no-fault divorce policy? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **regulation\_boeh mke\_grandvist** | Grandparents’ visitation rights | 1964–1987 | Does the state have a law guaranteeing grandparents’ visitation rights? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **divorcerate** | Divorce rate | 1975–2004 | Provisional counts of divorces by state of occurrence per 1,000 total population. Data for 1996 are unavailable. | National Center for Health Statistics. “Divorce Rates by State.” <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/nvsr.htm>.  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |

1. **Education**
2. **Education Policy**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **ccb** | Community college bachelor’s degree | 1989–2006 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **cent** | Centralization of tuition control | 1985–2005 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dev\_s1** | Comprehensive remediation reform | 1988–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dev\_s10** | Delivery of remediation | 1988–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dev\_s2** | Accountability (such as reporting rates of enrollment and outcomes, performance- based funding) | 1996–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dev\_s3** | Financial support or reduction of the support for remediation (cost) | 2006–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dev\_s4** | Access to college placement exams and remediation before college | 1978–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dev\_s5** | Placement policies (placement examination, changes to placement criteria) | 1997–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dev\_s6** | Remedial credits counting toward financial aid | 2004–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dev\_s7** | Remedial credits counting or non- counting toward graduation and full-time status | 1989–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dev\_s8** | Remediation expanded or limited to certain sectors of higher education | 1996–2006 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dev\_s9** | Limits for remediation (time, credit hours, etc.) and punishment of unsuccessful students in the developmental education | 1996–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dual\_enroll** | Allowed to enroll in college while in high school | 1976–2005 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **inst\_tu\_und** | In-state tuition for undocumented immigrants | 2001–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **inst\_tu\_vet** | In-state tuition for veterans | 2006–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **collegesavings** | College savings plan | 1988–2002 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **eminentscholar** | State eminent scholar program | 1983–2007 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **governance\_refo rm** | Restructuring of state higher education governance structures | 1985–2001 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **meritaid** | Merit-based aid program | 1993–2005 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Lacy, T. Austin, and David A. Tandberg. “Rethinking policy diffusion: The interstate spread of ‘finance innovations’.” *Research in Higher*  *Education* 55.7 (2014): 627–649.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **arts** | Council on the arts | 1936–1980 | Did state adopt a council on the arts? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **chartersch** | Charter schools | 1991–1996 | Did state adopt charter schools? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **education** | Strategic planning for education | 1970–1991 | Did state adopt strategic planning for education? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **edutv** | Educational television | 1951–1966 | Did state adopt educational television? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **hsexit** | High school exit exams | 1976–1999 | Did state adopt high school exit exams? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **schoolchoi** | School choice | 1987–1992 | Did state adopt school choice? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **teacelm** | Teacher certification— elementary | 1930–1957 | Did state adopt teacher certification (elementary)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **athlete\_agents\_a ct** | Governs relations among student athletes, athlete agents, and educational institutions | 2001–2010 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **athlete\_agents\_a ct\_2015** | Revision of previous law— expands definition of | 2016–2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | student and athlete |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **minor\_student\_c apacity\_to\_borro w** | Provides that a student loan is enforceable against debtor | 1970–1973 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **echart** | Charter schools law | 2000–2016 | Charter schools law? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ecsalb** | Compulsory school age, lower bound | 2000–2016 | Compulsory school age, lower bound (minimum standard if set by local school district; age at which parental waivers not permitted) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ecsaub** | Compulsory school age, upper bound | 2000–2016 | Compulsory school age, upper bound (minimum standard if set by local school district; age at which parental waivers not permitted) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ecsyrs** | Compulsory school years | 2000–2016 | Compulsory school years (ecsaub – ecsalb) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **eevol** | Law permitting public school teachers to teach “weaknesses of evolution” | 2000–2016 | Law permitting public school teachers to teach “weaknesses of evolution” (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **effg** | Friedman Foundation grade of state regulations of private schools | 2006–2016 | Friedman Foundation grade of state regulations of private schools | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ehscurr** | Required subjects/curricul um for homeschoolers | 2000–2016 | Required subjects/curriculum for homeschoolers? (0 = none, 1 = subjects required, 2 = curriculum subject to approval/review) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ehslaw** | Homeschooling explicitly permitted by statute | 2000–2016 | Homeschooling explicitly permitted by statute? (0 = no, must use alternative options, 1= yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ehsnote** | Extent of homeschooling notice required | 2000–2016 | Extent of homeschooling notice required  0 = none; 1 = only basic identifying or attendance info must be submitted; 1.5  = curriculum and similar info must be submitted only once; 2 = curriculum, qualifications, or other info must be submitted) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ehsnotf** | Frequency of homeschooling notice required | 2000–2016 | Frequency of homeschooling notice required (0 = never, 1 = once, 2 = annually, 3 = more than annually) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ehsnoti** | Homeschooling notification index | 2000–2016 | Homeschooling notification index (ehsnotf \* ehsnote) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ehsrkr** | Extent of homeschool recordkeeping requirements | 2000–2016 | Extent of homeschool recordkeeping requirements (0 = none, 1 = attendance, 2 = teaching materials/record of instruction/progress reports) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ehsst** | Standardized testing or other official evaluation required | 2000–2016 | Standardized testing or other official evaluation required? (0 = none, 1 = periodic, 2 = annual or annual in high school and periodic in other grades) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ehstq** | Teacher qualifications required | 2000–2016 | Teacher qualifications required? (0 = some homeschooling options do not require teaching qualifications, 1 = some qualifications required under all homeschooling options) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ekind** | Kindergarten attendance required | 2000–2016 | Kindergarten attendance required? (0 = no, 1 = half-day, 2 = full day) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **emaps** | Mandatory state approval, where state has discretion, licensing, or accreditation of private schools | 2000–2016 | Mandatory state approval, where state has discretion, licensing, or accreditation of private schools? (0 = no, 0.5 = yes, with broad exemptions, 1= yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **emlpst** | Mandatory state licensure of private school teachers | 2000–2016 | Mandatory state licensure of private school teachers? (0 = no, 0.5 = yes, with broad exemptions, 1= yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **emrps** | Mandatory registration or licensing of private schools | 2000–2016 | Mandatory registration or licensing of private schools? (0 = no, 0.5 = yes, with broad exemptions, 1= yes)  (note: if approval is required, registration is also coded as being required) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **epsc** | Public school choice | 2000–2016 | Public school choice (0 = no mandatory open enrollment laws; .1 = inter or intra only under special circumstances; .5 = inter or intra for low-performing schools or other substantial qualifications; 1 = intradistrict mandatory; 1.5 = intradistrict mandatory or interdistrict for substantial populations; 2 = interdistrict mandatory) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **epscurr** | Extent of private school curriculum control | 2000–2016 | Extent of private school curriculum control  0 = none, 1 = general (subjects), 2 = detailed (content specified or approved by state)  (note: If examinations are required prior to graduation, this is considered a form of detailed curriculum control) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **etcd** | Tax credit/deduction law for scholarship contributions or educational expenses of parents | 2000–2016 | Tax credit/deduction law for scholarship contributions or educational expenses of parents?  (0 = none, 1 = for special needs only or otherwise very limited eligibility, OR credit 50% or less of donation, or low cap on credit; 2= broad eligibility for receipt OR contribution) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **evouch** | Publicly funded voucher law? | 2000–2016 | Publicly funded voucher law?  0 = no; 0.5 = yes, but limited to students with disabilities; 1 = yes, but limited to low-income families in poor school districts or to towns/counties that choose to tuition out or ESA limited to students with disabilities; 2 = yes, statewide, & includes families up to 185% of federal poverty guidelines or limited eligibility ESA; 3 = ESA with wide eligibility | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **education\_corpo ral\_punishment\_ ba** | Ban on corporal punishment in schools | 1970–2014 | Does the state ban corporal punishment in schools? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **education\_librar ysystem** | State library system | 1980–1948 | State library system (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **education\_school fordeaf** | School for deaf | 1936–1950 | School for deaf (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **education\_teache r\_cert\_elementar** | Teacher degree required— elementary school | 1936–1969 | In what year does the state require elementary school teachers to hold a degree? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **education\_teache r\_cert\_hs** | Teacher degree required—high school | 1936–1963 | In what year does the state require high school teachers to hold a degree? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_education\_bib lereading** | Allow Ten Commandments in schools | 1936–2013 | Does the state allow the Ten Commandments to be posted in educational institutions? (0 = no; 1 = the state has a policy permitting the Ten Commandments to be displayed on state/public property; 2 = the law mandates it is posted in a public institution/school) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_education\_mo ment\_of\_silence** | Moment of silence required | 1957–2014 | Does the state have a mandatory moment of silence period at the beginning of each school day? (0 = no; 1 = a period for reflection or prayer at the beginning of each day is permissible; 2 = state has a mandatory period for reflection or prayer at the beginning of each day) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **z\_education\_exp enditures\_per\_p up** | Education spending per pupil | 1936–2009 | What is the per capita spending on public education per pupil based on daily average attendance? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **z\_education\_hig her\_edu\_spendin g** | Per student spending on higher education | 1988–2013 | What is the per student subsidy for higher education? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **meritstateadmin** | Merit system for states (post- 1993) | 1993–2002 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Doyle, William R. “Adoption of merit-based student grant programs: An event history analysis.” *Educational evaluation and policy analysis* 28.3 (2006): 259-285.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **universalprek** | Universal pre-K education | 1995–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Curran, F. Chris. “Expanding downward: Innovation, diffusion, and state policy adoptions of universal preschool.” *Education Policy Analysis Archives/Archivos Analíticos de Políticas Educativas* 23 (2015).  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **enroll\_age** | School enrollment age | 1979-2010 | the age by which a child must enroll in school | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **drop\_age** | Earliest school dropout age | 1979-2010 | the earliest age at which a child is allowed to drop out of school | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **req\_sch** | School years required before dropping out | 1979-2010 | the number of years of schooling that a child must obtain before dropping out | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **CA** |  | 1979-2010 | = max{req\_sch,drop\_age - enroll\_age} | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **work\_age** | Earliest work age for child during school hours | 1979-2010 | the earliest age at which a child can get a permit to work during normal school hours | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **work\_sch** | Schooling years before child work during school hours | 1979-2010 | the number of years of schooling required before a child may get a permit to work during normal school hours | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **CL** |  | 1979-2010 | = max{work\_sch,work\_age - enroll\_age} | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **CA\_source** |  | 1979-2010 | The “source” variables indicate the section of the state code in which the relevant variables (e.g., enroll\_age or work\_sch) are specified | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **CL\_source** |  | 1979-2010 | The “source” variables indicate the section of the state code in which the relevant variables (e.g., enroll\_age or work\_sch) are specified | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **CA\_notes** |  | 1979-2010 | The “notes” variables contain further information that is relevant to the coding of laws for particular state-years | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **CL\_notes** |  | 1979-2010 | The “notes” variables contain further information that is relevant to the coding of laws for particular state-years | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **enrollment** |  | 1899, 1909; odd-numbered years from 1915 through 1937; 1938; odd-numbered years from 1939-57; 1962, 1963, 1965-2010 | the number of students enrolled in public primary and secondary schools in each state-year. These data are from various editions of the Biennial Survey of Education, the Biennial Digest of Education, and the Digest of Education Statistics. The specific source for any given state-year is reported in enrollmentSource | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **higherEdEnrollment** |  | 1899-1900, 1909-10, 1919-20, 1928-30, 1932, 1934, 1936, 1938-40, 1942, 1947-53, 1955-72, 1974-97, 1999-2000, 2004-06 | the number of state residents enrolled in higher-education institutions. The data are from various editions of the U.S. Statistical Abstract and from reports of the National Center for Education Statistics. The specific source for any given state-year is reported in higherEdEnrollmentSource. | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **instructionalStaffSalaries** | Mean salaries of instructional staff in primary and secondary schools | odd-numbered years from 1917 through 1959; 1962, 1963, 1965, 1967-74, 1977-81, 1983-89, 1991-2000 | reports the mean salaries of instructional staff in primary- and secondary-school teachers. Most instructional staff are teachers, but the category includes “supervisors [and] principals,” too. See Snyder and Hoffman 1995, Digest of Education Statistics 1995, National Center for Education Statistics, U.S. Department of Education, page 87. The data are from various editions of the Biennial Survey of Education in the United States and the Digest of Educational Statistics | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **numberOfTeachers** | Number of teachers in public primary and secondary schools | odd-numbered years from 1917 through 1959; 1962, 1963, 1965-2010 | the number of teachers in public primary and secondary schools in each state-year. These data are from various editions of the Biennial Survey of Education, the Biennial Digest of Education, and the Digest of Education Statistics. The specific source for any given state-year is reported in numberOfTeachersSource | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |
| **teacherSalaries** | Mean salaries of primary and secondary school teachers | 1957, 1962, 1965, 1969, 1979, 1981, 1983-2005, 2009-11 | reports the mean salaries of primary and secondary-school teachers. The data are from various editions of the Biennial Survey of Education in the United States and the Digest of Educational Statistics | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |

1. **Education Statistics**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **educspend** | State education spending | 1975–2001 | Total spending on elementary and secondary education in thousands of current dollars | Digest of Education Statistics. “Current expenditures for public elementary and secondary education, by state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1969-70 through 2007-08.” <http://nces.ed.gov/programs/digest/d10/tables/dt10_185.asp>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online) |
| **edtotalexpend** | Total education expenditures | 1989–2009 | Total dollars spent on educational expenditures, including state support expenditures for private school students and interest on long-term debt | National Center for Education Statistics. “Total Expenditures (State-Fin.)” <https://nces.ed.gov/ccd/elsi/>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online) |
| **enrollstudents** | Total enrolled students | 1987–2010 | The total number of students in a state who are enrolled in public school | National Center for Education Statistics. “Total Students (State).” <https://nces.ed.gov/ccd/elsi/> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online) |
| **edinstruct\_pct\_e xpend** | Instruction as percentage of educational expenditures | 1987–2009 | The percentage of current educational expenditures that is spent on instruction. Instruction expenditures are for services and materials directly related to classroom instruction and the interaction between teachers and students. Year recorded is the start of the school year, so 1987 is for the school year 1987–1988. | National Center for Education Statistics. “Instruction as Percentage of Current Expenditures (State-Fin.).” <https://nces.ed.gov/ccd/elsi/>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online) |
| **edinstruct\_expen d\_pstud** | Educational instruction expenditure per student | 1986–2008 | Dollars spent on instruction per student enrolled (as of fall semester).  Instruction expenditures are for services and materials directly related to classroom instruction and the interaction between teachers and students. Year recorded is the start of the school year, so 1986 is for the school year 1986–1987. | National Center for Education Statistics. “Instruction Expenditures Per Student (State-Fin.).” <https://nces.ed.gov/ccd/elsi/>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online) |
| **edattendrate** | Average school attendance rate | 1986–2009 | Average daily attendance as defined by state law or as defined by NCES divided by the total number of students in a state who are enrolled in public school. Year recorded is the start of the school year, so 1986 is for the school year 1986–1987. | National Center for Education Statistics. “Average Daily Attendance (State- Fin.); Total Students (State).” <https://nces.ed.gov/ccd/elsi/>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online) |
| **eddayattendrate** | Average daily school attendance total | 1986–2009 | Average daily attendance as defined by state law or as defined by NCES Raw Score. Year recorded is the start of the school year, so 1986 is for the school year 1986–1987. | National Center for Education Statistics. “Average Daily Attendance (State- Fin.); Total Students (State).” <https://nces.ed.gov/ccd/elsi/>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online) |
| **eddropoutrate** | Percent school dropout rate 9th– 12th grade | 2001–2009 | The count of grade dropouts divided by the enrollment base for the grade, 9th– 12th grade. | National Center for Education Statistics. “Total Dropout Rate - 9 - 12th grade (State).” <https://nces.ed.gov/ccd/elsi/>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **grad\_rate** | High school graduation rate | 2001–2007 | Averaged freshman graduation rate of public high school students | National Center for Education Statistics. “Averaged freshman graduation rates of public high school students and change in rates, by state: School years 2001–02 through 2007–08.” |
| **hsdiploma** | High school diploma | 1975–2006 | Raw percent; measures percent of population that has a high school diploma or higher (National Center for Education Statistics, State Comparisons of Education Statistics). This is a cross sectional variable reflecting the 1990 decennial census. | Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online) |
| **pupilteachratio** | Pupil-to-teacher ratio | 1987–2010 | Pupils enrolled per teacher | National Center for Education Statistics. “Pupil/Teacher Ratio (State).” <https://nces.ed.gov/ccd/elsi/>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online) |
| **mathscore4th** | Fourth grade math scores | 1992–2011 | Composite scale score on mathematics portion of National Assessment of Educational Progress exam. Not all years between 1992–2011 have scores. | National Center for Education Statistics. “Mathematics - 4th Grade - Composite Scale.” <https://nces.ed.gov/ccd/elsi/>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online) |
| **readscore4th** | Fourth grade reading scores | 1992–2011 | Composite scale score on reading portion of National Assessment of Educational Progress exam. Not all years between 1992–2011 have scores. | National Center for Education Statistics. “Reading - 4th Grade - Composite Scale.” <https://nces.ed.gov/ccd/elsi/>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online) |
| **twoyear\_tuition** | 2-year college tuition | 2004–2016 | Average in-district tuition and fees for a 2-year institution | College Board. “Trends in Higher Education.” Annual Survey of Colleges <https://nces.ed.gov/> |
| **fouryear\_tuition** | 4-year university tuition | 2004–2016 | Average in-state tuition and fees for a 4-year institution | College Board. “Trends in Higher Education.” Annual Survey of Colleges <https://nces.ed.gov/> |

1. **Healthcare and Health Insurance**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Dates** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **apology** | Physician apology protection laws | 1986–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Mallinson, Daniel J. “Building a better speed trap: Measuring policy adoption speed in the American states.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 16.1 (2016): 98-120.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **autism** | Requirement that insurance provide or offer some autism coverage | 1999–2012 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Mallinson, Daniel J. “Building a better speed trap: Measuring policy adoption speed in the American states.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 16.1 (2016): 98-120.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **breastdensity** | Breast density notification acts | 2009–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Mallinson, Daniel J. “Building a better speed trap: Measuring policy adoption speed in the American states.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 16.1 (2016): 98-120.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **newbornheartscr een** | Coverage for newborn screening for critical congenital heart disease | 2011–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Mallinson, Daniel J. “Building a better speed trap: Measuring policy adoption speed in the American states.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 16.1 (2016): 98-120.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **aging** | Strategic planning for aging | 1974–1991 | Did state adopt strategic planning for aging? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **banfaninc** | Ban on financial incentives for doctors to perform less costly procedures / prescribe less costly drugs | 1996–2001 | Did state adopt a ban on financial incentives for doctors to perform less costly procedures/prescribe less costly drugs? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **bangag** | Prohibits agreements that limit a doctor’s ability to inform patients of all treatment options | 1975–1996 | Did state adopt a prohibition on agreements that limit a doctor’s ability to inform patients of all treatment options? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **colcanscr** | Colorectal cancer screening | 1991–2007 | Did state adopt colorectal cancer screening? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **comage** | Committee on the aged | 1945–2003 | Did state adopt a committee on the aged? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **famcap** | Family cap exemptions | 1992–1998 | Did state adopt family cap exemptions? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **health** | Strategic planning for health services | 1985–1991 | Did state adopt strategic planning for health services? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **higissue** | Guaranteed issue of health insurance | 1990–1994 | Did state adopt guaranteed issue of health insurance? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **higrenew** | Guaranteed renewal of health insurance | 1990–1995 | Did state adopt guaranteed renewal of health insurance? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **hiport** | Health insurance portability | 1990–1995 | Did state adopt health insurance portability? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hiprecon** | Health insurance preexisting conditions limits | 1990–1994 | Did state adopt health insurance preexisting conditions limits? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **hmomod1** | Health maintenance organization model act (first) | 1973–1988 | Did state adopt health maintenance organization model act (first)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **hmomod2** | Health maintenance organization model act (second) | 1989–1995 | Did state adopt health maintenance organization model act (second)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **infanthear** | Newborn hearing screening | 1990–2008 | Did state adopt newborn hearing screening? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **kinship** | Kinship care program | 1998–2006 | Did state adopt a kinship care program? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **manclin** | Mandated coverage of clinical trials | 1994–2008 | Did state adopt mandated coverage of clinical trials? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **mntlhlth** | Mental health standards committee | 1955–1987 | Did state adopt a mental health standards committee? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **mothpen** | Mothers’ pensions | 1911–1931 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **msas** | Medical savings accounts | 1993–1997 | Did state adopt medical savings accounts? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **pdrugmon** | Prescription drug monitoring | 1940–1999 | Did state adopt prescription drug monitoring? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **rightdie** | Right to die | 1976–1988 | Did state adopt right to die legislation? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **sdce** | Dependent coverage expansion | 1994–2008 | Did state adopt dependent coverage expansion insurance for young adults? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | insurance for young adults |  |  |  |
| **snrpresc** | Senior prescription drugs | 1975–2001 | Did state adopt senior prescription drugs? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **anatomical\_gift\_ 1968** | Sets framework for the donation of organs and other body parts | 1970–1971 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **anatomical\_gift\_ act\_1987** | Framework for donation of organs and other body parts (1987 version) | 1988–2003 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **anatomical\_gift\_ act\_2006** | Framework for donation of organs and other body parts (2006 version) | 2007–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **rights\_of\_the\_ter minally\_ill\_act** | Rights for terminally ill act | 1985–1992 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **determination\_of**  **\_death\_act** | Sets medical standards for determining death | 1981–2014 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **durable\_power\_ of\_attorney** | Establishes power of | 1980–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | attorney for medical care and finances |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **duties\_to\_person s\_with\_medical\_i** | Provide for a minimum level of duty toward persons in an unconscious state | 1973–1978 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **health\_care\_deci sions\_act** | Provides right to refuse treatment | 1995–2005 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **health\_care\_info rmation\_act** | Provides for confidentiality of a patient’s health care records | 1987–1991 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **status\_of\_childre n\_of\_assisted\_c** | Protects children born through assisted conception | 1989–1989 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dpas** | Physician- assisted suicide legalized | 2000–2016 | Physician-assisted suicide legalized? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dtrans** | Statewide trans- fat ban in restaurants | 2000–2016 | Statewide trans-fat ban in restaurants? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hbfip** | Bans on financial incentives to | 2000–2010 | Bans on financial incentives to providers to withhold covered care? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | providers to withhold covered care |  |  |  |
| **hhrhip** | High-risk health insurance pool | 2000–2016 | High-risk health insurance pool? (0 = no; 0.1 = yes, but not open to new enrollees and numbers less than 1000;  0.5 = only for portability; 1 = yes or state high risk reinsurance plan) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hirr** | Individual rate review | 2000–2016 | Individual rate review (0 = file and use or no review, 0.5 = prior approval for only some products/companies, 1 = prior approval or strict MLR requirement) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hlhpmd** | Licensing of health plan medical directors | 2000–2010 | Licensing of health plan medical directors (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbalc** | Health insurance benefit mandates: alcoholism/subst ance abuse | 2000–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: alcoholism/substance abuse? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbalz** | Health insurance benefit mandates: Alzheimer’s | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: Alzheimer’s? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbas** | Health insurance benefit mandates: ambulatory surgery | 2000–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: Ambulatory surgery? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmspec** | Mandates direct access to providers | 2000–2010 | Mandates direct access to providers? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hsgrr** | Small-group rate review | 2000–2016 | Small-group rate review (0 = file and use or no review, 0.5 = prior approval for only some products/companies, 1 = prior approval) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hsrp** | Standing referrals to specialists mandated | 2000–2010 | Standing referrals to specialists mandated? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hcsf** | COBRA  continuation coverage expanded to firms with less than twenty employees | 2000–2014 | COBRA continuation coverage expanded to firms with less than twenty employees? (0 = no, 0.5 = employers have option of continuation or conversion, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hgccrl** | Mandatory group conversion coverage rating limits for small firm employees | 2000–2010 | Mandatory group conversion coverage rating limits for small firm employees (0 = no, 0.1 = only in very limited cases, 0.5 = only for some policies, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hgccsf** | Mandatory group conversion coverage for small firm employees | 2000–2010 | Mandatory group conversion coverage for small firm employees?  0 = no; 0.1 = conversion mandated only in case of divorce or dependents aging off plan; 0.5 = a broad class of insurers is exempted (e.g., HMOs or non-HMOs); 0.9 = choice between continuation and conversion coverage is allowed but one is mandated; 1 = yes | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hgii** | Individual market guaranteed issue | 2000–2016 | Individual market guaranteed issue?  0 = no; 1 = some products/individuals/companies (insurer of last resort); 2 = all products | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hgiself** | Guaranteed issue of health plans for self- employed or groups of one | 2000–2016 | Guaranteed issue of health plans for self-employed or groups of one? (0 = no, 1 = yes) (after PPACA, which  \*prohibits\* group-of-one plans: 1) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hindgii** | Nongroup guaranteed issue | 2000–2016 | Nongroup guaranteed issue: hgiself + hgii | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hierb** | Individual health insurance: elimination riders banned | 2000–2016 | Individual health insurance: elimination riders banned? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **himand** | Individual health insurance mandate | 2000–2016 | Individual health insurance mandate? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hirate** | Individual market rate restrictions | 2000–2016 | Individual market rate restrictions  (0 = none; 0.5 = other rating bands; 1 = age or health rating bands; 1.5 = rate bands plus premium caps for high risk pool policies; 2 = adjusted community rating; 2.5 = community rating with exceptions for some plans; 3 = pure community rating) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmer** | Mandated external review for certain types of grievances | 2000–2016 | Mandated external review for certain types of grievances? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmfree** | “Mandate-free” or “mandate- light” health insurance policies permitted | 2000–2016 | “Mandate-free” or “mandate-light” health insurance policies permitted? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hsgrate** | Small group health insurance | 2000–2016 | Small group health insurance market rate restrictions (0 = no rating restrictions, 1 = rate bands, 2 = | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | market rate restrictions |  | adjusted community rating, 3 = pure community rating) |  |
| **nlabel** | Mandatory labeling law | 2000–2016 | Mandatory labeling law? (0 = none, 0.1  = GMOs, 0.05 = GMOs, but only takes effect with other states, 1 = all potential carcinogens) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **boehmke\_snrpre sc** | Senior prescription drugs | 1975–2001 | Does the state provide pharmaceutical coverage or assistance for seniors who do not qualify for Medicaid? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **regulation\_force d\_sterlizations** | Forced sterilizations | 1945–1974 | Does the state have a forced sterilization program? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **regulation\_physi cian\_suicide** | Physician- assisted suicide | 1998–2014 | Does the state allow physician-assisted suicide? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **imitcontsub** | Regulating imitation prescription drugs | 1962–1999 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **nurse\_reg** | Nursing practice regulations | 2013 | Scope of practice regulations by state (American Association of Nurse Practitioners classification)  1 = restricted practice; 2 = reduced practice; 3 = full practice | Perloff, Jennifer, Sean Clarke, Catherine M. DesRoches, Monica O’Reilly- Jacob, and Peter Buerhaus. 2017. “Association of State-Level Restrictions in Nurse Practitioner Scope of Practice With the Quality of Primary Care Provided to Medicare Beneficiaries.” *Medical Care Research and Review* https://doi.org/10.1177/1077558717732402. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **universal\_health**  **\_care** | Universal health care bill | 1988–1994 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Gray, Virginia, David Lowery, James Monogan, and Erik K. Godwin. “Incrementing toward nowhere: Universal health care coverage in the states.” *Publius: The Journal of Federalism* 40.1 (2009): 82–113.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **popgovhealthins** | Total population (in thousands) with government health insurance | 1999–2019 | Number of people, in thousands, that have government health insurance. Government health insurance includes plans funded by governments at the federal, state, or local level. People as of March of the following year. The major categories of government health insurance are Medicare, Medicaid, the Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP), military health care, state- specific plans, and Indian Health Service (IHS). | United States Census Bureau. “Table HIB-4. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by State All People: 1999 to 2011.”  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown Universit[y. http://stateminder.org/](http://stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online)  Notes: The monthly CPS collects primarily labor force data about the civilian noninstitutionalized population living in the United States. Interviewers ask questions concerning labor force participation about each member 15 years old and over in sample households. People as of March of the following year. This survey’s estimation procedure adjusts weighted sample results to agree with independently derived population estimates of the civilian noninstitutionalized population of the United States and each state (including the District of Columbia). |
| **popnohealthins** | Total population (in thousands) with no health insurance | 1999–2019 | Numbers of people, in thousands, with no health insurance. They report not having either private insurance provided through an employer, union, or purchased from a private insurance company, or government insurance funded at the state, federal, or local level. People as of March of the following year. | United States Census Bureau. “Table HIB-4. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by State All People: 1999 to 2011.”  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  Notes: The monthly CPS collects primarily labor force data about the civilian noninstitutionalized population living in the United States. Interviewers ask questions concerning labor force participation about each member 15 years old and over in sample households. This survey’s estimation procedure adjusts weighted sample results to agree with independently derived population estimates of the civilian noninstitutionalized population of the United States and each state (including the District of Columbia). |
| **popprivhealthins** | Total population (in thousands) | 1999–2019 | Numbers of people, in thousands, with private health insurance. Private health insurance is coverage by a health plan | United States Census Bureau. “Table HIB-4. Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type of Coverage by State All People: 1999 to 2011.” |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | with private health insurance |  | provided through an employer or union or purchased by an individual from a private health insurance company.  People as of March of the following year. | Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  Notes: The monthly CPS collects primarily labor force data about the civilian noninstitutionalized population living in the United States. Interviewers ask questions concerning labor force participation about each member 15 years old and over in sample households. This survey’s estimation procedure adjusts weighted sample results to agree with independently derived population estimates of the civilian noninstitutionalized population of the United States and each state (including the District of Columbia). |
| **employer\_tot\_pc t** | Percentage with employer- sponsored coverage | 2008–2017 | State’s total percentage of adults with employer-sponsored health insurance coverage | Kaiser Family Foundation, State Health Facts: [https://www.kff.org/private-](https://www.kff.org/private-insurance/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-2/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D) [insurance/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-](https://www.kff.org/private-insurance/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-2/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D) [2/?currentTimeframe=0&sortModel=%7B%22colId%22:%22Location%22,](https://www.kff.org/private-insurance/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-2/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D)  [%22sort%22:%22asc%22%7D](https://www.kff.org/private-insurance/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-2/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D) |
| **employer\_female**  **\_pct** | Percentage of women with employer- sponsored coverage | 2008–2017 | State’s total percentage of women with employer-sponsored health insurance coverage | Kaiser Family Foundation, State Health Facts: [https://www.kff.org/private-](https://www.kff.org/private-insurance/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-2/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D) [insurance/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-](https://www.kff.org/private-insurance/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-2/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D) [2/?currentTimeframe=0&sortModel=%7B%22colId%22:%22Location%22,](https://www.kff.org/private-insurance/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-2/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D)  [%22sort%22:%22asc%22%7D](https://www.kff.org/private-insurance/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-2/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D) |
| **uninsured\_tot\_p ct** | Percentage with no coverage | 2008–2017 | State’s total percentage of adults with no health insurance coverage | Kaiser Family Foundation, State Health Facts: [https://www.kff.org/uninsured/state-indicator/rate-by-](https://www.kff.org/uninsured/state-indicator/rate-by-gender/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D) [gender/?currentTimeframe=0&sortModel=%7B%22colId%22:%22Location](https://www.kff.org/uninsured/state-indicator/rate-by-gender/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D)  [%22,%22sort%22:%22asc%22%7D](https://www.kff.org/uninsured/state-indicator/rate-by-gender/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D) |
| **uninsured\_femal e\_pct** | Percentage of women with no coverage | 2008–2017 | State’s total percentage of women with no health insurance coverage | Kaiser Family Foundation, State Health Facts: [https://www.kff.org/uninsured/state-indicator/rate-by-](https://www.kff.org/uninsured/state-indicator/rate-by-gender/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D) [gender/?currentTimeframe=0&sortModel=%7B%22colId%22:%22Location](https://www.kff.org/uninsured/state-indicator/rate-by-gender/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D)  [%22,%22sort%22:%22asc%22%7D](https://www.kff.org/uninsured/state-indicator/rate-by-gender/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D) |
| **medicaid\_tot\_pct** | Percentage covered by Medicaid | 2008–2017 | State’s total percentage of adults with health insurance coverage from Medicaid | Kaiser Family Foundation, State Health Facts: [https://www.kff.org/medicaid/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-](https://www.kff.org/medicaid/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-3/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D) [3/?currentTimeframe=0&sortModel=%7B%22colId%22:%22Location%22,](https://www.kff.org/medicaid/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-3/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D)  [%22sort%22:%22asc%22%7D](https://www.kff.org/medicaid/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-3/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D) |
| **medicaid\_female**  **\_pct** | Percentage of women covered by Medicaid | 2008–2017 | State’s total percentage of women with health insurance coverage from Medicaid | Kaiser Family Foundation, State Health Facts: [https://www.kff.org/medicaid/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-](https://www.kff.org/medicaid/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-3/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D) [3/?currentTimeframe=0&sortModel=%7B%22colId%22:%22Location%22,](https://www.kff.org/medicaid/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-3/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D)  [%22sort%22:%22asc%22%7D](https://www.kff.org/medicaid/state-indicator/rate-by-gender-3/?currentTimeframe=0&amp;sortModel=%7B%22colId%22%3A%22Location%22%2C%22sort%22%3A%22asc%22%7D) |
| **med\_enroll\_adul t** | Adult Medicaid enrollees | 2011 | Number of Medicaid enrollees in the adult enrollment group | Kaiser Family Foundation. “Distribution of Medicaid Enrollees by Enrollment Group.” |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| **med\_enroll\_aged** | Aged Medicaid enrollees | 2011 | Number of Medicaid enrollees in the aged enrollment group | Kaiser Family Foundation. “Distribution of Medicaid Enrollees by Enrollment Group.” |
| **med\_enroll\_chil d** | Child Medicaid enrollees | 2011 | Number of Medicaid enrollees in the children enrollment group | Kaiser Family Foundation. “Distribution of Medicaid Enrollees by Enrollment Group.” |
| **med\_enroll\_disa b** | Disability Medicaid enrollees | 2011 | Number of Medicaid enrollees in the disability enrollment group | Kaiser Family Foundation. “Distribution of Medicaid Enrollees by Enrollment Group.” |
| **med\_enroll\_total** | Total Medicaid enrollees | 2011 | Total number of Medicaid enrollees | Kaiser Family Foundation. “Distribution of Medicaid Enrollees by Enrollment Group.” |
| **med\_spend\_adul t** | Spending on adult Medicaid enrollees | 2011 | Total Medicaid spending on enrollees in the adult enrollment group | Kaiser Family Foundation. “Medicaid Spending by Enrollment Group.” |
| **med\_spend\_aged** | Spending on aged Medicaid enrollees | 2011 | Total Medicaid spending on enrollees in the aged enrollment group | Kaiser Family Foundation. “Medicaid Spending by Enrollment Group.” |
| **med\_spend\_chil d** | Spending on child Medicaid enrollees | 2011 | Total Medicaid spending on enrollees in the children enrollment group | Kaiser Family Foundation. “Medicaid Spending by Enrollment Group.” |
| **med\_spend\_disa b** | Spending on disability Medicaid enrollees | 2011 | Total Medicaid spending on enrollees in the disability enrollment group | Kaiser Family Foundation. “Medicaid Spending by Enrollment Group.” |
| **med\_spend\_total** | Total Medicaid spending | 2011 | Total Medicaid spending | Kaiser Family Foundation. “Medicaid Spending by Enrollment Group.” |
| **healthspendpc** | Health spending per capita | 1991–2009 | Health care expenditures per capita (in dollars), measuring spending for all privately and publicly funded personal health care services and products (hospital care, physician services, nursing home care, prescription drugs, etc.) by state of residence | Kaiser Family Foundation. “Health Care Expenditures per Capita by State of Residence.” <http://kff.org/other/state-indicator/health-spending-per-capita/>.  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  Notes: Original Data Sources: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (2011), Health Expenditures by State of Residence. Retrieved (December 2011) at  <http://www.cms.gov/NationalHealthExpendData/downloads/resident-state-> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | estimates.zip. Hospital spending is included and reflects the total net revenue (gross charges less contractual adjustments, bad debts, and charity care).  Costs such as insurance program administration, research, and construction expenses are not included in this total. |
| **infantmortality** | Infant mortality rate | 1999–2005;  2014–2017 | Number of infant deaths per thousand live births | Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Vital Stats. Fetal Death Files.  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online)  For 2014–2017: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics: [https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/pressroom/sosmap/infant\_mortality\_rates/infant\_m](https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/pressroom/sosmap/infant_mortality_rates/infant_mortality.htm) [ortality.htm](https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/pressroom/sosmap/infant_mortality_rates/infant_mortality.htm) |
| **lowincchildren\_n umber** | Number of low- income uninsured children | 1999–2017 | Number of uninsured children below 200% of the poverty line | University of Kentucky Center for Poverty Research. 2019. “UKCPR National Welfare Data, 1980-2017.” Lexington, KY. <http://ukcpr.org/resources/national-welfare-data> |
| **sqli** | Quality of life index ranking | 1992–2012 | State Quality of Life Index ranking | Pallay, Geoff. 2012. Ballotpedia and The Lucy Burns Institute. |
| **wellbeing** | Overall well- being index ranking | 2008–2012 | Gallup-Healthway Ranking of Well- being Index. (Based on: life evaluation, physical health, emotional health, healthy behavior, work environment, and basic access) | Gallup and Healthways. “Well-Being Index.”  Provided by: Pallay, Geoff. 2012. Ballotpedia and The Lucy Burns Institute. |
| **health\_rank** | Overall health ranking | 1992–2012 | United Health Foundation’s Ranking of Overall Health. (Based on: smoking, binge drinking, obesity, sedentary lifestyle, high school graduation, violent crime, occupational fatalities, children in poverty, infectious disease, air pollution, lack of health insurance, public health funding, immunization coverage, low birthweight, primary care physicians, and preventable hospitalizations) | United Health Foundation. “America’s Health Rankings.”  Provided by: Pallay, Geoff. 2012. Ballotpedia and The Lucy Burns Institute. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hmdadop** | Health insurance mandated dependent coverage: adopted children | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated dependent coverage: adopted children (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmdcond** | Continuation/de pendents | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated dependent coverage: continuation/dependents (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmdcone** | Continuation/em ployees | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated dependent coverage: continuation/employees (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmdconv** | Conversion to non-group | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated dependent coverage: conversion to non-group (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmddp** | Domestic partners | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated dependent coverage: domestic partners (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmdds** | Dependent students | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated dependent coverage: dependent students (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmdep** | Elderly parent | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated dependent coverage: elderly parent (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmdfc** | Foster children | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated dependent coverage: foster children (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmdhd** | Handicapped dependents | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated dependent coverage: handicapped dependents (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmdlnr** | Legal non- residents | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated dependent coverage: legal non-residents (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmdncc** | Non-custodial children | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated dependent coverage: non-custodial children (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hmdgc** | Grandchildren | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated dependent coverage: grandchildren (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmdnew** | Newborns | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated dependent coverage: newborns (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmdindex** | Health insurance mandated dependent coverage index | 2006–2010 | Health insurance mandated dependent coverage index (each mandate weighted by percentage added cost to average health insurance policy, according to Coalition for Affordable Health Insurance) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpacu** | Health insurance mandated providers: acupuncturists | 2000–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: acupuncturists (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpbc** | Birthing centers | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: birthing centers (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpcouns** | Professional counselors | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: professional counselors (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpfna** | First nurse assistant | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: first nurse assistant (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmplhp** | Licensed health professional | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: licensed health professional (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmplm** | Lay midwives | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: lay midwives (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpmt** | Marriage therapists | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: marriage therapists (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hmpna** | Nurse anesthetists | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: nurse anesthetists (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpnm** | Nurse midwives | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: nurse midwives (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpnp** | Nurse practitioners | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: nurse practitioners (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpos** | Oral surgeons | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: oral surgeons (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpot** | Occupational therapists | 2000–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: occupational therapists (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmppa** | Physician assistants | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: physician assistants (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmppc** | Pastoral counselors | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: pastoral counselors (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmppm** | Pain management specialist | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: pain management specialist (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmppsyn** | Psychiatric nurse | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: psychiatric nurse (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmppt** | Physical therapists | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: physical therapists (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmppub** | Public or other facilities | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: public or other facilities (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hmpsht** | Speech or hearing therapists | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: speech or hearing therapists (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpsw** | Social workers | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: social workers (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpchp** | Chiropodist | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: chiropodist (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpchx** | Chiropractors | 2000–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: chiropractors (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpdenti** | Dentists | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: dentists (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpdentu** | Denturists | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: denturists (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpdiet** | Dieticians | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: dieticians (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpmass** | Massage therapists | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: massage therapists (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpnat** | Naturopaths | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: naturopaths (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpnur** | Nurses | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers: nurses (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpopti** | Opticians | 2000–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: opticians (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hmpopto** | Optometrists | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: optometrists (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpost** | Osteopaths | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: osteopaths (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpphar** | Pharmacists | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: pharmacists (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmppod** | Podiatrists | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: podiatrists (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmppsych** | Psychologists | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandated providers: psychologists (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmpindex** | Health insurance mandated providers index | 2006–2008 | Health insurance mandated providers index (each mandate weighted by percentage added cost to average health insurance policy, according to Coalition for Affordable Health Insurance) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbocs** | Health insurance benefit mandates: Ovarian cancer screening | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: ovarian cancer screening (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbois** | Other infertility services | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: other infertility services (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmboldu** | Off-label drug use | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: off- label drug use (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbop** | Orthotics/prosth etics | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: orthotics/prosthetics (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hmborm** | Oriental medicine | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: oriental medicine (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbors** | Ostomy-related Supplies | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: ostomy-related supplies (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbpas** | Pediatric asthma education/self- management | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: pediatric asthma education/self- management (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbpcs** | Prostate cancer screening | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: prostate cancer screening (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbpd** | Prescription drugs | 2000–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: prescription drugs (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbpi** | Prescription inhalant | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: prescription inhalant (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbpku** | PKU/formula | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: PKU/formula (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbps** | Protein screening | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: protein screening (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbpse** | Port-wine stain elimination | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: port-wine stain elimination (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbrcs** | Residential crisis services | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: residential crisis services (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbrec** | Reconstructive surgery | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: reconstructive surgery (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hmbrs** | Rehabilitation services | 2000–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: rehabilitation services (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbshv** | Shingles vaccine | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: shingles vaccine (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbspf** | Special footwear | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: special footwear (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbsso** | Second surgical opinion | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: second surgical opinion (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbtcs** | Minimum testicular cancer stays | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: minimum testicular cancer stays (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbhh** | Home health care | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: home health care (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbhp** | Hair prostheses | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: hair protheses (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbhpv** | HPV vaccine | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: HPV vaccine (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbhrt** | Heart transplant | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: heart transplant (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbhs** | Habilitative services | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: habilitative services (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbhyst** | Minimum hysterectomy stay | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: minimum hysterectomy stay (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hmbivf** | In vitro fertilization | 2000–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: in vitro fertilization (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbkd** | Kidney disease | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: kidney disease (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbltc** | Long-term care | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: long-term care (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmblyed** | Lymph edema | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: lymph edema (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmblyme** | Lyme disease | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: Lyme disease (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbmast** | Mastectomy | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: mastectomy (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbmats** | Maternity stay | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: maternity stay (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbmhp** | Mental health parity | 2000–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: mental health parity (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbmot** | Morbid obesity treatment | 2000–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: morbid obesity treatment (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbndt** | Neurodevelopm ent therapy | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: neurodevelopment therapy (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbnhs** | Newborn hearing screening | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: newborn hearing screening (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hmbnsct** | Newborn sickle- cell testing | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: newborn sickle-cell testing (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbbm** | Bone marrow transplants | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: bone marrow transplants (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbbmass** | Bone mass measurement | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: bone mass measurement (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbbp** | Blood products | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: blood products (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbbr** | Breast reconstruction | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: breast reconstruction (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbbri** | Brain injury | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: brain injury (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbcc** | Cervical cancer/HPV screening | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: cervical cancer/HPV screening (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbcm** | Cancer pain medications | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: cancer pain medications (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbcong** | Congenital bleeding disorders | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: congenital bleeding disorders (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbcp** | Cleft palate | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: cleft palate (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbcrc** | Colorectal cancer screening | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: colorectal cancer screening (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hmbct** | Clinical trials | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: clinical trials (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbda** | Dental anesthesia | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: dental anesthesia (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbdat** | Drug abuse treatment | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: drug abuse treatment (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbdd** | Developmental disabilities | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: developmental disabilities (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbds** | Diabetic supplies | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: diabetic supplies (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbdsm** | Diabetes self- management | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: diabetes self-management (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbem** | Emergency services | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: emergency services (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbha** | Hearing aid | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: hearing aid (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbhc** | Hospice care | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: hospice care (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbac** | Ambulatory cancer treatment | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: ambulatory cancer treatment (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbamb** | Ambulance services | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: ambulance services (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hmbap** | Anti-psychotic drugs | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: anti-psychotic drugs (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbast** | Asthma education | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: asthma education (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbbci** | Bilateral cochlear implant | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: bilateral cochlear implant (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbbl** | Blood lead poisoning | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: blood lead poisoning (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbtmj** | TMJ disorders | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: TMJ disorders (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbwcc** | Well-child care | 2000–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: well-child care (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbwt** | Wilm’s tumor | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: Wilm’s tumor (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbaut** | Autism | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: autism (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbche** | Chemotherapy | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: chemotherapy (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbchl** | Chlamydia | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: chlamydia (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbcirc** | Circumcision | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: circumcision (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **hmbcont** | Contraceptives | 2000–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: contraceptives (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbmamm** | Mammogram | 2006–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: mammogram (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbmat** | Maternity | 2000–2016 | Health insurance benefit mandates: maternity (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbmstay** | Mastectomy stay | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: mastectomy stay (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbtele** | Telemedicine | 2006–2008 | Health insurance benefit mandates: telemedicine (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmbindex** | Health insurance mandated benefits index | 2006–2010 | Health insurance mandated benefits index (each mandate weighted by percentage added cost to average health insurance policy, according to Coalition for Affordable Health Insurance) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmindex** | Health insurance mandates index | 2006–2010 | Health insurance mandates index: hmdindex + hmpindex + hmbindex | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmindex2** | Health insurance mandates index including only “major” mandates that are available over time | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandates index including only “major” mandates that are available over time (hmpopti, hmpot, hmpchx, hmpacu, hmbwcc, hmbrs, hmbpd, hmbmot, hmbmhp, hmbmat, hmbivf, hmbcont, hmbas, hmbalc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **hmindex3** | Health insurance mandates index including only “major” mandates that | 2006–2016 | Health insurance mandates index including only “major” mandates that are available over time and not subject to the federal essential benefits | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” State Politics & Policy Quarterly 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | are available over time and not subject to the federal essential benefits requirements |  | requirements (hmpopti, hmpchx, hmpacu, hmbivf) |  |
| **doctorsPerCapita** | Number of doctors per capita | decadal years from 1900-2010 | the number of doctors per capita | Bullock, John G. "Education and attitudes toward redistribution in the United States." British Journal of Political Science (2020): 1-21. |

1. **Welfare Policy**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **mothersaid** | Mothers’ aid cash assistance program | 1911–1931 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Mallinson, Daniel J. “Building a better speed trap: Measuring policy adoption speed in the American states.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 16.1 (2016): 98-120.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **adc** | Aid to Dependent Children (Social Security) | 1936–1955 | Did state adopt Aid to Dependent Children (Social Security)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **aidperm** | Aid to permanently / totally disabled | 1950–1969 | Did state adopt aid to the permanently/totally disabled? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **blind** | Aid to the blind (Social Security) | 1936–1982 | Did state adopt aid to the blind (Social Security)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **oldagea** | Old age assistance (Social Security) | 1936–1938 | Did state adopt old age assistance (Social Security)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **timelim** | Time limits on welfare benefits | 1993–1996 | Did state adopt time limits on welfare benefits? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **afdc\_up** | AFDC-UP  policy | 1961–1990 | Does the state participate in the AFDC- UP (AFDC-Unemployed Parent) program? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **medicaid\_statea doption** | State adoption of Medicaid | 1966–1983 | Does the state have a Medicaid program? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **x\_chip\_children** | CHIP—  eligibility level for children | 1998–2012 | What is the CHIP eligibility level for children? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **x\_chip\_infants** | CHIP—  eligibility level for infants | 1998–2012 | What is the CHIP eligibility level for infants? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **x\_chip\_pregnant women** | CHIP—  eligibility level for pregnant women | 1998–2012 | What is the CHIP eligibility level for pregnant women? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **x\_chip\_pregnant women\_prebba** | Medicaid— eligibility for pregnant women | 1990–1997 | What is the Medicaid eligibility level for pregnant women? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **z\_ssi\_afdc\_famili es\_payments** | AFDC—benefits for average family | 1936–1992 | What is the average level of benefits per family under the Aid for Families with Dependent Children program? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **z\_ssi\_blind\_pay ments** | Aid to blind— payments per recipient | 1936–1965 | What is the average monthly payment per recipient for the permanently blind or disabled? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **z\_ssi\_blind\_pay ments\_post1965** | Aid to blind— payments per recipient (post- 1965) | 1966–1972 | What is the average monthly payment per recipient for the permanently blind or disabled? (post-1965) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **z\_ssi\_disabled\_p ayments** | Aid to disabled— payments per recipient | 1951–1965 | What is the average monthly payment per recipient for the permanently blind or disabled? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **z\_ssi\_disabled\_p ayments\_post196 5** | Aid to disabled— payments per recipient (post- 1965) | 1966–1972 | What is the average monthly payment per recipient for the permanently blind or disabled? (post-1965) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **z\_ssi\_ga\_paymen ts\_per\_case** | General assistance payments per case | 1937–1963 | What is the average monthly payment per case for general assistance (an early form of welfare)? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **z\_ssi\_ga\_paymen ts\_per\_recipient** | General assistance payments per recipient | 1964–1980 | What is the average monthly payment per recipient for general assistance (an early form of welfare)? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **z\_ssi\_old\_age\_pa yments** | Old age assistance— payments per recipient | 1936–1965 | What is the average monthly payment per recipient per recipient for old age assistance? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **z\_ssi\_old\_age\_pa yments\_post1965** | Old age assistance— payments per recipient (post- 1965) | 1965–1972 | What is the average monthly payment per recipient per recipient for old age assistance? (post-1965) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **z\_tanf\_initialelig** | TANF—initial eligibility level | 1996–2013 | What is the initial eligibility level for benefits for a family of three under the Temporary Aid for Needy Families Program? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **z\_tanf\_maxpaym ent** | TANF—max payment | 1990–2013 | What is the maximum level of benefits under the Temporary Aid for Needy | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | Families program for a family of three with no income? | September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **z\_tanf\_payments perfamily** | TANF—average payments per family | 2006–2010 | What is the average monthly level of benefits per family under the Temporary Aid for Needy Families program? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

1. **Rights and Anti-Discrimination Protections**

**A. Women’s and Gender Rights Policy**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Dates** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **dera** | State constitution prohibits government discrimination on basis of sex | 1957–2016 | State constitution prohibits government discrimination on basis of sex? (0 = no,  0.5 = yes, in some decisions, 1 = yes, broadly) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **breastfeed** | Allows public breastfeeding | 1993–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Mallinson, Daniel J. “Building a better speed trap: Measuring policy adoption speed in the American states.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 16.1 (2016): 98-120.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **equalpay** | Equal pay for females | 1919–1966 | Did state adopt equal pay for females? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **offwmh** | Special agent/office for women’s health | 1993–2009 | Did state adopt a special agent/office for women’s health? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **pubbrefeed** | Allowance of breastfeeding in public | 1993–2008 | Did state adopt a law allowing breastfeeding in public? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **genderrights\_ge nder\_equal\_pay** | Equal pay for females | 1936–1972 | Does the state have a law providing for equal pay for women working in the same job? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **genderrights\_era**  **\_ratification** | Equal Rights Amendment ratified | 1972–2014 | Has the state ratified the Equal Rights Amendment? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **genderrights\_jur y\_service** | Jury service for women | 1936–1967 | Can women serve on juries? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **genderrights\_sta te\_eras** | State equal rights law | 1971–2014 | Has the state passed a state-level equivalent to the Equal Rights Amendment? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **genderrights\_ge nder\_discriminat ion** | Gender discrimination laws | 1961–1964 | Does the state ban hiring discrimination on the basis of gender? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **genderrights\_ge nder\_discriminat ion\_laws\_post19 64** | Gender discrimination laws (post-1964) | 1965–2014 | Does the state ban hiring discrimination on the basis of gender? (post-1964) (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **gender\_gap** | Gender pay gap | 2005, 2010,  2019 | Size of the gender wage gap in the state, expressed as a percentage | “Zippia’s Annual Gender Pay Gap Report for 2019.” <https://www.zippia.com/research/gender-pay-gap/#by-state> |

1. **Abortion and Reproductive Rights Policy**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **admittpriv** | Requirement that abortion clinics must have admitting privileges | 2011–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **const\_protect** | The state constitution protects access to abortion | 1981–2002 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **contr\_eq** | Contraceptive equality | 1998–2010 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **emcont\_avail** | Requires availability of emergency contraception | 1997–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **foca** | Codifies *Roe v. Wade* in state | 1973–2006 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **funds\_avail** | Requires contraceptive equality | 1982–1995 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **fundslife** | Bans public funding to be used for abortion | 1977–1990 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **fundslifehea** | Bans public funding for abortion, but with more exceptions | 1985–2002 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **gagrule** | Public employees can’t provide information on abortion | 1991–2010 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **gap** | Pharmacists are not allowed to deny prescriptions | 2005–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **ide** | Ban on intact dilation and extraction | 1995–2000 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **infconsent** | Requires informed consent procedure for abortions | 1973–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **ins\_stateexch** | Bans abortion coverage in state exchanges | 2011–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **insprivate** | Ban on insurance coverage by private insurance for abortions | 1978–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **inspublic** | Ban on insurance coverage by public insurance for abortions | 1978–2011 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **inswaiver** | Requires waivers for abortion coverage | 1978–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **medicalrest** | Restrictions on medical abortions | 2001–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **license\_plates** | Allow pro- choice license plates | 2003–2010 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **licenseplate** | Allow pro-life license plates | 2000–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **clinic\_access** | No-protest zone around abortion clinic | 1973–2005 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **fetaldispos** | Disposal of fetal remains regulation | 1980–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **fetalheart** | Bans abortion after fetal heartbeat | 2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **fetalhomic** | Establishing fetal personhood | 1970–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **fetalpain** | Requires anesthetic for fetus for abortions | 2011–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Kreitzer, Rebecca J. “Politics and morality in state abortion policy.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 15.1 (2015): 41–66.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **continsurance** | Mandates contraception coverage by insurance | 1996–2010 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Mallinson, Daniel J. “Building a better speed trap: Measuring policy adoption speed in the American states.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 16.1 (2016): 98–120.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **infertility** | Requirement that insurance provide fertility services | 1987–2002 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Mallinson, Daniel J. “Building a better speed trap: Measuring policy adoption speed in the American states.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 16.1 (2016): 98–120.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **trap** | Targeted Regulation of Abortion Providers (TRAP) Laws | 1978–2005 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Mallinson, Daniel J. “Building a better speed trap: Measuring policy adoption speed in the American states.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 16.1 (2016): 98–120.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, <https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7> |
| **abor\_optout\_inst** | Institutional abortion opt-out | 2017 | Institutional providers may opt-out of providing abortion procedures | Guttmacher Institute. 2017. “An Overview of Abortion Laws.” Retrieved from: [http://www.guttmacher.org/statecenter/spibs/spib\_OAL.pdf.](http://www.guttmacher.org/statecenter/spibs/spib_OAL.pdf) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | Note: 0 = no; 1 = yes; 8 = private only; 9 = religious only |  |
| **abor\_pubfund** | Public funding of abortions | 2017 | Public funding of all or most medically necessary abortions  Note: 0 = no; 1 = yes | Guttmacher Institute. 2017. “An Overview of Abortion Laws.” Retrieved from: [http://www.guttmacher.org/statecenter/spibs/spib\_OAL.pdf.](http://www.guttmacher.org/statecenter/spibs/spib_OAL.pdf) |
| **abor\_secphys** | Abortion second physician requirement | 2017 | Number of weeks after which a second physician must participate  Note: “second trimester” was recoded to 13 weeks; “third trimester” was recoded to 28 weeks; “point of viability” is coded as V; missing value indicates no such requirement | Guttmacher Institute. 2017. “An Overview of Abortion Laws.” Retrieved from: [http://www.guttmacher.org/statecenter/spibs/spib\_OAL.pdf.](http://www.guttmacher.org/statecenter/spibs/spib_OAL.pdf) |
| **aborparc** | One-parent consent for abortion by a minor | 1981–1999 | Did state adopt one-parent consent for abortion by a minor? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State Policy Innovativeness Revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303–29. |
| **aborparn** | One-parent notification for abortion by a minor | 1981–2000 | Did state adopt one-parent notification for abortion by a minor? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State Policy Innovativeness Revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303–29. |
| **aborpreroe** | Abortion pre- Roe | 1966–1972 | Did state adopt abortion pre-Roe? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State Policy Innovativeness Revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303–29. |
| **contrains** | Insurers that cover prescription drugs cannot exclude FDA- approved contraceptives | 1996–2007 | Did state adopt a policy that insurers covering prescription drugs cannot exclude FDA-approved contraceptives? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State Policy Innovativeness Revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303–29. |
| **abortion\_consent**  **\_1973\_1991** | Forced counseling before abortions | 1973–1991 | Does the state mandate counseling before an abortion (pre-*Casey*)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **abortion\_consent**  **\_1992\_2014** | Forced counseling before abortions | 1992–2014 | Does the state mandate counseling before an abortion (post-*Casey*)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **abortion\_medica id** | Medicaid for abortion | 1981–2014 | Does the state’s Medicaid system pay for abortions? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **abortion\_partial**  **\_birth** | Partial birth abortion ban | 1997–2007 | Does the state ban late-term or partial birth abortions? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **abortion\_reform**  **\_preroe** | Legal abortion pre-Roe | 1967–1973 | Did the state allow abortion before Roe  v. Wade? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_abortion\_pare ntal\_notice\_1983**  **\_2014** | Parental notification/cons ent required | 1983–2014 | Does the state require parental notification or consent prior to a minor obtaining an abortion? (0 = neither, 1 = notification, 2 = consent) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_ec\_access** | Access for contraceptives | 1974–2014 | Can pharmacies dispense emergency contraception without a prescription? (0 = the state has restricted access to EC by allowing pharmacists to refuse to dispense it; 1 = there is no law either restricting or expanding access; 2 = the state has expanded access by allowing pharmacists to dispense EC without a prescription) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **pcons** | State requires parental consent for minor’s | 2000–2016 | State requires parental consent for minor’s decision to have an abortion? | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | decision to have an abortion |  | (0 = no, 1 = yes) (note: does not count if attending physician may waive) |  |
| **pgestlim** | Gestational limit on abortions | 2000–2016 | Gestational limit on abortions? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **phosp** | Some abortions required to be performed in a hospital | 2006–2016 | Some abortions required to be performed in a hospital? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **plicphys** | Abortion must be performed by licensed physician | 2000–2016 | Abortion must be performed by licensed physician? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **pnotif** | State requires parental notification and/or consent for minor’s decision to have an abortion? | 2000–2016 | State requires parental notification and/or consent for minor’s decision to have an abortion? (0 = no, 1 = yes) (note: does not count if attending physician may waive) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **pparbth** | State has law prohibiting partial birth abortion in effect | 2000–2016 | State has law prohibiting partial birth abortion in effect? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **pprivins** | State restricts coverage of abortion in private insurance plans to cases in which woman’s life would be endangered | 2000–2016 | State restricts coverage of abortion in private insurance plans to cases in which woman’s life would be endangered (and other limited cases)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ppubfund** | State uses own funds to pay for abortions | 2000–2016 | State uses own funds to pay for abortions beyond required federal minimum? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | beyond required federal minimum |  |  |  |
| **psecphys** | Some abortions require involvement of second physician | 2000–2016 | Some abortions require involvement of second physician? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **pwait** | State mandated waiting period before abortion | 2000–2016 | State mandated waiting period before abortion? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **pabor** | First principal component: abortion access variables | 2006–2010 | First principal component: constructed from plicphys, phosp, psecphys, pgestlim, pparbth, ppubfund, pprivins, pcouns, pwait, pminors | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **pminors** | Parental notification and consent index | 2000–2016 | Parental notification and consent index: pnotif + pcons | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **abortionrate** | Abortion rate | 1975–1996 | Abortion rate per 1,000 women aged 15–44. For an explanation of why data are problematic after 2000/2001, see source (the Guttmacher Institute). Data for 1993, 1994, 1995 are unavailable. | Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |

1. **LGBTQ Rights**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **gayhate** | Laws establishing anti-LGBT hate crimes | 1989–2005 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American states.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **gaymarban** | Constitutional amendment banning gay marriage | 1994–2008 | Did state adopt a constitutional amendment banning gay marriage? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **ssame** | Same-sex civil union, marriage, or extensive domestic partnership | 2000–2016 | -1 = “super-DOMA”, 0 = no same-sex unions, 0.5 = limited domestic partnership, 1 = same-sex civil union, marriage, or extensive domestic partnership | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **sstmrrge** | State marriage laws | 2000–2016 | State marriage laws (0 = no domestic partnerships, civil unions, or same sex marriage; 1 = limited domestic partnerships only; 2 = civil unions or equivalent, conferring all or most of the benefits of marriage; 3 = same-sex marriage) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **superdoma** | State prohibits all legal relationships approximating benefits of marriage | 2000–2016 | State prohibits all legal relationships approximating benefits of marriage? (“super-DOMA”) (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **smconres** | Marriage constitutional restrictions | 2000–2016 | Marriage constitutional restrictions (0 = no restrictions on marriage definition; 1  = state has laws that ban same-sex marriage but the laws are not in the constitution, or the constitution merely permits but does not require laws banning same-sex marriage; 2 = constitutional restrictions banning same-sex marriage) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ssodomy** | Sodomy law | 2000–2016 | Sodomy law? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gayrights\_ban\_s odomy** | Sodomy ban | 1962–2003 | Does the state forbid sodomy? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **gayrights\_hatecr imes** | Hate crimes ban | 1999–2014 | Are hate crimes explicitly illegal in the state? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_gayrights\_civi lunions\_marriag e** | Civil unions and gay marriage | 2000–2012 | Does the state allow civil unions or gay marriage? (0 = no; 1 = civil unions; 2 = gay marriage) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_gayrights\_em ployment\_discri mit** | Employment discrimination protections for gays | 1982–2014 | Does the state forbid employment discrimination on the basis of sexual orientation and/or sexual identity? (0 = no; 1 = indicates a ban on discrimination based on sexual orientation; 2 = indicates a ban based on sexual orientation and gender identity) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_gayrights\_pub lic\_accomodatio ns** | Ban on discrimination against gays in public accommodations | 1989–2014 | Does the state ban discrimination against gays by public accommodations? (0 = no; 1 = indicates a ban on discrimination based on sexual orientation; 2 = indicates a ban based on sexual orientation and gender identity) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **giexorder** | Gender identity executive order | 1960–2013 | Does state have an executive order prohibiting discrimination on the basis of gender identity? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sellers, Mitchell D. “Gubernatorial Use of Executive Orders: Unilateral Action and Policy Adoption.” *Journal of Public Policy* 37.3 (2017): 315–339. |
| **gilaw** | Gender identity law | 1960–2013 | Does state have a law prohibiting discrimination on the basis of gender identity? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sellers, Mitchell D. “Gubernatorial Use of Executive Orders: Unilateral Action and Policy Adoption.” *Journal of Public Policy* 37.3 (2017): 315–339. |
| **soexorder** | Sexual orientation executive order | 1960–2013 | Does state have an executive order prohibiting discrimination on the basis of sexual orientation? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sellers, Mitchell D. “Gubernatorial Use of Executive Orders: Unilateral Action and Policy Adoption.” *Journal of Public Policy* 37.3 (2017): 315–339. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **solaw** | Sexual orientation law | 1960–2013 | Does state have a law prohibiting discrimination on the basis of sexual orientation? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sellers, Mitchell D. “Gubernatorial Use of Executive Orders: Unilateral Action and Policy Adoption.” *Journal of Public Policy* 37.3 (2017): 315–339. |
| **hate\_crime\_law** | State has passed a law establishing illegality of hate crimes | 2019 | 0 = the state does not have hate-crime laws pertaining to members of the LGBT community, OR does not have any hate-crime laws at all  1 = the state has a hate-crime law that applies to sexual orientation only (LGB)  2 = the state has a hate-crime law that applies to sexual orientation AND gender identity (LGBT) | Movement Advancement Project (MAP), “Hate Crime Laws.” <http://www.lgbtmap.org/equality-maps/hate_crime_laws> |
| **exec\_order** | Governor issued an executive order prohibiting discrimination | 2019 | 0 = no executive orders have been issued  1 = executive order was issued, but it applied to discrimination based on sexual orientation only (LGB)  2 = executive order applied to discrimination based on sexual orientation and gender identity (LGBT)  Note: This variable indicates only whether an exec. order was issued at one time; it does not account for any orders that were later rescinded. | “LGBTQ Americans Aren’t Fully Protected from Discrimination in 30 States.” <https://www.freedomforallamericans.org/states/> |
| **ndl\_employment** | State has passed a law prohibiting discrimination in employment | 2019 | 0 = state does not have any employment non-discrimination laws 1 = the state has an employment non- discrimination law that applies to sexual orientation only (LGB)  2 = the state has an employment non- discrimination law that applies to sexual orientation AND gender identity (LGBT) | Movement Advancement Project (MAP), “Non-Discrimination Laws.” <http://www.lgbtmap.org/equality-maps/non_discrimination_laws> |
| **ndl\_housing** | State has passed a law prohibiting | 2019 | 0 = state does not have any housing non-discrimination laws | Movement Advancement Project (MAP), “Non-Discrimination Laws.” <http://www.lgbtmap.org/equality-maps/non_discrimination_laws> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | discrimination in housing |  | 1 = the state has a housing non- discrimination law that applies to sexual orientation only (LGB)  2 = the state has a housing non- discrimination law that applies to sexual orientation AND gender identity (LGBT) |  |
| **ndl\_public\_acco mm** | State has passed a law prohibiting discrimination in public accommodations | 2019 | 0 = state does not have any public- accommodations non-discrimination laws  1 = the state has a public- accommodations non-discrimination law that applies to sexual orientation only (LGB)  2 = the state has a public- accommodations non-discrimination law that applies to sexual orientation AND gender identity (LGBT) | Movement Advancement Project (MAP), “Non-Discrimination Laws.” <http://www.lgbtmap.org/equality-maps/non_discrimination_laws> |
| **ndl\_credit** | State has passed a law prohibiting discrimination in credit and lending practices | 2019 | 0 = state does not have any credit non- discrimination laws  1 = the state has a credit non- discrimination law that applies to sexual orientation only (LGB)  2 = the state has a credit non- discrimination law that applies to sexual orientation AND gender identity (LGBT) | Movement Advancement Project (MAP), “Non-Discrimination Laws.” <http://www.lgbtmap.org/equality-maps/non_discrimination_laws> |
| **ndl\_state\_emplo yees** | State has passed a law prohibiting discrimination against state employees | 2019 | 0 = state does not have any non- discrimination laws protecting state employees  1 = the state has a non-discrimination law protecting state employees that applies to sexual orientation only (LGB)  2 = the state has a non-discrimination law protecting state employees that applies to sexual orientation AND gender identity (LGBT) | Movement Advancement Project (MAP), “Non-Discrimination Laws.” <http://www.lgbtmap.org/equality-maps/non_discrimination_laws> |

1. **Racial Anti-Discrimination Laws**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **anti\_discriminati on** | Anti- discrimination law (later updated in 1995 law) | 1968–1970 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **antimis** | Anti- miscegenation laws | 1900–1913 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **fhpriv** | Fair housing (private housing) | 1959–1965 | Did state adopt fair housing laws for private housing? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **fhpub** | Fair housing (public housing) | 1937–1961 | Did state adopt fair housing laws for public housing? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **fhurb** | Fair housing (urban renewal areas) | 1945–1963 | Did state adopt fair housing laws for urban renewal areas? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **segoss** | Provisions by the states maintaining segregated educational systems for out- of-state study by African- Americans | 1927–1943 | Did state adopt provisions maintaining segregated educational systems for out- of-state study by African-Americans? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **vaaban** | Affirmative action ban | 2000–2016 | Affirmative action ban: Are all racial preferences in public services banned in the state? (0 = no, 0.5 = in education only, 1 = yes, by statute or executive order, 2 = yes, in constitution) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **race\_boehmke\_f hpub** | Fair housing (public housing) | 1937–1965 | Does the state ban discrimination in public housing? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **race\_boehmke\_f hurb** | Fair housing (urban renewal areas) | 1945–1964 | Does the state have urban renewal areas? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_race\_fair\_hou sing\_private** | Fair housing (private housing) | 1959–1968 | Does the state ban discrimination in private housing? (0 = no; 1 = any fair housing law; 2 = includes owner- occupied housing, OR excludes owner- occupied housing, but includes all real estate broker activities) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **race\_fair\_emplo yment\_commissi ons** | Fair employment laws | 1945–1964 | Does the state have a fair employment law? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **race\_fair\_emplo y\_comm\_post196 4** | Fair employment laws (post-1964) | 1965–2014 | Does the state have a fair employment law (post-1964)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **race\_interracial\_ marriage\_banne d** | Ban on interracial marriage | 1936–1967 | Does the state have a law banning interracial marriages? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **race\_school\_segr egation** | Requires segregation in schools | 1936–1953 | Does the state require segregation in public schools? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **w\_race\_disc\_pub lic\_accommodati on** | Banning discrimination in public accommodations (pre-CRA) | 1936–1963 | Did the state pass a law (with administrative enforcement) banning discrimination in public accommodations (pre-CRA)? (0 = no; 1 = indicates that individuals had to bring lawsuits to enforce the ban on discrimination; 2 = indicates that there was a state agency that enforced the ban on discrimination) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_race\_disc\_pub lic\_accom2** | Banning discrimination in public accommodations (post-CRA) | 1964–2010 | Did the state pass a law (with administrative enforcement) banning discrimination in public accommodations (post-CRA)? (0 = no; 1 = indicates that individuals had to bring lawsuits to enforce the ban on discrimination; 2 = indicates that there was a state agency that enforced the ban on discrimination) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

1. **Environment**
2. **Environmental Policy**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **bldstds\_yearado pted** | Environmental building standards | 1991–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Matisoff, Daniel C., and Jason Edwards. “Kindred spirits or intergovernmental competition? The innovation and diffusion of energy policies in the American states (1990–2008).” *Environmental Politics* 23.5 (2014): 795–817.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **corporateeff\_yea radopted** | Corporate tax credits for efficiency; financial incentives for certain energy- efficient equipment installed and placed into service | 1990–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Matisoff, Daniel C., and Jason Edwards. “Kindred spirits or intergovernmental competition? The innovation and diffusion of energy policies in the American states (1990–2008).” *Environmental Politics* 23.5 (2014): 795–817.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **corporaterenew\_ yearadopted** | Tax credits for renewable technologies | 1990–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Matisoff, Daniel C., and Jason Edwards. “Kindred spirits or intergovernmental competition? The innovation and diffusion of energy policies in the American states (1990–2008).” *Environmental Politics* 23.5 (2014): 795–817.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **netmeter\_yearad opted** | Implement on- site renewable | 1990–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Matisoff, Daniel C., and Jason Edwards. “Kindred spirits or intergovernmental competition? The innovation and diffusion of energy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | energy generation |  |  | policies in the American states (1990–2008).” *Environmental Politics* 23.5 (2014): 795–817.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **personaltax\_year adopted** | Residential tax credits for renewable energy systems | 1990–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Matisoff, Daniel C., and Jason Edwards. “Kindred spirits or intergovernmental competition? The innovation and diffusion of energy policies in the American states (1990–2008).” *Environmental Politics* 23.5 (2014): 795–817.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **personaltaxeff\_y earadopted** | Residential tax credits for efficiency | 1990–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Matisoff, Daniel C., and Jason Edwards. “Kindred spirits or intergovernmental competition? The innovation and diffusion of energy policies in the American states (1990–2008).” *Environmental Politics* 23.5 (2014): 795–817.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **pubbenefits\_year adopted** | Collect public benefit fund | 1996–2005 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Matisoff, Daniel C., and Jason Edwards. “Kindred spirits or intergovernmental competition? The innovation and diffusion of energy policies in the American states (1990–2008).” *Environmental Politics* 23.5 (2014): 795–817.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **rps\_yearadopted** | Renewable portfolio standard | 1997–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Matisoff, Daniel C., and Jason Edwards. “Kindred spirits or intergovernmental competition? The innovation and diffusion of energy policies in the American states (1990–2008).” *Environmental Politics* 23.5 (2014): 795–817. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **bottle** | Bottle deposit law | 1971–2002 | Did state adopt a bottle deposit law? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **elecdereg** | Electricity deregulation | 1996–1999 | Did state adopt electricity deregulation? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **environ** | Strategic planning for environmental protection | 1978–1991 | Did state adopt strategic planning for environmental protection? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **natreso** | Strategic planning for natural resources | 1975–1991 | Did state adopt strategic planning for natural resources? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **renewport** | State renewable portfolio standards | 1991–2004 | Did state adopt state renewable portfolio standards? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **soil** | Soil conservation districts | 1937–1974 | Did state adopt soil conservation districts? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **environmental\_c ovenants\_act** | Provides clear rules for a perpetual real estate interest— an environmental covenant—to regulate the use of brownfields when real estate is transferred from one owner to another | 2004–2010 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **transboundary\_ pollution\_recipr oc** | Overcomes procedural obstacles that prevent a pollution victim in one state or province from seeking enforceable remedies in the state or province where the pollution originated | 1983–1992 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **ewaste** | State e-waste disposal programs | 2003–2011 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Mallinson, Daniel J. “Building a better speed trap: Measuring policy adoption speed in the American states.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 16.1 (2016): 98-120.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **environment\_air**  **\_pollution\_contr o** | Air pollution control acts (pre- CAA) | 1947–1967 | Does the state have an air pollution control act (pre-Clean Air Act)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **environment\_bot tlebill** | Bottle bill | 1970–2014 | Does the state require a deposit on bottles paid by the consumer and refunded when the consumer recycles? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **environment\_ca\_ car\_emissions\_st a** | CA car emissions standard | 2003–2012 | Does the state adopt California’s car emissions standards (which are more stringent than the federal level)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **environment\_ele ctronic\_waste** | Electronic waste recycling program | 2000–2014 | Does the state have a recycling program for electronic waste? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **environment\_gh g\_cap** | Greenhouse gas cap | 2006–2014 | Does the state have a binding cap on greenhouse gas emissions in the utility sector? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **environment\_pu blicbenefit\_funds** | Public benefit fund | 1996–2014 | Does the state have a public benefit fund for renewable energy and energy efficiency? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **environment\_sta te\_nepas** | Environmental Protection Act | 1969–2014 | Does the state have its own version of the federal National Environmental Policy Act? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **regulation\_utilit y\_jurisdiction** | Utility regulation | 1936–1960 | Does the state have a state commission with rate-setting authority over electricity utilities? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_environment\_ endangered\_spec ies** | Endangered Species Act | 1969–2014 | Does the state have an endangered species act? (0 = state allows federal endangered species act to hold instead of state provisions/there are no state provisions; 1 = state has a less stringent protection program in place; 2 = state’s program meets or exceeds federal guidelines under section 6 of the US ESA) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_environment\_ solar\_taxcredit** | Solar tax credit | 1975–2014 | Does the state have a tax credit for residential solar installations? (0 = no legislation; 1 = state approved local | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | option; 2 = state mandated credit or exemption system) | https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **fcap** | Active cap on greenhouse gas emissions from electric power producers | 2000–2014 | Active cap on greenhouse gas emissions from electric power producers? (0 = no, 1 = yes)  (note: setting a goal or initiating a process doesn’t count—only actual regulations in force) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **flandu** | Court land use decisions index | 2000–2016 | Court land-use decisions index: number of state appellate decisions containing the phrase “land use,” cumulative from 1/1/1920, divided by state population (then multiplied by 1,000,000)  (flandum / apop) \* 1000000 | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fsmlp** | State mandated local plans | 2002–2009 | State mandated local plans (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fswp** | State wetland restoration program | 2006–2010 | State wetland restoration program (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fwtldrps** | Wetland regulatory protection statutes, stricter than federal | 2000–2010 | Wetland regulatory protection statutes, stricter than federal statutes (0 = none,  0.5 = local/coastal, 1 = statewide) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fblight** | Blight | 2000–2016 | Blight (1 = implemented stricter definition either explicitly or implicitly,  0.5 = retained vague definition but required higher standard of proof, 0 = otherwise) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fesasap** | Endangered species regulations | 2006–2014 | Endangered species regulations (0 = no act or statute, 1= act or statute, but only in regard to animals, 2 = act or statute in regard to both animals and plants) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **fgfsp** | Guidelines for a state development plan | 2002–2010 | Guidelines for a state development plan (0 = none, 1 = yes but no land-use element, 2 = yes and include land-use element) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **frenew** | Mandatory renewable portfolio standard for electric utilities | 2000–2016 | Mandatory renewable portfolio standard for electric utilities  If yes, minimum percentage of retail sales for which required  If no, zero (halved if applies only to investor-owned utilities, or averaged among standards for all types of utilities; scored “1” and then adjusted in year of enactment) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **frpsexc** | Renewable portfolio standard exceptions | 2000–2016 | Renewable portfolio standard exceptions (1.5 = large or existing hydropower excluded, 0.5 = natural gas, coal gasification, or nuclear included, 1 = otherwise, phase-ins linearly interpolated) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fsspr** | Strength of state planning role | 2002–2009 | Strength of state planning role (1 = weak, 2 = significant, 3 = substantial) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **jdrse** | Deregulation of retail sales of electricity | 1990–2016 | Deregulation of retail sales of electricity (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **jdrsng** | Deregulation of retail sales of natural gas | 1990–2016 | Deregulation of retail sales of natural gas (0 = no unbundling, 1 = partial unbundling, 2 = unbundling) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

1. **Energy Consumption**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **bus\_energy\_cons um** | Commercial sector energy consumption | 1960–2017 | Total energy consumption for the commercial end-use sector is the sum of all energy sources consumed by the sector (in billion BTU) | Provided by the U.S. Energy Information Administration: <https://www.eia.gov/state/seds/seds-data-complete.php?sid=US>  Notes: Total net energy consumption is calculated by adding coal, natural gas, all petroleum products, fuel ethanol, geothermal energy and heat pumps, hydroelectricity, wood, waste, electricity and supplemental gaseous fuels consumed by the commercial sector.xiii |
| **bus\_energy\_cons um\_pc** | Commercial sector energy consumption per capita | 1960–2017 | Total energy consumption for the commercial end-use sector per capita is the sum of all energy sources consumed by the sector divided by the total population (in billion BTU) | Provided by the U.S. Energy Information Administration: <https://www.eia.gov/state/seds/seds-data-complete.php?sid=US>  Notes: Total net energy consumption is calculated by adding coal, natural gas, all petroleum products, fuel ethanol, geothermal energy and heat pumps, hydroelectricity, wood, waste, electricity and supplemental gaseous fuels consumed by the commercial sector.xiv |
| **cons\_fossil** | Fossil fuels, total consumption | 1960–2009;  2010–2017 | State’s total yearly fossil-fuel consumption  For 1960–2009: units are billion BTU For 2010–2017: units are trillion BTU  In the fossil fuel subtotal, the double- counting of supplemental gaseous fuels is removed, and fuel ethanol is excluded from petroleum consumption. Fuel ethanol and energy losses and co- products from fuel ethanol production are covered in the renewable energy subtotal. | Provided by the U.S. Energy Information Administration: <https://www.eia.gov/state/seds/seds-data-complete.php?sid=US> |
| **cons\_renewable** | Renewable energy consumption | 1960–2009;  2010–2017 | State’s total yearly renewable-energy consumption  For 1960–2009: units are billion BTU For 2010–2017: units are trillion BTU  Fuel ethanol and energy losses and co- products from fuel ethanol production are covered in the renewable energy subtotal. | Provided by the U.S. Energy Information Administration: <https://www.eia.gov/state/seds/seds-data-complete.php?sid=US> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **res\_energy\_price** | Residential sector energy price | 1970–2017 | The variable is the state-level total energy average price estimator that considers the ratio of the money directly spent by consumers to purchase energy and the use of energy as a source of heat or power. See calculation method and notes for additional information. (In dollars per million BTU) | Provided by the U.S. Energy Information Administration: <https://www.eia.gov/state/seds/seds-data-complete.php?sid=US>  Some data originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online)  Notes: Total energy average price is derived by dividing the total energy total expenditures in the residential sector by the total energy consumed by the residential sector, across each state, and multiplying the result by a thousand. Data is adjusted for process fuel, intermediate products, and fuels with no direct cost. Residential sector is defined as an energy-consuming sector that consists of living quarters for private households. Energy is defined as the capacity for doing work as measured by the capability of doing work (potential energy) or the conversion of this capability to motion (kinetic energy). |
| **co2emissions** | Total CO2 emissions from fossil fuels (in metric tons) | 1960–2001;  2005–2016 | For 1960–2001: Original data was only the amount of carbon (C) and calculation has been done to convert carbon into carbon dioxide (CO2): To convert to carbon dioxide, multiply by 44/12 (= 3.67).  For 2005–2016: values are a state’s total yearly carbon dioxide emissions, unadjusted, in million metric tons | Blasing, T.J., C.T. Broniak, and G. Marland. 2004. Estimates of Annual Fossil-Fuel CO2 Emitted for Each State in the U.S.A. and the District of Columbia for Each Year from 1960 through 2001. Carbon Dioxide Information Analysis Center, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, U.S. Department of Energy, Oak Ridge, TN, U.S.A. doi 10.3334/CDIAC/00003.  <http://cdiac.ornl.gov/ftp/trends/emis_mon/stateemis/percapbystate.csv>  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. [www.stateminder.org](http://www.stateminder.org/) (no longer accessible online)  U.S. Energy Information Administration. “Energy-Related Carbon Dioxide Emissions by State, 2005–2016.” <https://www.eia.gov/environment/emissions/state/analysis/> |
| **energy\_efficienc y\_rank** | State ranking by energy efficiency | 2017 | Ranking of the state based on energy efficiency scorecard | American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy. 2017. “The 2017 State Energy Efficiency Scorecard.” <http://aceee.org/research-report/u1710> |
| **energy\_efficienc y\_score** | State energy efficiency score | 2017 | Score from the state energy efficiency scorecard | American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy. 2017. “The 2017 State Energy Efficiency Scorecard.” <http://aceee.org/research-report/u1710> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **fgastax1** | Gasoline tax rate per gallon in dollars | 2000–2013 | Gasoline tax rate per gallon in dollars, including sales, excise, storage, and franchise taxes | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **frps** | Renewable portfolio standard index | 2000–2016 | Renewable portfolio standard index (frenew \* frpsexc) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **findex** | Eminent domain reform index | 2000–2016 | Eminent domain reform index ((mreform + mprivate + mblight) \* (1 + (0.5 \* mconst))) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **flandum** | State appellate decisions containing phrase “land use,” cumulative from 1/1/1920 | 2000–2016 | State appellate decisions containing phrase “land use,” cumulative from 1/1/1920 | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fwrluri** | Wharton residential land use regulatory index | 2005 | Wharton residential land use regulatory index | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fwrlurim** | Model-derived extension of Wharton index | 2000–2013 | Model-derived extension of fwrluri (based on regression results of fwrluri on various predictors) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

1. **Drug and Alcohol Policy**
2. **Drug, Alcohol, and Smoking Policy**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **comsrvdy** | Mandated community service after 1st DUI | 1987–2005 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **hostliability** | Laws impose liability against hosts of underage drinking events | 1998–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **mprisdm** | Mandates prison time for first DUI | 1982–2003 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **preconvictdays** | Length license suspension for first DUI, pre- conviction | 1980–2004 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **prisondayswag** | Mandatory days spent in prison for first DUI | 1980–2003 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **keg\_reg** | Required registration of beer keg purchases | 1980–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **minfine** | Minimum fine for first DUI | 1980–2001 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **sundayban** | Banning alcohol sales on Sundays | 1998–1999 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **advertban** | Banning of cigarette advertising | 1989–2001 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **barbanstate** | Full smoking ban in bars | 1980–2010 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **restaurantbansta te** | Smoking ban in all restaurants in state | 1980–2010 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **worksitebanstate** | Smoking ban in all indoor workplaces | 2003–2010 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **alcoholism\_and\_ intoxication\_trea** | Legal framework for public intoxication law | 1972–1975 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **controlled\_subst ances\_act** | Drug policy under which the manufacture, importation, possession, use and distribution of certain substances is regulated | 1971–1992 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **alcbevcon** | Alcoholic beverage control | 1926–1980 | Did state adopt alcoholic beverage control? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **alctreat** | Alcoholic treatment agency | 1943–2002 | Did state adopt alcoholic treatment agencies? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **cigtax** | Cigarette tax | 1921–1964 | Did state adopt a cigarette tax? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **dui08** | .08 per se penalty for DUI | 1983–2001 | Did state adopt .08 per se penalty for DUI? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **kegreg** | Beer keg registration requirement | 1978–1999 | Did state adopt beer keg registration requirement? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **medmar** | Symbolic medical marijuana policy | 1978–2008 | Did state adopt symbolic medical marijuana policy? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **methpre** | Restrictions on OTC  medications with | 1996–2005 | Did state adopt restrictions on OTC medications with methamphetamine precursors? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | methamphetami ne precursors |  |  |  |
| **mlda21** | Minimum legal drinking age 21 | 1933–1988 | Did state adopt minimum legal drinking age 21? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **smokeban** | Statewide smoking ban | 1995–2009 | Did state adopt statewide smoking ban? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **zerotol** | Zero tolerance (<.02 BAC) for  underage drinking | 1983–1998 | Did state adopt zero tolerance (<.02 BAC) for underage drinking? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **beer\_tax** | Beer tax rate | 2009–2013 | State tax on beer in dollars per gallon  Note: 2012 data coded on 9/1/2011 | Tax Foundation. “How High Are Beer Taxes in Your State?” *Center for State Tax Policy.* |
| **beer\_tax\_rank** | Ranking of beer tax rate | 2009–2013 | Ranking of beer tax rate amongst the states  Note: 2012 data coded on 9/1/2011 | Tax Foundation. “How High Are Beer Taxes in Your State?” *Center for State Tax Policy.* |
| **spirit\_tax** | Spirit tax rate | 2007, 2009–  2013 | State tax on spirits in dollars per gallon  Note: 2012 data coded on 9/1/2011; 2010 data coded on 9/1/2010 | Tax Foundation. “How High Are Beer Taxes in Your State?” *Center for State Tax Policy.* |
| **spirit\_tax\_rank** | Ranking of spirit tax rate | 2007, 2009–  2013 | Ranking of spirit tax rate amongst the states  Note: 2012 data coded on 9/1/2011; 2010 data coded on 9/1/2010 | Tax Foundation. “How High Are Beer Taxes in Your State?” *Center for State Tax Policy.* |
| **wine\_tax** | Wine tax rate | 2009–2013 | State tax on wine in dollars per gallon  Note: 2012 data coded on 9/1/2011 | Tax Foundation. “How High Are Beer Taxes in Your State?” *Center for State Tax Policy.* |
| **wine\_tax\_rank** | Ranking of wine tax rate | 2009–2013 | Ranking of wine tax rate amongst the states  Note: 2012 data coded on 9/1/2011 | Tax Foundation. “How High Are Beer Taxes in Your State?” *Center for State Tax Policy.* |
| **cdship** | State ban on direct wine | 2000–2016 | State ban on direct wine shipments from wineries? | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | shipments from wineries |  | (0 = none, 0.1 = ban only on in-state winery shipments, 0.5 = free shipping limited to small wineries/labels under contract with distributor prohibited, 0.9  = out-of-state/off-site/distributor prohibited, 1 = all) |  |
| **chappy** | Happy hour ban | 2000–2015 | Happy hour ban? (0 = no, 1 = yes, ban on free or reduced-price drinks) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cbeertex** | Beer excise tax rates | 1937–2016 | Beer excise tax rates (dollars per gallon, off-premises sales) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cbeerdry** | Percentage of state population living in counties that are dry for beer | 1969–1998 | Percentage of state population living in counties that are dry for beer | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cbret** | Exclusive state control of retail sales of some types of beer | 1937–2015 | Exclusive state control of retail sales of some types of beer  0 = no, 0.5 = only some very high- alcohol beers (>12% ABV), 1 = yes, 5  = total prohibition; +1.5 = near- absolute on-premises prohibition, +0.5  = on-premises limitation (restaurants, bars, private clubs) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
|  |  |  | Exclusive state control of wholesale sales of some types of beer |  |
| **cbwhol** | Exclusive state control of wholesale sales of some types of beer | 1937–2015 | 0 = no, 0.5 = only some very high- alcohol beers (>12% ABV/W), 1 = yes;  +1.5 = near-absolute on-premises prohibition, +0.5 = on-premises limitation (restaurants, bars, private clubs) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **cbeerp** | Net-of-tax beer price per gallon, off-premises, 2008, in 2008  dollars | 1937–2016 | Net-of-tax beer price per gallon, off- premises, 2008, in 2008 dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cbeert** | Beer taxes per gallon, off- premises, in 2008 dollars | 1937–2015 | Beer taxes per gallon, off-premises, in 2008 dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cbeertav** | Beer ad valorem tax rates | 1937–2016 | Beer ad valorem tax rates (%, off- premises; if sales tax is not charged, that amount is deducted) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cblue** | Bans on off- premises Sunday sales of alcohol | 1997–2015 | Bans on off-premises Sunday sales of alcohol | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cblue2** | Bans on off- premises Sunday sales of alcohol, with local option | 1997–2015 | Bans on off-premises Sunday sales of alcohol, with local option | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cbluelaw** | Blue law index | 1997–2015 | Blue law index  = cblue – (0.5 \* cblue2) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **calcdist** | Sum of 6 alcohol distribution variables | 1937–2015 | Sum of 6 alcohol distribution variables  = cbret + cbwhol + cwret + csret + cwwhol + cswhol | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cgroc** | Off-premises alcohol sales in grocery stores | 1937–2016 | Off-premises alcohol sales in grocery stores  0 = neither wine nor spirits (beer only), 1 = wine only, 2 = wine and spirits, -1  = no beer, 0.5 = Maryland/New Jersey systems; \*0.4 if limitation (>1) on # of licenses for chains \*or\* separate enclosure requirement; then take max score possible | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ckeg** | Statewide beer keg registration requirement, or kegs banned | 1970–2015 | Statewide beer keg registration requirement, or kegs banned (0 = no, 1  = yes, 5 = all kegs banned) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **clnmaxpen** | Log maximum marijuana penalty | 2000–2016 | Log of maximum marijuana penalty | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cmcmisd** | “Low-level” cultivation a misdemeanor (criminal non- felony) | 2000–2016 | “Low-level” cultivation (more than 1 oz./30 g. useable/2 plants possession/cultivation but less than some higher statutory threshold, first offense) a misdemeanor (criminal non- felony)?  0 = no, 1 = yes, 2 = decriminalized, 5 = legal | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cmmisd** | Marijuana misdemeanor index | 2000–2016 | Marijuana misdemeanor index (cmpmisd + cmcmisd) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cmedmj** | Medical marijuana exception | 1937–2016 | Medical marijuana exception? (0 = no,  0.2 = only right to assert in court, 0.5 = lawful possession but not dispensation, 1 = full exception with registry) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cmjindex** | Marijuana law index | 2000–2014 | Marijuana law index (1st unrotated principal component: clnmaxpen, cmmindex, cmmms, cmmisd, cmpdecr) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cmmamt** | Maximum amount of marijuana permitted for medical purposes | 1937–2016 | Maximum amount of marijuana permitted for medical purposes? (0 = no maximum/Maryland, where still technically illegal, 1 = law defines maximum) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cmmaxpen** | Maximum possible prison term for any single marijuana offense (not | 2000–2016 | Maximum possible prison term for any single marijuana offense (not including sale to minors), in years | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | including sale to minors), in years |  |  |  |
| **cmmdisp** | Medical marijuana dispensaries: effective hard cap or ban | 1937–2016 | Medical marijuana dispensaries: effective hard cap or ban? (0 = ban/no legal protection, 0.5 = hard statewide cap, 1 = no ban/some legal protection for dispensaries) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cmmhc** | Medical marijuana home cultivation permitted | 1937–2016 | Medical marijuana home cultivation permitted? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cmmindex** | Medical marijuana index | 1937–2016 | Medical marijuana index: cmedmj \* cmmscope – 0.1 \* cmmamt + 0.1 \* cmmhc – 0.1 \* cmmdisp | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cmmms** | Mandatory minimums for “low-level” marijuana cultivation or sale | 2000–2016 | Mandatory minimums for “low-level” (less than 1 oz./30 g.) marijuana cultivation or sale (not including special penalties for minor sales)?  0 = no; if yes, number of years | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cmmreg** | Medical marijuana patient registry required | 1937–2016 | Medical marijuana patient registry required? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cmmscope** | Scope of medical marijuana exception | 1937–2016 | Scope of medical marijuana exception (0 = no exception, 0.5 = limited, specific set of disorders, 0.75 = broad set of disorders including pain and/or nausea, 1 = full physician discretion) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cmpdecr** | First offense of “low-level” marijuana possession decriminalized | 2000–2016 | First offense of “low-level” marijuana possession decriminalized? (0 = misdemeanor, 1 = yes, 5 = fully legal) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **cmpleg** | “Low-level” marijuana possession legal | 2000–2016 | “Low-level” marijuana possession legal? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cmpmisd** | First offense of “high-level” marijuana possession a misdemeanor | 2000–2016 | First offense of “high-level” marijuana possession a misdemeanor (criminal non-felony)? (0 = no, 1 = yes, 2 = decriminalized) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cmsale** | Some marijuana sales legal | 2000–2016 | Some marijuana sales legal? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **csalvia** | Salvia divinorum ban for adult consumption | 1937–2016 | Salvia divinorum ban for adult consumption? (0 = no, 0.5 = partial, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cspirwet** | Percentage of state population living in counties that are wet (distilled spirits) | 1971–1984 | Percentage of state population living in counties that are wet (distilled spirits) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **csret** | Exclusive state control of retail sale of some types of spirits | 1937–2015 | Exclusive state control of retail sale of some types of spirits  0 = no, 1 = yes; +1.5 = near-absolute on-premises prohibition, +0.5 = on- premises limitation (restaurants, bars, private clubs) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cswhol** | Exclusive state control of wholesale sale of some types of spirits | 1937–2015 | Exclusive state control of wholesale sale of some types of spirits  0 = no, 1 = yes; +1.5 = near-absolute on-premises prohibition, +0.5 = on- premises limitation (restaurants, bars, private clubs) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ctrain** | Mandatory alcoholic beverage server training law | 1937–2015 | Mandatory alcoholic beverage server training law (0 = none, 0.5 = manager/licensee only, 1 = server) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cwret** | Exclusive state control of retail sales of some types of wine | 1937–2015 | Exclusive state control of retail sales of some types of wine  0 = no, 1 = yes; +1.5 = near-absolute on-premises prohibition, +0.5 = on- premises limitation (restaurants, bars, private clubs) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cwwhol** | Exclusive state control of wholesale sale of some types of wine | 1937–2015 | Exclusive state control of wholesale sale of some types of wine  0 = no, 1 = yes; +1.5 = near-absolute on-premises prohibition, +0.5 = on- premises limitation (restaurants, bars, private clubs) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cpbeer** | ACCRA beer prices, adjusted annual state average | 1982–2003 | ACCRA (American Chamber of Commerce Research Association) beer prices, adjusted annual state average | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cpbeerc** | State average beer prices, in constant 2008 dollars | 1982–2003 | State average beer prices, in constant 2008 dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cpspirits** | ACCRA spirits prices, adjusted annual state average | 1973–2003 | ACCRA spirits prices, adjusted annual state average | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cpspiritsc** | State average spirits prices, in constant 2008 dollars | 1973–2003 | State average spirits prices, in constant 2008 dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cpwine** | ACCRA wine prices, adjusted | 1982–2003 | ACCRA wine prices, adjusted annual state average | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | annual state average |  |  |  |
| **cpwinec** | State average wine prices, in constant 2008 dollars | 1982–2003 | State average wine prices, in constant 2008 dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cwinep** | Net-of-tax wine price per gallon, off-premises, 2008, in 2008  dollars | 1937–2016 | Net-of-tax wine price per gallon, off- premises, 2008, in 2008 dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cwinet** | Wine taxes per gallon, off- premises, in 2008 dollars | 1969–2015 | Wine taxes per gallon, off-premises, in 2008 dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cwinetav** | Wine ad valorem tax rates/markup | 1937–2015 | Wine ad valorem tax rates/markup (%, off-premises; markup over 15% only included; if sales tax is not charged, that amount is deducted) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cwinetex** | Wine excise tax | 1969–2015 | Wine excise tax (dollars per gallon of wine, less than 14% alcohol by volume, off-premise sales; if sales tax is not applied, that amount is deducted) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cspirp** | Net-of-tax spirits price per gallon, off- premises, 2008,  in 2008 dollars | 1937–2016 | Net-of-tax spirits price per gallon, off- premises, 2008, in 2008 dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cspirt** | Spirits taxes per gallon, off- premises, in 2008 dollars | 1937–2015 | Spirits taxes per gallon, off-premises, in 2008 dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cspirtav** | Spirits ad valorem tax rates/markup | 1937–2015 | Spirits ad valorem tax rates/markup (%, off-premises; markup over 15% over delivery cost/45% over shipping point, | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | FOB only considered; if sales tax is not charged, that amount is deducted) |  |
| **cspirtex** | Spirits excise tax | 1937–2015 | Spirits excise tax (dollars per gallon of spirits, off-premise sales; if sales tax is not applied, that amount is deducted) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **rdrivls** | Driver’s license suspensions for drug offenses not related to driving | 2008–2016 | Driver’s license suspensions for drug offenses not related to driving (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ibanbar** | Smoking ban— bars | 2000–2016 | Smoking ban—bars (0 = no or few regulations, 0.5 = some nonsmoking areas required/some bars exempted/more than scattered local bans, 0.75 = smoking only in ventilated areas, 1 = total or near-total ban) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ibangov** | Smoking ban— government buildings | 2000–2016 | Smoking ban—government buildings (0 = none, 0.5 = some exceptions/more than scattered local bans, 0.75 = ventilated areas only, 1 = total/near- total ban) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ibanrest** | Smoking ban— restaurants | 2000–2016 | Smoking ban—restaurants (0 = no or few regulations, 0.5 = some nonsmoking areas required or more than scattered local bans, 0.75 = smoking only in ventilated areas, 1 = total or near-total ban) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ibanwork** | Smoking ban— private workplaces | 2000–2016 | Smoking ban—private workplaces (0 = no regulation, 0.25 = minimal regulation, 0.5 = numerous exceptions/designated areas/more than scattered local bans, 0.75 = few exceptions (such as ventilated areas), 1  = total/near total ban) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ismplaw** | Regulations for “smoker | 2000–2016 | Regulations for “smoker protection” in employment? | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | protection” in employment |  | 0 = no; 0.5 = yes, but (implicitly or explicitly) insurance discrimination or incentives to stop smoking allowed; 1  = yes, and insurance discrimination banned |  |
| **iminage** | Minimum legal sale age of 21 for tobacco products | 2000–2016 | Minimum legal sale age of 21 for tobacco products (0 = no, 0.5 = significant local minimums that represent more than 20% of state pop., 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **inetpurc** | Regulations on Internet purchases | 2000–2016 | Regulations on Internet purchases? (0 = no, or minimal; 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ivend** | Regulations on vending machines | 2000–2016 | Regulations on vending machines (0 = age restrictions/supervision requirements only, 0.5 = “hard” location restrictions, 1 = banned) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **icigtaxraw** | Cigarette tax per pack of 20, including maximum local taxes, in dollars | 2000–2016 | Cigarette tax per pack of 20, including maximum local taxes, in dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **icigtax** | Real cigarette tax per pack | 2000–2016 | Real cigarette tax per pack (icigtaxraw in 2015 dollars) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **iindex** | First, unrotated principal component: icigtax, ibanrest, ibanbar, ibanwork, ivend, inetpurc | 2000-2014 | First, unrotated principal component (using R 2.15): icigtax, ibanrest, ibanbar, ibanwork, ivend, inetpurc | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **cig\_taxes\_binary** | Cigarette tax | 1936–1946 | Does the state have a cigarette tax? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **z\_cigarette\_taxes** | Cigarette tax rate | 1947–2014 | What is the state’s tax on a pack of cigarettes? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB  For 2019: “How High Are Cigarette Taxes in Your State?” (provided by The Tax Foundation) <https://taxfoundation.org/2019-state-cigarette-tax-rankings/> |
| **drugs\_boehmke\_ kegreg** | Beer keg registration requirement | 1978–2013 | Does the state require the registration upon purchase of a beer keg? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **drugs\_boehmke\_ mlda21** | Minimum legal drinking age 21 | 1936–1985 | Does the state have a minimum legal drinking age of 21? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **drugs\_boehmke\_ zerotol** | Zero tolerance for underage drinking | 1983–1995 | Does the state have a zero-tolerance law for blood alcohol levels <0.02 for individuals under age 21? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **drugs\_marijuan a\_decriminalizat ion** | Decriminalizatio n of marijuana possession | 1973–2014 | Is marijuana possession a criminal act? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **drugs\_medical\_ marijuana** | Medical marijuana | 1996–2014 | Is it legal to use marijuana for medical purposes? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **drugs\_smoking\_ ban\_restaurants** | Smoking ban— restaurants | 1995–2014 | Does the state ban smoking in restaurants? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **drugs\_smoking\_ ban\_workplaces** | Smoking ban— workplaces | 1995–2014 | Does the state ban smoking in all workplaces? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **dry\_counties** | Number of “dry counties” in the state | 2008 | Number of counties that prohibit the sale of alcohol (beer excluded) | Frendreis, John, and Raymond Tatalovich. “‘A Hundred Miles of Dry’: Religion and the Persistence of Prohibition in the U.S. States.” *State Politics and Policy Quarterly* 10.3 (2010): 302-319. |
| **moist\_counties** | Number of “moist counties” in the state | 2008 | Number of counties that are considered “dry,” yet allow certain jurisdictions to sell alcohol (beer excluded) | Frendreis, John, and Raymond Tatalovich. “‘A Hundred Miles of Dry’: Religion and the Persistence of Prohibition in the U.S. States.” *State Politics and Policy Quarterly* 10.3 (2010): 302-319. |
| **dui** | Establishes drunk driving threshold of .08 blood alcohol level | 1983–2004 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boushey, Graeme. “Targeted for diffusion? How the use and acceptance of stereotypes shape the diffusion of criminal justice policy innovations in the American States.” *American Political Science Review* 110.1 (2016): 198-214.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dwi\_reform** | State reform for driving intoxication limits | 1983–2002 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Makse, Todd, and Craig Volden. “The role of policy attributes in the diffusion of innovations.” *The Journal of Politics* 73.1 (2011): 108-124.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **goodsam911** | Good Samaritan protection for reporting overdose | 2007–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Mallinson, Daniel J. “Building a better speed trap: Measuring policy adoption speed in the American states.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 16.1 (2016): 98-120.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

1. **Gambling Policy**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **dcasino** | Some commercial (non-Indian) casino gambling legal | 1962–2016 | Some commercial (non-Indian) casino gambling legal? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dchargam** | Charitable gaming permitted | 1962–2016 | Charitable gaming permitted? (0 = no,  0.5 = annual events only, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dgamfel** | Aggravated gambling is a felony | 2000–2016 | Aggravated gambling is a felony (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dintgam** | Express prohibition on Internet gambling | 1957–2016 | Express prohibition on Internet gambling? (-1 = express authorization of some form of Internet gambling, 0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dparimut** | Pari-mutuel wagering taking place | 1962–2016 | Pari-mutuel wagering taking place? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dslots** | Slot/video games legal outside casinos and tracks | 1962–2016 | Slot/video games legal outside casinos and tracks? (0 = no, 0.25 = in strictly limited locations with half of revenue going to charity, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dsocgam** | Social gambling allowed | 2000–2016 | Social gambling allowed? (0 = no, 0.5  = stakes limit, 1=yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dsports** | Private sports betting legal | 1962–2016 | Private sports betting legal? (0 = no,  0.5 = limited games, 1=yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dtrack** | Some racetrack gaming legal | 1962–2016 | Some racetrack gaming legal? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **gambling\_casino s** | Casinos allowed | 1977–2012 | Does the state allow casinos? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **gambling\_lottery**  **\_adoption** | Lottery allowed | 1964–2014 | Does the state have a lottery? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **indgaming** | State allows tribal gaming | 1990–1995 | Did state adopt tribal gaming? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **lott** | Lottery | 1964–1993 | Did state adopt lottery? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |

1. **Gun Control**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **bradycamp** | Child access to guns protection law | 1989–2000 | Did state adopt a child access to guns protection law? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **concealed\_carry** | State permit for conceal and carry | 1975–2001 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Makse, Todd, and Craig Volden. “The role of policy attributes in the diffusion of innovations.” *The Journal of Politics* 73.1 (2011): 108-124.  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **guncontrol\_assa ultweapon\_ban** | Assault weapon ban | 1989–2014 | Are assault weapons banned in the state? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **guncontrol\_licen ses\_dealers** | Gun dealer licenses | 1936–2014 | Does the state have any license requirements for manufacturers or dealers? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **guncontrol\_open carry** | Open carry law for guns | 1961–2014 | Is there an open carry law for guns? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **guncontrol\_satni ghtspecial\_ban** | Saturday Night Special | 1974–2013 | Does the state ban “Saturday Night Special” handguns? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **w\_guncontrol\_bc**  **\_dealers** | Background check gun purchases from dealers | 1936–1993 | Does the state require a background check on gun purchases from dealers? (0 = no; 1 = background check required for handguns; 2 = required for rifles/long guns) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_guncontrol\_bc**  **\_privatesales** | Background check for private sales | 1936–2014 | Does the state require a background check on privately-sold guns? (0 = no; 1 = background check required for handguns; 2 = required for rifles/long guns) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_guncontrol\_re gistration\_requir** | Gun registration | 1936–2014 | Does the state have registration requirement for guns? (0 = no; 1 = law applies to handguns only; 2 = law applies to all firearms, including rifles and shotguns) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_guncontrol\_w aitingperiod** | Waiting period for gun purchases | 1936–2014 | Does the state have a waiting period for gun purchases? (0 = no; 1 = law applies to handguns only; 2 = law applies to all firearms, including rifles and shotguns) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **fguns** | Law bans employers from banning guns on certain company property, such as parking lots | 2000–2016 | Law bans employers from banning guns on certain company property, such as parking lots? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bipcraw** | Initial permit cost in dollars, excluding training costs | 1986–2016 | Initial permit cost in dollars, excluding training costs (n/a = no permits issued, 0 = permits not required) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bipc** | Initial permit cost in 2006 dollars | 1986–2016 | Initial permit cost in 2006 dollars (twice the maximum cost in any other state if no permits issued, 0 = permits not required) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bipt** | Initial permit term | 1986–2016 | Initial permit term (0 = no permits issued, 25 = permits not required) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **bjourn** | Carry in motor vehicles | 1986–2016 | Carry in motor vehicles (peaceable journey) (0 = not permitted unless locked in container, 0.5 = permitted with CC permit/license but only if in plain view, 1 = only with concealed carry permit (unless in locked container or glove box), 2 = either “plain view” or “concealed” restrictions, 3 = no restrictions even if concealed) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bprecc** | State preemption of local concealed carry ordinances | 1986–2016 | State preemption of local concealed carry ordinances? (0 = no, 0.5 = limited/special legislation for particular localities, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bpreoc** | State preemption of local open carry ordinances | 1986–2016 | State preemption of local open carry ordinances? (0 = no, 0.5 = limited/special legislation for particular localities, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **baow** | AOW (Any  Other Class III Weapon) | 1986–2016 | AOW (Any Other Class III Weapon) (0  = prohibited in state law; .5 = not prohibited but regulated at state-local level OR not prohibited in law but virtually prohibited in practice; 1 = not prohibited by state law) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **basslt** | Assault weapons ban | 1986–2016 | Assault weapons ban? (0 = no, 0.5 = locally, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **baurnh** | Authorized user requirement for new handguns, aka smartguns | 2000–2014 | Authorized user requirement for new handguns, aka smartguns? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bballist** | Ballistic identification OR  microstamping requirements | 1986–2016 | Ballistic identification OR microstamping requirements? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **bcci** | Concealed carry index | 1986–2016 | Concealed carry index (see “Carry indices” page for construction: [http://www.statepolicyindex.com/wp-](http://www.statepolicyindex.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/06/b_guns_17_metadata_carry_indices.txt) [content/uploads/2019/06/b\_guns\_17\_m](http://www.statepolicyindex.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/06/b_guns_17_metadata_carry_indices.txt) [etadata\_carry\_indices.txt](http://www.statepolicyindex.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/06/b_guns_17_metadata_carry_indices.txt)) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bccpin** | Concealed carry permits issued to nonresidents | 1986–2016 | Concealed carry permits issued to nonresidents? (0 = no, 0.5 = yes for property owners/employed in state/may issue, 1 = yes, 2 = permit not needed for CC) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bccpir** | Concealed carry permits issued to residents | 1986–2016 | Concealed carry permits issued to residents? (0 = no, 1 = yes, 2 = permit not needed for CC) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bchild** | Child access prevention laws | 2006–2014 | Child access prevention laws? (0 = none, 1 = criminal liability if access provided knowingly, intentionally, or recklessly/child must use gun, 2 = criminal liability if child actually gains access, 3 = criminal liability if child may gain access)  Note: multiplied by 0.5 if local only, multiplied by 0.5 if gun must be loaded and/or a handgun for liability to attach | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bconst** | State constitution contains individual right to keep and bear arms | 1986–2016 | State constitution contains individual right to keep and bear arms? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bdealer** | Licensing or regulation of gun dealers | 1986–2016 | Licensing or regulation of gun dealers? (0 = no, 0.5 = locally or only warning to purchasers, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bdesign** | Design safety standards for handguns | 1986–2016 | Design safety standards for handguns (“Saturday night special” ban)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **bdtr** | Law specifying no duty to retreat before using deadly force? | 1986–2016 | Law specifying no duty to retreat before using deadly force? (0 = none,  0.5 = only in home (aka castle doctrine), 0.75 = home and vehicle, 1 = yes, applying everywhere) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bgunban** | Local gun ban in place | 1986–2016 | Local gun ban in place? (0 = none, 0.5  = sale only, 1 = sale and possession) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **binsp** | Police inspections of gun stores | 2000–2010 | Police inspections of gun stores (0 = none, 0.5 = permitted, 1 = required) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **blicens** | Licensing or permitting of gun owners or purchasers | 1986–2016 | Licensing or permitting of gun owners or purchasers? (0 = no, 0.5 = handguns only, 1 = all guns; multiplied by 0.5 if locally only) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **blicst** | Safety training for licensees/permit ees | 1986–2016 | Safety training for licensees/permitees? (0 = no, 0.5 = examination only, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **blic** | Licensing index | 1986–2016 | Licensing and safety training combined measure  = blicens \* (blicst + 1) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **blocks** | Built-in locking devices required | 1986–2016 | Built-in locking devices required? (0 = no, 1 = yes with sale, 2 = yes and must be stored in a locked container or with lock in place) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bmags** | Large capacity ammunition magazines ban | 1986–2016 | Large capacity ammunition magazines ban? (0 = no, 0.5 = locally, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bmg** | Machine Guns | 1986–2016 | Machine guns (0 = prohibited in state law; .5 = not prohibited but regulated at state-local level OR not prohibited in law but virtually prohibited in practice; 1 = not prohibited by state law) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **bminage** | Stricter minimum age to purchase or possess firearms than federal standard | 1986–2016 | Stricter minimum age to purchase or possess firearms than federal standard? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bmult** | One handgun per month law | 1986–2016 | One handgun per month law? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bnpg** | Non-powder guns use or possession regulated | 2000–2014 | Non-powder guns use or possession regulated? (0 = no or just deals with young minors, 0.5 = locally, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **boci** | Open carry index | 1986–2016 | Open carry index (see “Carry indices” page for construction: [http://www.statepolicyindex.com/wp-](http://www.statepolicyindex.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/06/b_guns_17_metadata_carry_indices.txt) [content/uploads/2019/06/b\_guns\_17\_m](http://www.statepolicyindex.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/06/b_guns_17_metadata_carry_indices.txt) [etadata\_carry\_indices.txt](http://www.statepolicyindex.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/06/b_guns_17_metadata_carry_indices.txt)) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bopen** | Open carry of loaded handgun | 1986–2016 | Open carry of loaded handgun (0 = not generally permitted, 1 = permitted with permit, 2 = permitted without permit) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **botheft** | Owners required to report lost or stolen guns | 1986–2016 | Owners required to report lost or stolen guns? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bplaces** | Loaded handgun carry permitted in bars, banks, casinos, hospitals, places of worship, public demonstrations, parks, and athletic events | 1986–2016 | Is loaded handgun carry permitted in bars, banks, casinos, hospitals, places of worship, public demonstrations, parks, and athletic events? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bpriv** | Background checks required | 1986–2016 | Background checks required at private sales or gun shows? (0 = no, 0.5 = locally or some firearms, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | at private sales or gun shows |  |  |  |
| **bpurge** | State government required to purge background check records | 2000–2014 | State government required to purge background check records? (0 = no, .5  = must destroy records of long gun sales but not hand gun sales, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bregis** | Registration of firearms | 1986–2016 | Registration of firearms? (0 = no, 0.5 = some firearms, 1 = all firearms; multiplied by 0.5 if locally only) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bretent** | Retention of sales records | 1986–2016 | Retention of sales records? (0 = no requirement, 0.5 = kept by seller, 1 = kept by state; multiplied by 0.5 if locally only) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **brifle** | 50 caliber rifles banned or regulated | 1986–2016 | 50 caliber rifles banned or regulated? (0 = no, 0.5 = regulated, 1 = banned) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bsbr** | SBR (Short Barreled Rifle) | 1986–2016 | SBR (Short Barreled Rifle) (0 = prohibited in state law; 0.5 = not prohibited but regulated at state-local level OR not prohibited in law but virtually prohibited in practice; 1 = not prohibited by state law) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bsbs** | SBS (Short Barreled Shotgun) | 1986–2016 | SBS (Short Barreled Shotgun) (0 = prohibited in state law; 0.5 = not prohibited but regulated at state-local level OR not prohibited in law but virtually prohibited in practice; 1 = not prohibited by state law) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bsi** | Concealed carry permits are shall-issue | 1986–2016 | Concealed carry permits are shall- issue? (0 = no, 0.5 = theoretically yes but broad exceptions exist or theoretically may issue but effectively more like shall issue, 1 = yes, 2 = permit not needed) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **bss** | Sound suppressor (silencers) | 1986–2016 | Sound suppressor (silencers) (0 = prohibited in state law; 0.5 = not prohibited but regulated at state-local level OR not prohibited in law but virtually prohibited in practice; 1 = not prohibited by state law) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bssp** | Store security precautions required | 1986–2016 | Store security precautions required? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bstheft** | Gun dealer regulation: mandatory theft reporting of all firearms | 1986–2016 | Gun dealer regulation: mandatory theft reporting of all firearms (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **btrain** | Training or testing requirement for carry permit | 1986–2016 | Training or testing requirement for carry permit (0 = no/may carry without permit, 1 = yes/no permits) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **bwait** | Waiting period on firearms purchases | 1986–2016 | Waiting period on firearms purchases? (0 = no, 0.5 = some firearms, 1=all firearms) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

1. **Labor**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **antiinj** | Anti-injunction laws | 1913–1939 | Did state adopt anti-injunction laws? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **fairemp** | Fair employment laws | 1945–1964 | Did state adopt fair employment laws? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **fairtrade** | Fair trade laws | 1931–1969 | Did state adopt fair trade laws? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **miglab** | Migratory labor committee | 1943–1960 | Did state adopt a migratory labor committee? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **minwage** | Minimum wage law | 1915–1965 | Did state adopt a minimum wage law? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **right2work** | Right to work legislation | 1911–2001 | Did state adopt right-to-work legislation? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **sals** | Seasonal agricultural labor standards | 1945–1965 | Did state adopt seasonal agricultural labor standards? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **gagexem** | Workers’ compensation optional for certain agricultural workers | 2000–2015 | Workers’ compensation optional for certain agricultural workers? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gcomp** | Workers’ compensation mandated coverage index | 2000–2015 | Workers’ compensation mandated coverage index  Predicted values: robust OLS regression of gcompcov on gcompman, ln(gsbexem + 1), gagexem | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **gcompcov** | WC-covered employees as a  % of UI-covered employees | 2000–2015 | WC-covered employees as a % of UI- covered employees | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gcompfnd** | Workers’ compensation funding index | 2000–2015 | Workers’ compensation funding index: 1 + gprivins + gselfins – gsfund | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gcompjob** | Average compensation per job, dollars | 2000–2016 | Average compensation per job, dollars | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gminraw** | Minimum wage rate | 2000–2016 | Minimum wage rate (for 12/31/2006):  $5.15 if none or same as federal, for 12/31/2008 and 12/31/2010 and  12/31/2012 and 12/31/2014 and 12/31/2016: $7.25 if none or same as federal. Rate for any increase scheduled to take effect in 2015 but later scheduled rate increases not included. | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gminwag** | For states with higher than federal minimum wage | 2000–2016 | For states with higher than federal minimum wage:  (gminraw – [federal minimum] / gcompjob) \* 1800; 0 = otherwise | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gunion** | Employees represented by unions as percentage of those employed, annual average | 2004–2014 | Employees represented by unions as percentage of those employed, annual average | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gcompman** | Employer- provided workers’ compensation mandated | 2000–2016 | Employer-provided workers’ compensation mandated? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gdisab** | Short-term disability | 2000–2016 | Short-term disability insurance program? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | insurance program |  |  |  |
| **geadl** | Employment anti- discrimination law covering any non-federal category | 2000–2016 | Employment anti-discrimination law covering any non-federal category? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gleave** | Paid family leave insurance program | 2000–2016 | Paid family leave insurance program? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gnonc** | Non-compete agreements permitted | 2000–2016 | Non-compete agreements permitted? (0  = no or generally no with an exception for trade secrets; 1 = yes or statutory prohibitions relaxed by court) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gosh** | Occupational safety and health agency | 2014–2016 | Does state have its own occupational safety and health agency? (0 = no, 0.5  = for public employees only, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gprev** | Prevailing wage law | 2000–2014 | Prevailing wage law? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gprivins** | Private workers’ compensation insurers permitted | 2000–2015 | Private workers’ compensation insurers permitted? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **grtw** | General right-to- work law | 2000–2016 | General right-to-work law? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gsbexem** | Workers’ compensation optional for certain small businesses | 2000–2015 | Workers’ compensation optional for certain small businesses? (0 = no exemption, 1 = fewer than three employees, 2 = fewer than four employees, 3 = fewer than five employees) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **gselfins** | Employer self- insurance for workers’ compensation permitted | 2000–2015 | Employer self-insurance for workers’ compensation permitted? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gsfund** | State funds offer workers’ compensation insurance | 2000–2015 | State funds offer workers’ compensation insurance? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **gverif** | Employer verification of legal resident status | 2000–2016 | Employer verification of legal resident status (0 = not required of some private employers other than state contractors, 1 = required of some private employers other than state contractors) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **labor\_age\_discri mination** | Age discrimination ban | 1936–1999 | Does the state ban age discrimination? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **labor\_antiinjunc tion\_laws** | Anti-injunction act | 1936–1966 | Does the state have an anti-injunction law? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **labor\_collective\_ bargaining\_stat** | Collective bargaining (state employees) | 1966–1996 | Does the state have collective bargaining rights for state government employees? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **labor\_collective\_ bargaining\_teac** | Collective bargaining (teachers) | 1960–1996 | Does the state have collective bargaining rights for local teachers? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **labor\_merit\_syst em** | Merit system for state employees | 1936–1953 | Does the state have a merit system for state employees? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **labor\_minimum wage\_men** | Minimum wage for men | 1944–1968 | Does the state have a minimum wage for men? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **labor\_minimum wage\_women\_an ymajor** | Minimum wage for women | 1936–1980 | Does the state have a minimum wage for women? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **labor\_minwage\_ abovefed** | Minimum wage above federal level | 1968–2012 | Is the state’s minimum wage above the federal level? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **labor\_prevailing**  **\_wage\_laws** | Prevailing wage law | 1936–2014 | Does the state have prevailing wage laws? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **labor\_right\_to\_ work** | Right to work law | 1944–2014 | Is the state a right-to-work state? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **labor\_state\_disa bility\_insurance** | Temporary disability insurance | 1945–2014 | Does the state have a temporary disability insurance program? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **labor\_state\_retir ement\_system** | State pension system established | 1936–1960 | Does the state have a pension system? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **labor\_workers\_c ompensation** | Workers’ compensation | 1936–1947 | Has the state established workers’ compensation? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_labor\_relation s\_acts** | Labor relations acts | 1937–1966 | Does the state have a Labor Relations Act? (0 = no; 1 = patterned after Taft- Hartley Act; 2 = patterned after Wagner Act) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **w\_labor\_state\_a da** | Disability discrimination ban | 1965–1990 | Does the state ban discrimination against disabled people? (0 = no; 1 = antidiscrimination law; 2 = reasonable accommodation law; see Jolls and Prescott (2004)) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **x\_labor\_childlab or\_ageleavescho o** | Child labor drop out age | 1935 | What is the age minors can drop out of school (14–18)? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **x\_labor\_childlab or\_workpermita ge** | Child labor (14-  15) | 1936–1939 | Does the state require employment certificates for child labor (14 and 15)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **z\_labor\_unempl oyment\_compens atio** | Unemployment compensation | 1937–2014 | What is the maximum weekly amount of unemployment benefits? | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

1. **Transportation**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Dates** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **allpass\_seatbelt** | Requiring all passengers to wear a seatbelt | 1985–2007 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **bikehelmet** | Requiring helmet for riding bike | 1989–2007 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **frontpass\_seatbe lt** | Requiring front passengers to wear seatbelts | 1985–1995 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **helmetlaw\_17** | Motorcyclists 17 and under required to wear a helmet | 1980–2006 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **helmetlaw\_learn** | Those with instructional permits or licenses less than 1 year old required to wear helmet on motorcycle | 1980–2006 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **helmetlaw\_pass** | Helmet required for motorcycle passenger | 1980–2007 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **opencont** | Prohibits open alcoholic containers in vehicles | 1980–2006 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **primaryenforce\_ all** | Police may pull over drivers for driving without seatbelt | 1985–2010 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **primaryenforce\_ minor** | Police may pull over drivers for minors riding without seatbelt | 1986–2007 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **zerotoleranceapi s** | Law that establishes legal BAC limit of .02 for underage drivers | 1983–1998 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **zerotolerancelaw** | Law that establishes legal BAC for underage drivers lower than adult drivers | 1984–1999 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Silver, Diana, and Macinko, James. State Health Policy Research Dataset (SHEPRD): 1980-2010. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2014-09-24. https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR34789.v3  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **autosaf** | Automobile safety compact | 1959–1971 | Did state adopt the automobile safety compact? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **childseat** | Child seatbelt requirement | 1981–1984 | Did state adopt child seatbelt requirement? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **conacchwy** | Controlled access highways | 1937–1960 | Did state adopt controlled access highways? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **gdl** | State graduated driver’s | 1996–2009 | Did state adopt graduated driver’s licensing program? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | licensing program |  |  |  |
| **kidhelmet** | Mandatory bicycle helmets for minors | 1992–2007 | Did state adopt mandatory bicycle helmets for minors? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **motorhelm** | Motorcycle helmet requirement | 1967–1985 | Did state adopt motorcycle helmet requirement? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **primseat** | Primary seat belt laws | 1984–2004 | Did state adopt primary seat belt laws? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **prkagcit** | Parking agency (enabling act) for cities | 1919–1970 | Did state adopt parking agency (enabling act) for cities? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **transport** | Strategic planning for transportation | 1974–1991 | Did state adopt strategic planning for transportation? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **certificate\_of\_titl e\_for\_vessels** | Regulating titles for vehicles | 2013–2014 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dalprdr** | Automated license plate reader data use and retention | 1957–2016 | Automated License Plate Reader data use and retention (0 = no limits on data use and retention; 0.5 = use and data retention limited by AG opinion/directive; 1 = data use and retention limited by statute; 2 = significant statutory limits on use of ALPRs and retention of data/ALPRs do not exist) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dautopip** | Personal injury protection | 2006–2014 | Personal injury protection (no-fault auto insurance) required? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **dautouuc** | Uninsured/under insured coverage required | 2000–2016 | Uninsured/underinsured coverage required? (0 = no, 0.5 = only mandatory if a liability policy is purchased, 1 = uninsured only, 2 = both) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dbeltenf** | Standard (primary) enforcement of belt use for adults | 2000–2016 | Standard (primary) enforcement of belt use for adults? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dbeltlaw** | Seat belt law for adults | 1957–2016 | Seat belt law for adults? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dbelt** | Seat belt index | 2000–2016 | Seat belt index: dbeltlaw + dbeltenf | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dbike** | Bicycle helmet law exists | 2000–2016 | Bicycle helmet law exists? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dcell** | Statewide ban on handheld cell phones for all drivers | 2000–2016 | Statewide ban on handheld cell phones for all drivers? (0 = no, 1 = secondary, 2 = primary) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dfprint** | Finger or thumb print required for driver’s license | 2000–2016 | Finger or thumb print required for driver's license? (0 = no, 0.5 = local, 1  = state) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dhelmall** | Motorcycle helmet law covering all drivers | 2000–2016 | Motorcycle helmet law covering all drivers? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dhelmpar** | Motorcycle helmet law covering some riders | 2000–2016 | Motorcycle helmet law covering some riders? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **dimmdl** | Driver’s licenses available to residents without SSNs | 2000–2016 | Driver’s licenses available to residents without SSNs? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ddlicren** | Driver’s license renewal cycle | 2006–2017 | Driver’s license renewal cycle (in years, quantitative interpretation) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ddlstr** | Driver’s license renewal cycle (string) | 2006–2017 | Driver’s license renewal cycle (in years, with string descriptors) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dliab** | Auto liability insurance required | 2000–2016 | Auto liability insurance required? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **docont** | Open container law for automobile drivers or passengers | 1982–2016 | Open container law for automobile drivers or passengers? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dsobchk** | Sobriety/safety checkpoints authorized | 2000–2016 | Sobriety/safety checkpoints authorized? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dtextban** | Statewide texting ban for all drivers | 2000–2016 | Statewide texting ban for all drivers? (0  = none, 1 = secondary, 2 = primary) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **regulation\_bicycl e\_helmets** | Bicycle helmets required | 1985–2014 | Does the state require that people use helmets while on bicycles? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **regulation\_mand atory\_car\_insura n** | Mandatory car insurance | 1945–1986 | Does the state require drivers to obtain car insurance? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **regulation\_mand atory\_seatbelts** | Mandatory seat belts | 1984–2014 | Does the state require the usage of seat belts (either primary or secondary enforcement)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **regulation\_moto rcycle\_helmets** | Motorcycle helmets required | 1967–2014 | Does the state require the usage of helmets by people on motorcycles? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **transportation\_c ontrolledaccessh** | Controlled access highways | 1937–1946 | Does the state have controlled access highways? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **licdrivers** | Licensed drivers | 1994–2010 | Number of people with state-issued driver’s licenses | U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration. Highway Statistics. [http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/policyinformation/statistics.cfm.](http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/policyinformation/statistics.cfm)  Originally provided by Stateminder: A data visualization project from Georgetown University. <http://stateminder.org/>(no longer accessible online) |

1. **Regulatory Policy**
2. **Licensing**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **beaulic** | Beauticians’ licensing | 1914–1980 | Did state adopt beauticians’ licensing? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **intbar** | Integrated bar | 1921–1956 | Did state adopt an integrated bar? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **realest** | Real estate brokers’ licensing | 1917–1964 | Did state adopt real estate brokers’ licensing? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **keduc** | Summed education/experi ence requirements for all occupations licensed | 2010 | Summed education/experience requirements for all occupations licensed | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **kexam** | Summed exam requirements for all occupations licensed | 2010 | Summed exam requirements for all occupations licensed | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **kfees** | Summed fees for all occupations licensed | 2010 | Summed fees for all occupations licensed | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **klicsurv** | Percentage of workers requiring a license from survey data | 2014 | Percentage of workers requiring a license from survey data' | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **kloccs** | Number of licensed occupations | 1993 | Number of licensed occupations | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **kloccs2** | Number of licensed occupations (smaller set) | 1993–2014 | Number of licensed occupations, smaller set for which consistent time- series is available | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **kewl** | Employment- weighted licensure | 1993–2016 | Employment-weighted licensure | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **knccr** | Scope of nurse practitioner practice: consumer choice rating | 2006–2016 | Scope of nurse practitioner practice: consumer choice rating (out of 100) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **kstat** | Statutes mentioning various regulatory, licensing-related phrases | 2014–2016 | Statutes mentioning the following phrases: “no person shall practice,” “shall not practice,” “no person may practice,” “may not practice,” “no person shall act as,” “no person may act as,” “shall not act as,” “may not act as,” “must obtain a license,” “must obtain certification” (excluding red- flagged statutes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **kstat2** | Statutes mentioning the following phrases: “license required,” “certification required” | 2014–2016 | Statutes mentioning following phrases: “license required,” “certification required” (excluding red-flagged statutes and obvious cross-references) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **kstatsum** | Index of statutory mentions of regulatory keywords | 2014–2016 | Index of statutory mentions of regulatory keywords (kstat + kstat2 / 2) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **kdhind** | Dental hygienists initiate treatment without dentist authorization | 2000–2016 | May dental hygienists initiate treatment without dentist authorization? (0 = no,  0.5 = collaborative agreement required or significant locational restrictions, 1  = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **knce** | Nursing consultation exception | 2010–2010 | Nursing consultation exception: state explicitly permits nurses to practice in- state if licensed elsewhere? (0 = no, 0.5  = with time limits, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **knlc** | Member of nurse licensure compact | 2000–2016 | Member of Nurse Licensure Compact, permitting multistate practice? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **knpind** | Nurse practitioners allowed to practice independently from MDs | 2000–2016 | Are nurse practitioners allowed to practice independently from MDs? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **knpindex** | Nurse practitioner independence index | 2000–2016 | Nurse practitioner independence index (2 = full authority; otherwise = knpind  \* knps) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **knps** | Nurse practitioners prescribe controlled substances | 2000–2016 | May nurse practitioners prescribe controlled substances? (0 = no; 0.25 = with physician oversight may dispense or advise but may not write; 0.45 = only schedules 4 & 5 with physician oversight; 0.5 = with physician oversight only; 0.9 = only schedules 4 & 5 independently, others with physician oversight; 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **kpacs** | Physician assistants prescribe controlled substances | 2000–2016 | May physician assistants prescribe controlled substances? (0 = no, 0.5 = limited, 1 = yes, all schedules) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ksunrise** | Independent commission reviews new occupational licensing legislative proposals | 1984–2014 | Independent commission reviews new occupational licensing legislative proposals? (0 = no, 0.5 = limited, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ksunset** | State licensing agencies automatically abolished | 1984–2014 | State licensing agencies automatically abolished unless legislatively reauthorized following independent sunset review? (0 = no, 0.5 = only for specified programs, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **kttack** | Thumbtack grade for licensing requirements | 2012–2015 | Thumbtack grade for licensing requirements (1 = A+, 2 = A, 3 = A-, 4  = B+, etc., 14 = F) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **nmoverlic** | Household goods moving companies must obtain certificate of public convenience and necessity | 2000–2016 | Household goods moving companies must obtain certificate of public convenience and necessity? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **licenses\_account ants** | Accountant licensing | 1936–1951 | State license required for accountants? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **licenses\_architec ts** | Architect licensing | 1936–1951 | State license required for architects? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **licenses\_beautici ans** | Beautician licensing | 1936–1951 | State license required for beauticians? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **licenses\_chiropr actors** | Chiropractor licensing | 1936–1951 | State license required for chiropractors? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **licenses\_dentists** | Dentist licensing | 1936–1951 | State license required for dentists? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **licenses\_engineer s** | Engineer licensing | 1936–1951 | State license required for engineers? (0  = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **licenses\_nurses** | Nurse licensing | 1936–1951 | State license required for nurses? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **licenses\_pharma cists** | Pharmacist licensing | 1936–1951 | State license required for pharmacists? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **licenses\_real\_est ate** | Real estate licensing | 1936–1951 | Real estate licensing (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

1. **Miscellaneous Regulatory Policy**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Variable Name** | **Short Description** | **Years** | **Coding /**  **Longer Description (if available)** | **Sources** |
| **adcom** | Advertising commissions | 1925–1939 | Did state adopt advertising commissions? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **ccreceipt** | Restrictions on displaying credit card numbers on sales receipts | 1999–2008 | Did state adopt restrictions on displaying credit card numbers on sales receipts? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **citzon** | Zoning in cities (enabling legislation) | 1913–1957 | Did state adopt legislation enabling zoning in cities? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **cogrowman** | Planning laws requiring loc/reg planners to coordinate growth management plan developments | 1961–1998 | Did state adopt planning laws requiring local/regional planners to coordinate growth management plan developments? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **credfreez** | Limits credit agencies from issuing a credit report without consumer consent | 2001–2006 | Did state adopt law limiting credit agencies from issuing a credit report without consumer consent? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **econdev** | Strategic planning for economic development | 1981–1992 | Did state adopt strategic planning for economic development? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **enterzone** | State enterprise zones | 1981–1992 | Did state adopt state enterprise zones? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **foia** | Open Records / Freedom of Information Acts | 1900–2003 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **humrel** | Human relations commission | 1945–1993 | Did state adopt a human relations commission? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **idas** | Individual development accounts | 1993–2001 | Did state adopt individual development accounts? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **lemon** | Lemon laws | 1982–1984 | Did state adopt lemon laws? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **livingwill** | Living wills | 1976–1986 | Did state adopt living wills? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **pestcomp** | Interstate pest control compact | 1968–2009 | Did state join the interstate pest control compact? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **pldvpag** | Planning/develo pment agency | 1935–1978 | Did state adopt a planning/development agency? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **pubhouen** | Public housing (enabling legislation) | 1933–1950 | Did state adopt legislation enabling public housing? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **retainag** | Retainers agreement | 1957–1965 | Did state adopt a retainers agreement? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **revenue** | Strategic planning for revenue | 1981–1991 | Did state adopt strategic planning for revenue? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **urbrenen** | Urban renewal (enabling legislation) | 1941–1952 | Did state adopt legislation enabling urban renewal? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Boehmke, Frederick J., and Paul Skinner. “State policy innovativeness revisited.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 12.3 (2012): 303-329. |
| **article\_1\_of\_the\_ uniform\_busines** | Harmonizes the language of all of the uniform unincorporated entity acts | 2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **assignment\_of\_r ents\_act** | Establishes a comprehensive statutory model for the creation, perfection, and | 2007–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | enforcement of security interests in rents |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **business\_organiz ations\_code** | Creates statutory structure for organizing business and nonprofit entities | 2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **commercial\_real**  **\_estate\_receivers** | Provides a standard set of rules for courts to apply for real estate receivership | 2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **common\_interest**  **\_owners\_bill\_of\_ r** | Governs the formation, management, and termination of common interest communities | 2010 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **common\_interest**  **\_ownership\_act\_ 1** | Governs the formation, management, and termination of common interest communities (1982 version) | 1983–1993 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **common\_interest**  **\_ownership\_act\_ 2** | Governs the formation, management, and termination of common interest communities (2008 version) | 2009–2010 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **computer\_infor mation\_transacti on** | Contract law to regulate transactions in computer information products | 2000 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **condominium\_ac t** | Provisions for creation, management, and termination of condominium associations | 1980–2010 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **conservation\_eas ement\_act** | Creation of permanent easements on real property for conservation and historic preservation purposes | 1982–2005 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **consumer\_credit**  **\_code** | Provides standards for credit transactions entered into by individuals who purchase, use, maintain, and dispose of products and services | 1969–1985 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **consumer\_leases**  **\_act** | Assure that meaningful and accurate disclosure of lease terms is provided to consumers | 2002 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | before entering into a contract |  |  |  |
| **consumer\_sales\_ practices** | Crystallize the best elements of contemporary federal and state regulation of consumer sales practices | 1972–1973 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **custodial\_trust\_a ct** | Establishes a legal structure for organizing the ownership and management of property for its preservation on behalf of specified individuals | 1988–2007 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **debt\_manageme nt\_services\_2011** | Governing national administration of debt counseling and management in a fair and effective way (2011 update) | 2012 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **debt\_manageme nt\_services\_act\_ 2005** | Governing national administration of debt counseling and management in a fair and effective way (2005) | 2006–2011 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **deceptive\_trade\_ practices\_act\_1** | Prohibit unfair or deceptive | 1968–1973 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | trade practices and unfair competition |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **disclaimer\_of\_pr operty\_interests** | Allow every sort of disclaimer, including those that are useful for tax planning purposes | 2000–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **division\_of\_inco me\_for\_tax\_pur po** | Divides income between states for tax purposes when living/working in multiple states | 1950–1983 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dormant\_minera l\_interests\_act\_ m** | Ownership of real estate means ownership of interests and rights in an actual piece of geography | 1987 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **emergency\_volu nteer\_health\_pra ct** | Allows state governments during a declared emergency to give reciprocity to other states’ licenses on emergency service providers | 2007–2016 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **eminent\_domain**  **\_code** | Regulating condemnation of property on behalf of private | 1985 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | and public entities |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **entity\_transactio ns\_act\_model** | Allow conversion of one kind of business organization to another, or the merger of two or more business organizations into one organization | 2007–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **estate\_tax\_appor tionment\_and\_p ro** | Regulated apportionment of assets of the deceased | 1972–2011 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **exemptions\_act\_ model** | Bankruptcy law | 1982 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **fiduciary\_access**  **\_to\_digital\_asse** | Extends power of fiduciary | 2014 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **foreign\_money\_c laims\_act** | Provides the rules for fair conversions of foreign money judgments into dollar amounts | 1989–2010 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **foreign\_money\_j udgments\_recog nit** | Provides for enforcement of a state court judgment in another state to implement the full faith and credit clause of the U.S. constitution | 1963–2003 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **foreign\_country\_ money\_judgmen ts** | Makes it clear that a judgment entitled to full faith and credit under the U.S. constitution is not enforceable under this act | 2007–2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **fraudulent\_trans fer\_act\_1984** | Classifies a category of transfers as fraudulent to creditors and provides creditors with a remedy for such transfers | 1985–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **information\_pra ctices\_code** | Provides a uniform statutory approach to privacy and freedom of information | 1988 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **insurable\_interes t\_amendment\_to** | Addresses purchase of life insurance trusts | 2011–2014 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **intestacy\_wills\_a nd\_donative\_t** | Provides instruction on transfer of property at death | 1991–1995 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **land\_sales\_pract ices** | Regulation on promotional sale of land | 1967–1973 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **limited\_cooperat ive\_association** | Addresses the cooperative form of business | 2008–2012 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **limited\_liability\_ company\_1995** | Permits the formation of limited liability companies (1995) (1996) | 1997–1999 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **limited\_liability\_ company\_2006** | Permits the formation of limited liability companies (2006) (last  amended 2013) | 2008–2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **limited\_partners hip\_1976** | Permits the formation of limited liability companies (1976) | 1979–1998 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
|  |  |  |  | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/> |
| **limited\_partners hip\_act\_1916** | Regulates business partnerships in the U.S. (1916) | 1968–1973 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **limited\_partners hip\_act\_2001** | Regulates business partnerships in the U.S. (2001)  (last amended 2013) | 2003–2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **management\_of\_ institutional\_fun d** | Provides guidance on investment decisions and endowment expenditures | 1973–1998 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
|  |  |  |  | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/> |
| **model\_real\_estat e\_time\_share\_ac t** | Covers creation, management, and termination of time shares | 1983–1988 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **multiple\_person**  **\_accounts** | Encourages banks and credit unions to offer POD (pay on death) and agency (convenience) account forms for use by persons desiring some, but not | 1993–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | all, incidents of joint accounts |  |  |  |
| **nonprobate\_tran sfers\_on\_death\_ ac** | Allows owner to designate beneficiary to automatically receive property at death | 1990–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **partition\_of\_heir s\_property\_act** | Helps preserve family wealth passed to the next generation in the form of real property | 2011–2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **partnership\_act\_ 1914** | Helps make regulation of business partnerships uniform between states | 1969–1993 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **partnership\_act\_ 1997\_last\_amen** | Helps make regulation of business partnerships uniform between states | 1993–2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **planned\_commu nity\_act** | Comprehensive provisions for creating, managing, and terminating planned community developments | 1997 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **powers\_of\_appoi ntment** | Regulate power of appointment | 2014–2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | for estate planning |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **principal\_and\_in come\_act\_1962** | Provide procedures for trustees administering trusts and personal representatives administering estates in allocating assets to principal and income (1962) | 1968–1992 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **principal\_and\_in come\_act\_2000** | Provide procedures for trustees administering trusts and personal representatives administering estates in allocating assets to principal and income (2000) | 1997–2012 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **principal\_and\_in come\_amendme nts** | Provide procedures for trustees administering trusts and personal representatives administering estates in allocating assets | 2009–2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | to principal and income (2008) |  |  |  |
| **probate\_code** | Governs inheritance and decedents’ estates | 1971–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **probate\_code\_a mendments\_200 8** | Governs inheritance and decedents’ estates (2008) | 2009–2011 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **protection\_of\_ch aritable\_assets** | Articulate and confirm the role of the state attorney general in protecting charitable assets | 2014 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **prudent\_investor**  **\_act** | Reflects a “Modern Portfolio Theory” and “Total Return” approach to the exercise of fiduciary investment discretion | 1991–2006 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **real\_estate\_coop erative** | Provides comprehensive legislation governing the critical phases of cooperative development: creation, | 1982 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | financing, management, and termination |  |  |  |
| **real\_property\_tr ansfer\_on\_death** | Allows for designated beneficiary to automatically receive property transfer at owner’s death | 2011–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **residential\_landl ord\_and\_tenant** | Codify best practices in leasing housing | 1972–2006 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **residential\_mort gage\_satisfactio** | Regulating mortgage holder rights | 2005–2014 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **revised\_uniform**  **\_unclaimed\_pro per** | Includes gift cards and other technological property in previous unclaimed property law | 2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **securities\_act** | Regulates offer and sale of securities | 2003–2016 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **securities\_act\_19 56** | Regulates offer and sale of securities (1956) | 1968–1987 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **securities\_act\_19 88** | Regulates offer and sale of securities (1988) | 1988–1990 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **simultaneous\_de ath\_act** | Regulates passage of assets if multiple people die within short period | 1992–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **simultaneous\_de ath\_act\_1940** | Regulates passage of assets if multiple people die within short period (1940) | 1985 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **statutory\_rule\_a gainst\_perpetuit** | Regulated duration of ownership of property | 1987–2011 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **statutory\_trust\_e ntity\_act** | Governs the use of statutory trusts as a mode of business organization | 2012 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **statutory\_will\_ac t\_1984** | Helps simplify wills | 1991 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **testamentary\_ad ditions\_to\_trusts** | Modernizes trust and estate law | 1968–2009 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **tod\_security\_reg istration\_act** | Provides non- probate transfer of specifically registered investment securities from owner to named beneficiaries at owner’s death | 1990–2005 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **trade\_secrets\_ac t** | Codify the common law with proper clarification of rights and remedies in relation to a trade secret | 1980–2013 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **transfers\_to\_min ors\_act** | Allows a minor to receive gifts, such as money, patents, royalties, real estate and fine art, without the aid of a guardian or trustee | 1984–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **trust\_code** | Provides a comprehensive model for codifying the law on trusts | 2002–2016 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **trust\_decanting** | Non-judicial method for modifying irrevocable trust | 2016–2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **trustees\_powers\_ act\_1964** | Codifies trust laws | 1976–1985 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **ucc\_article\_1\_ge neral\_provision** | Provides definitions and general provisions (2001) | 2003–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **ucc\_article\_2a\_le ases\_1987\_19** | Provides states with a legal framework for any transaction, regardless of form, that creates a lease | 1988–2002 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **ucc\_article\_3\_ne gotiable\_instru** | Attempts to standardize negotiable instruments in states (1990) | 1991–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ucc\_article\_3\_ne gotiable\_instrum ents\_and\_article**  **\_4\_bank\_deposit s\_2002** | Attempts to standardize negotiable instruments in states (2002) | 2003–2014 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **ucc\_article\_4a\_a mendments\_201 2** | Amendments provide that article 4a does apply to a remittance transfer that is not an electronic funds transfer under the federal Electronic Funds Transfer Act | 2012–2016 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **ucc\_article\_4a\_f unds\_transfers** | Includes electronic transfers in regulation of fund transfers | 1990–1996 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **ucc\_article\_5\_let ters\_of\_credit** | Regulates payment system (1995) | 1996–2006 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **ucc\_article\_6\_re peal** | Repeal legislation of UCC Article 6 (bulk sales law) | 1990 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **ucc\_article\_6\_re vise** | Revise UCC Article 6 (bulk sales law) | 1990–1997 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/> |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  | Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **ucc\_article\_6\_bu lk\_sales\_1989** | Regulates payment system (1989) | 1990–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **ucc\_article\_7\_do cuments\_of\_titl** | Regulates storage and shipment of tangible goods | 2004–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **ucc\_article\_8\_in vestment\_securi** | Governs transfer of investment securities | 1987–1994 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **ucc\_article\_8\_in vestment\_securit ies\_1994** | Revises commercial codes, specifically transfers of securities | 1995–2001 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **ucc\_article\_9\_se cured\_transacti** | Provides a statutory framework that governs secured transactions, which involve the granting of credit secured by personal property | 1973–2001 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ucc\_article\_9\_a mendments** | Regulating secure transactions in personal property | 1973–2003 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **ucc\_article\_9\_a mendments\_201 0** | Provides the rules governing any transaction (other than a finance lease) that couples a debt with a creditor | 2011–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **unclaimed\_prop erty\_act** | Regulates abandonment of property | 1995–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **unclaimed\_prop erty\_act\_1952\_1 981** | Regulates abandonment of property (1952)  (1981) | 1968–1991 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **unincorporated\_ nonprofit\_associ ation\_act\_1992\_ 1996** | Governs all unincorporated nonprofit associations that are formed or operate in a state (1992) (1996) | 1993–2008 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **unincorporated\_ nonprofit\_associ ation\_act\_2008\_ 2011** | Governs all unincorporated nonprofit associations that are formed or | 2009–2015 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | operate in a state (2008) (last  amended 2011) |  |  | Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **vendor\_and\_pur chaser\_risk\_act** | Protect the purchaser of real estate where there is a binding contract of sale | 1937–1997 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **voidable\_transac tions\_act\_amend m** | Strengthens creditor protections | 2015–2017 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **wills\_recognition**  **\_act** | International convention calling for all countries and states to adopt a uniform formality for executing wills | 1978–2010 | 0 = policy not adopted 1 = policy adopted | Uniform Law Commission website: <http://www.uniformlaws.org/>  Frederick J. Boehmke; Mark Brockway; Bruce Desmarais; Jeffrey J. Harden; Scott LaCombe; Fridolin Linder; Hanna Wallach, 2018, “State Policy Innovation and Diffusion (SPID) Database v1.0”, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/CVYSR7 |
| **dfwks1** | Roman candles, firecrackers, and skyrockets permitted | 2000–2016 | Roman candles, firecrackers, and skyrockets permitted, size limitations OK (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dfwks2** | Some federally permitted fireworks legal | 2000–2016 | Some federally permitted fireworks legal (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dfwks3** | Wire or wood sticks and/or novelty sparklers legal | 2000–2016 | Wire or wood sticks and/or novelty sparklers legal (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dfwks4** | Fireworks sales legal year-round | 2000–2016 | Fireworks sales legal year-round (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **dfirewks** | Fireworks index | 2000–2016 | Fireworks index: (dfwks1 + dfwks2 + dfwks3) \* (0.75 + 0.25 \* dfwks4) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **dmma** | Mixed martial arts legal | 2000–2016 | Mixed martial arts legal? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **drawmilk** | Raw cow milk sales legal for human consumption | 2000–2016 | Raw cow milk sales legal for human consumption?  0 = no, 0.5 = only through “cowshare” or similar programs (incl. de facto legalization), 1 = yes (retail or on farm) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fhc** | Horizontal consistency | 2002–2009 | Horizontal consistency (0 = none required, 1 = state merely assists localities, 2 = state requires intergovernmental coordination among neighboring jurisdictions) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fic** | Internal consistency | 2002–2009 | Internal consistency (0 = none required, 1 = state imposes requirement that zoning be based upon and consistent with the legally adopted comprehensive plan) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fvc** | Vertical consistency | 2002–2009 | Vertical consistency (0 = none, 1 = state merely assists localities, 2 = state imposes requirement that the local comprehensive plan of a city or county not conflict with plans of higher levels of government within the state) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **frent** | Local rent control laws exist | 2000–2016 | Local rent control laws exist? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fspeech** | Mandated free speech on private property | 2000–2016 | Mandated free speech on private property? (0 = none, 0.5 = some government connection required/signature gathering only, 1 = malls or universities, 2 = malls & neighborhood associations or malls & | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | universities, 3 = malls, universities, & neighborhood associations) |  |
| **drfra** | Religious Freedom Restoration act | 2000–2016 | Religious freedom restoration act  0 = no RFRA, 0.25 = applies only to land use, 0.5 = broad exemptions, 0.75  = only “substantial burden” may generate compelling interest review, 1  = any burden or infringement serves as basis for “compelling interest” review | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fconst** | Constitution enshrines all additional restrictions on eminent domain | 2000–2016 | Constitution enshrines all additional restrictions on eminent domain (0 = no,  0.5 = only some restrictions on ED have been codified constitutionally, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **fprivate** | Private property | 2000–2016 | Private property (0 = no effective restrictions on this type of eminent domain use, 0.5 = prohibits only some private-to-private transfers, 1 = prohibits private property taking for any private use, regardless of alleged public benefit) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **freform** | Enacted eminent domain reform through legislation or initiative, or court decision putting strict limits on “public use” | 2000–2016 | Enacted eminent domain reform through legislation or initiative, or court decision putting strict limits on “public use” (0 = no, including judicial action, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **frtp** | Compensation required for or economic assessment required before regulatory taking | 2000–2016 | Compensation required for or economic assessment required before regulatory taking (stricter than federal standard)? | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  | (0 = neither, 1 = one of the two, 2 = both; multiplied by 0.5 if applies to state government only, not localities) |  |
| **jclsifc** | Cable legislation for state-issued franchise companies | 1990–2016 | Cable legislation for state issued franchise companies (0 = no, 1 = yes, state has “enacted legislation to promote effective competition among cable service providers”) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **jtdereg** | Telecommunicat ion deregulation | 1990–2016 | Telecommunication deregulation (0 = no, 1 = deregulation legislation passed and signed) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **niiprc** | Member of interstate insurance product regulation compact | 2000–2016 | Member of interstate insurance product regulation compact (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ncon** | Certificate of need requirement for hospitals | 2000–2016 | Certificate of need requirement for hospitals? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **ndirect** | Certain categories of auto manufacturers allowed to sell directly to consumers | 2000–2016 | Are certain categories of auto manufacturers allowed to sell directly to consumers? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **nprice** | Anti price gouging law | 2000–2016 | Anti price gouging law? (0 = no, 0.5 = drugs only, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **nmarkup** | Minimum markup/sales below cost law for gasoline | 2000–2016 | Minimum markup/sales below cost law for gasoline? (0 = no, 1 = yes) (if nunfair = 1, nmarkup = 1) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **nunfair** | All “unfair” pricing strategies banned | 2000–2016 | All “unfair” pricing strategies banned (general sales-below-cost law)? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **nhoirr** | State rate filing requirements: homeowners insurance | 2006–2016 | State rate filing requirements: homeowners insurance  -1 = state-set (“fixed and established”),  -0.5 = “large” (meaning 5% or more) state-mandated residual market (overrides any higher code), 0 = prior approval, 1 = flex rating, 2 = file and use, 3 = use and file, 4 = no file | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **nlirr** | State form filing requirements: life insurance | 2006 | State form filing requirements: life insurance (0 = prior approval, 1 = file and use, 2 = no file) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **npairr** | State rate filing requirements: personal auto insurance | 2006–2016 | State rate filing requirements: personal auto insurance  -1 = state-set (“fixed and established”),  -0.5 = prior approval but with “large” (meaning 5% or more) state-mandated residual market, 0 = prior approval, 1 = flex rating, 2 = file and use, 3 = use and file, 4 = no file | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **nrcp** | State rate classification prohibitions for some classes of insurance | 2006–2016 | State rate classification prohibitions for some classes of insurance (age, gender, credit rating, territory, etc.)? (0 = no, 1  = yes) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **nwcirr** | State rate filing requirements: workers comp | 2006 | State rate filing requirements: workers comp (0 = prior approval, 1 = flex rating, 2 = file and use, 3 = use and file, 4 = no file) | Sorens, Jason, Fait Muedini, and William P. Ruger. “State and Local Public Policies in 2006: A New Database.” *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 8.3 (2008): 309–26. |
| **regulation\_boeh mke\_cogrowman** | Requiring local government to coordinate | 1961–2007 | Does the state have a law authorizing or requiring growth-management planning? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | growth management |  |  | https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **regulation\_boeh mke\_livingwill** | Living wills | 1976–1992 | Does the state have a law permitting individuals control over the use of heroic medical treatment in the event of a terminal illness? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **regulation\_housi ng\_directstateai** | Urban housing—direct state aid | 1939–1951 | Does the state provide direct aid for urban housing? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **regulation\_housi ng\_enabling\_fed eral\_aid** | Urban housing— enabling federal aid | 1936–1953 | Does the state have a law enabling federal housing aid? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **regulation\_rent\_ control** | Rent control prohibition | 1950–2014 | Does state prohibit the passage of rent control laws in its cities or municipalities? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **regulation\_rfra** | Religious Freedom Restoration Act | 1993–2014 | Did the state pass the Religious Freedom Restoration Act? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **regulation\_sediti on\_laws** | Anti-sedition laws | 1936–1955 | Does the state have anti-sedition laws? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |
| **regulations\_lemo nlaw** | Lemon laws | 1970–2014 | Did the state pass a law protecting consumers who purchase automobiles that fail after repeated repairs? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **regulations\_state**  **\_debt\_limitatio** | State debt limitation | 1936–1966 | Does the state constitution restrict state debt issuance? (0 = no, 1 = yes) | Caughey, Devin, and Christopher Warshaw. 2015. “The Dynamics of State Policy Liberalism, 1936–2014.” *American Journal of Political Science*, September. doi: 10.1111/ajps.12219. https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/Z XZMJB |

i Then amounts were put into the quarters as follows. Q3 from the year before Q2.5 gets a ^(1/12) of the amount in the next q2.5. Q4 from the year before Q2.5 gets a ^(1/4) of the amount in the next q2.5. Q1 from the year of Q2.5 gets a ^(1/4) of the amount in the next q2.5. Q2 from the year of Q2.5 gets a ^(1/4) of the amount in the next q2.5. Since the annual CPI data is measured in the entire month of July, Q3 (July, August, September) is just one month different at its midpoint (July 15th versus August 15th), and Q2 is two months different (May 15th versus July 15th). The period not seen (between Q2 / May 15th and annual / July 15th) is 1/6, because it’s two months. The other amounts build up from the base. Q3 of 2010 gets ^(1/12) of the amount in 2010q2.5. Q4 of 2010 gets ^(1/4) of the amount in 2010q2.5.

ii Note: takes the four plus states with irregular fiscal year beginnings into account. According to the State Government Finances Database, these are the following states and fiscal years (asterisks indicate when the beginning date is also the first observed case in the database): AL (September 30: 1941\*-2008); AK (March 31: 1957\*-1959); DC (September 30: 1977-2007); ID (December 31: 1942\* only); LA (December 31: 1941\* only); MD (September 30: 1941\* only); MA (September 30: 1941\* only); MI (September 30: 1976 to 2008); MO (December 31: 1941\* to 1943); NY (March 31: 1944 to 2008); OH (December 31: 1941\* to 1947); PA (May 31: 1942\* to 1961); TX (August 31: 1941\* to 2008); WA

(March 31: 1942\* to 1953); WY (September 30: 1941\* to 1952);

iii The growth rate is the following roots of the following formula. Computed by:{ [personal\_income1000s\_Annual (time t) - personal\_income1000s\_Annual (time t-1) ] / personal\_income1000s\_Annual (time t-1) } + 1. Q3 from the year before Q2.5 gets a ^(1/8) of the next q2.5. Q4 from the year before Q2.5 gets a ^(1/4) of the next q2.5. Q1 from the year of Q2.5 gets a ^(1/4) of the next q2.5. Q2 from the year of Q2.5 gets a ^(1/4) of the next q2.5. 1947q3 and 1947q4 used a somewhat different adjustment, but about the same.

iv The Vote for Highest Office is the traditional reported number of people who voted in a given election. In presidential election years, the vote for highest office is simply the presidential vote. In a non-presidential election year, the vote for highest office is the largest vote total for a statewide office such as governor or US Senator. When no statewide office is on the ballot, the sum of the congressional races is used instead. In 2006, I changed this methodology slightly to use the sum of the congressional races if they exceeded a statewide office, as occurred with Indiana's uncompetitive US Senate race. Some people do not cast a vote, even for president. Some failures to record votes are true errors, such as unrecorded votes originating from the infamous hanging chads of the 2000 Florida election. It is important to realize that some people intentionally abstain. For example, in the 2004 presidential election 3,688 Nevadans voted for “None of These Candidates” (Nevada is the only state that allows this option). Under-Votes are such blank or indiscernible votes. Over-votes occur when a voter selects multiple candidates when only one is acceptable.

v Notes: National or state offense totals are based on data from all reporting agencies and estimates for unreported areas.

* + Delaware: (Since complete 1995 data were not available from Delaware, standard estimation procedures were applied to derive the 1995 state estimate. The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1998 forcible rape figures in accordance with national UCR guidelines. The 1998 forcible rape total for Delaware was estimated by reducing the number of reported offenses by the proportion of male forcible rape victims statewide.)
  + District of Columbia - 1999-2008: (District of Columbia data include reports from the Zoological Police; 2002-2008 data include reports from the Metro Transit Police.)
  + Florida: (Reporting problems at the state resulted in no usable 1988 data. The state total was estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the geographic division in which the state resides was applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state total was compiled from the sums of the population group estimates. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state UCR Program was able to provide an aggregated state total and data were received from 94 individual Florida agencies.)
  + Illinois : (The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1985-current forcible rape figures in accordance with national UCR Program guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to the state. Rockford, Illinois, has provided valid forcible rape counts as of 2006. For 1993 state NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Illinois. Since valid annual totals were available for approximately 60 Illinois agencies, those counts were maintained. The counts for the remaining jurisdictions were replaced with the most recent valid annual totals or were generated using standard estimation procedures. The results of all sources were then combined to arrive at the 1993 state total for Illinois. For 1994 state NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Illinois. Illinois totals were generated using only the valid crime rates for the East North Central Division. Within each population group, the state's offense totals were estimated based on the rate per 100,000 inhabitants within the remainder of the division. For 1996-current, the state UCR Program was unable to provide complete offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. Valid Part I counts were available for most of the largest cities (100,000 and over in population). For other agencies, the only available counts generated by the Illinois State Program were state totals based upon an incident-level system without indication of multiple offenses recorded within single incidents. Therefore, the UCR Hierarchy Rule could not be applied in order to convert the state's data to Summary Reporting System data. (The Hierarchy Rule requires that only the most serious offense in a multiple-offense criminal incident is counted.) To arrive at a comparable state estimate to be included in national compilations, the Illinois State Program's state totals

(which were inflated because of the nonapplication of the Hierarchy Rule) were reduced by the proportion of multiple offenses reported within single incidents in the NIBRS database. Valid totals for the large cities were excluded from the reduction process.)

* + Iowa: (NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Iowa in 1991. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the West North Central Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.)
  + Kansas: (NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Kansas in 1993. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the West North Central Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates. NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Kansas in 1994. State totals were generated using only the valid crime rates for the West North Central Division. Within each population group, the state's offense totals were estimated based on the rate per 100,000 inhabitants within the remainder of the division. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1995 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state UCR Program was able to provide valid 1994 state totals which were then updated using 1995 crime trends for the West North Central Division. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Kansas state estimate was extrapolated from 1996 January-June state totals provided by the Kansas State UCR Program. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Kansas state estimate was extrapolated from 1996 January-June state totals provided by the Kansas State UCR Program. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at 1998 estimates, 1997 state totals supplied by the Kansas State UCR Program were updated using 1998 crime trends for the West North Central Division. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Kansas, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Kansas is located. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Kansas, the 1999 state estimate was updated using 2000 crime trends for the West North Central Division.)
  + Kentucky: (Reporting problems at the state resulted in no usable 1988 data. The state total was estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the geographic division in which the state resides was applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state total was compiled from the sums of the population group estimates. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1995 and 1996 percent changes within the geographic division in which Kentucky is categorized were applied to the valid 1995 state total to generate the 1996 state total. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Kentucky is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Kentucky is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Kentucky, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Kentucky is located. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Kentucky, the 1999 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 2000 crime trends for the division in which Kentucky is located. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2001 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2001 estimate for Kentucky, the 2000 state estimate was updated using 2001 crime trends reported for the East South Central Division. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2002 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To obtain the 2002 state crime count, the FBI contacted the state UCR Program, and the state agency was able to provide their latest state total, 2000. Therefore, the 2001 state estimate was updated for inclusion in the 2002 edition of Crime in the United States by using the 2001 crime trends for the division in which the state is located. To derive the 2002 state estimate, the 2002 crime trends for the division were applied to the adjusted 2001 state estimate. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2003 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To obtain the 2003 estimate, the 2003 crime trend for the East South Central Division was applied to an adjusted 2002 state estimate. The 2002 state count was reestimated by applying the 2002 crime trend for the East South Central Division using a more current figure, 2001 state totals, provided by the state UCR Program. The adjusted 2002 estimate differs from the figure published in the 2002 edition of Crime in the United States which was originally estimated using 2002 state totals.)

* + Maine: (The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Maine Department of Public Safety forwarded monthly January through October crime counts for each law enforcement contributor; since 12 months of data were not received, the national Program estimated for the missing data following standard estimation procedures to arrive at a 1999 state total.)
  + Michigan: (The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1993 forcible rape figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to the state.)
  + Minnesota: (All agencies 1993 and 2005-Present (with the exception of Minneapolis and St. Paul) - The data collection methodology for the offense of forcible rape used by the

State Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program does not comply with national UCR Program guidelines. Consequently, their figures for forcible rape and violent crime (of which forcible rape is part) are not included in this tool.)

* + Montana: (The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1994 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the Mountain Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1995 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. State estimates were computed by updating the previous valid annual totals using the 1994 versus 1995 percent changes for the Mountain Division. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1995 and 1996 percent changes within the geographic division in which Montana is categorized were applied to the valid 1995 state total to generate the 1996 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Montana is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Montana is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Montana, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Montana is located. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Montana, the 1999 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 2000 crime trends for the division in which Montana is located.)

* + New Hampshire: The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which New Hampshire is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which New Hampshire is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total for New Hampshire was estimated by using the 1998 figures for the 1999 nonreporting areas and applying the 2-year percent change for the New England Division.)
  + Oklahoma: ( For 1995, the increase in murders was the result of the bombing of the Alfred P. Murrah Federal Building in Oklahoma City.)
  + Pennsylvania: ( Since complete 1995 data were not available from Pennsylvania, standard estimation procedures were applied to derive the 1995 state estimate.)
  + Vermont: (The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Vermont is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.)
  + Wisconsin: (The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Wisconsin is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received. The murder and nonnegligent homicides that occurred as a result of the events of September 11, 2001, are not included.)

vi Notes: National or state offense totals are based on data from all reporting agencies and estimates for unreported areas.

* + Delaware: (Since complete 1995 data were not available from Delaware, standard estimation procedures were applied to derive the 1995 state estimate. The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1998 forcible rape figures in accordance with national UCR guidelines. The 1998 forcible rape total for Delaware was estimated by reducing the number of reported offenses by the proportion of male forcible rape victims statewide.)
  + District of Columbia - 1999-2008: (District of Columbia data include reports from the Zoological Police; 2002-2008 data include reports from the Metro Transit Police.)
  + Florida: (Reporting problems at the state resulted in no usable 1988 data. The state total was estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the geographic division in which the state resides was applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state total was compiled from the sums of the population group estimates. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state UCR Program was able to provide an aggregated state total and data were received from 94 individual Florida agencies.)
  + Illinois : (The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1985-current forcible rape figures in accordance with national UCR Program guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to the state. Rockford, Illinois, has provided valid forcible rape counts as of 2006. For 1993 state NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Illinois. Since valid annual totals were available for approximately 60 Illinois agencies, those counts were maintained. The counts for the remaining jurisdictions were replaced with the most recent valid annual totals or were generated using standard estimation procedures. The results of all sources were then combined to arrive at the 1993 state total for Illinois. For 1994 state NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Illinois. Illinois totals were generated using only the valid crime rates for the East North Central Division. Within each population group, the state's offense totals were estimated

based on the rate per 100,000 inhabitants within the remainder of the division. For 1996-current, the state UCR Program was unable to provide complete offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. Valid Part I counts were available for most of the largest cities (100,000 and over in population). For other agencies, the only available counts generated by the Illinois State Program were state totals based upon an incident-level system without indication of multiple offenses recorded within single incidents. Therefore, the UCR Hierarchy Rule could not be applied in order to convert the state's data to Summary Reporting System data. (The Hierarchy Rule requires that only the most serious offense in a multiple-offense criminal incident is counted.) To arrive at a comparable state estimate to be included in national compilations, the Illinois State Program's state totals (which were inflated because of the nonapplication of the Hierarchy Rule) were reduced by the proportion of multiple offenses reported within single incidents in the NIBRS database. Valid totals for the large cities were excluded from the reduction process.)

* + Iowa: (NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Iowa in 1991. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the West North Central Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.)
  + Kansas: (NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Kansas in 1993. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the West North Central Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates. NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Kansas in 1994. State totals were generated using only the valid crime rates for the West North Central Division. Within each population group, the state's offense totals were estimated based on the rate per 100,000 inhabitants within the remainder of the division. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1995 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state UCR Program was able to provide valid 1994 state totals which were then updated using 1995 crime trends for the West North Central Division. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Kansas state estimate was extrapolated from 1996 January-June state totals provided by the Kansas State UCR Program. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Kansas state estimate was extrapolated from 1996 January-June state totals provided by the Kansas State UCR Program. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at 1998 estimates, 1997 state totals supplied by the Kansas State UCR Program were updated using 1998 crime trends for the West North Central Division. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Kansas, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Kansas is located. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Kansas, the 1999 state estimate was updated using 2000 crime trends for the West North Central Division.)
  + Kentucky: (Reporting problems at the state resulted in no usable 1988 data. The state total was estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the geographic division in which the state resides was applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state total was compiled from the sums of the population group estimates. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1995 and 1996 percent changes within the geographic division in which Kentucky is categorized were applied to the valid 1995 state total to generate the 1996 state total. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Kentucky is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Kentucky is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Kentucky, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Kentucky is located. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Kentucky, the 1999 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 2000 crime trends for the division in which Kentucky is located. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2001 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2001 estimate for Kentucky, the 2000 state estimate was updated using 2001 crime trends reported for the East South Central Division. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2002 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To obtain the 2002 state crime count, the FBI contacted the state UCR Program, and the state agency was able to provide their latest state total, 2000. Therefore, the 2001 state estimate was updated for inclusion in the 2002 edition of Crime in the United States by using the 2001 crime trends for the division in which the state is located. To derive the 2002 state estimate, the 2002 crime trends for the division were applied to the adjusted 2001 state estimate. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2003 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To obtain the 2003 estimate, the 2003 crime trend for the East South Central Division was applied to an adjusted 2002 state estimate. The 2002 state count was reestimated by applying the 2002 crime trend for the East South Central Division using a more current figure, 2001 state totals, provided by the state UCR Program. The adjusted 2002 estimate differs from the figure published in the 2002 edition of Crime in the United States which was originally estimated using 2002 state totals.)

* + Maine: (The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Maine Department of Public Safety forwarded

monthly January through October crime counts for each law enforcement contributor; since 12 months of data were not received, the national Program estimated for the missing data following standard estimation procedures to arrive at a 1999 state total.)

* + Michigan: (The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1993 forcible rape figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to the state.)
  + Minnesota: (All agencies 1993 and 2005-Present (with the exception of Minneapolis and St. Paul) - The data collection methodology for the offense of forcible rape used by the State Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program does not comply with national UCR Program guidelines. Consequently, their figures for forcible rape and violent crime (of which forcible rape is part) are not included in this tool.)
  + Montana: (The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1994 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the Mountain Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1995 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. State estimates were computed by updating the previous valid annual totals using the 1994 versus 1995 percent changes for the Mountain Division. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1995 and 1996 percent changes within the geographic division in which Montana is categorized were applied to the valid 1995 state total to generate the 1996 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Montana is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Montana is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Montana, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Montana is located. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Montana, the 1999 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 2000 crime trends for the division in which Montana is located.)

* + New Hampshire: The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which New Hampshire is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which New Hampshire is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received. The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total for New Hampshire was estimated by using the 1998 figures for the 1999 nonreporting areas and applying the 2-year percent change for the New England Division.)
  + Oklahoma: ( For 1995, the increase in murders was the result of the bombing of the Alfred P. Murrah Federal Building in Oklahoma City.)
  + Pennsylvania: ( Since complete 1995 data were not available from Pennsylvania, standard estimation procedures were applied to derive the 1995 state estimate.)
  + Vermont: (The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Vermont is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.)
  + Wisconsin: (The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Wisconsin is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received. The murder and nonnegligent homicides that occurred as a result of the events of September 11, 2001, are not included.)

vii "Notes: National or state offense totals are based on data from all reporting agencies and estimates for unreported areas.

* + Delaware -

Since complete 1995 data were not available from Delaware, standard estimation procedures were applied to derive the 1995 state estimate.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1998 forcible rape figures in accordance with national UCR guidelines. The 1998 forcible rape total for Delaware was estimated by reducing the number of reported offenses by the proportion of male forcible rape victims statewide.

* + District of Columbia - 1999-2008 District of Columbia data include reports from the Zoological Police; 2002-2008 data include reports from the Metro Transit Police.
  + Florida -

Reporting problems at the state resulted in no usable 1988 data. The state total was estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the geographic division in which the state resides was applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state total was compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state UCR Program was able to provide an aggregated state total and data were received from 94 individual Florida agencies.

* + Illinois -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1985-current forcible rape figures in accordance with national UCR Program guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to the state. Rockford, Illinois, has provided valid forcible rape counts as of 2006.

For 1993 state NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Illinois. Since valid annual totals were available for approximately 60 Illinois agencies, those counts were maintained. The counts for the remaining jurisdictions were replaced with the most recent valid annual totals or were generated using standard estimation procedures. The results of all sources were then combined to arrive at the 1993 state total for Illinois.

For 1994 state NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Illinois. Illinois totals were generated using only the valid crime rates for the East North Central Division. Within each population group, the state's offense totals were estimated based on the rate per 100,000 inhabitants within the remainder of the division.

For 1996-current, the state UCR Program was unable to provide complete offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. Valid Part I counts were available for most of the largest cities (100,000 and over in population). For other agencies, the only available counts generated by the Illinois State Program were state totals based upon an incident-level system without indication of multiple offenses recorded within single incidents. Therefore, the UCR Hierarchy Rule could not be applied in order to convert the state's data to Summary Reporting System data. (The Hierarchy Rule requires that only the most serious offense in a multiple-offense criminal incident is counted.) To arrive at a comparable state estimate to be included in national compilations, the Illinois State Program's state totals (which were inflated because of the nonapplication of the Hierarchy Rule) were reduced by the proportion of multiple offenses reported within single incidents in the NIBRS database. Valid totals for the large cities were excluded from the reduction process.

* + Iowa - NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Iowa in 1991. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the West North Central Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.
  + Kansas -

NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Kansas in 1993. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the West North Central Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Kansas in 1994. State totals were generated using only the valid crime rates for the West North Central Division. Within each population group, the state's offense totals were estimated based on the rate per 100,000 inhabitants within the remainder of the division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1995 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state UCR Program was able to provide valid 1994 state totals which were then updated using 1995 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Kansas state estimate was extrapolated from 1996 January- June state totals provided by the Kansas State UCR Program.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Kansas state estimate was extrapolated from 1996 January- June state totals provided by the Kansas State UCR Program.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at 1998 estimates, 1997 state totals supplied by the Kansas State UCR Program were updated using 1998 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Kansas, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Kansas is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Kansas, the 1999 state estimate was updated using 2000 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

* + Kentucky -

Reporting problems at the state resulted in no usable 1988 data. The state total was estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the geographic division in which the state resides was applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state total was compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1995 and 1996 percent changes within the geographic division in which Kentucky is categorized were applied to the valid 1995 state total to generate the 1996 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Kentucky is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Kentucky is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Kentucky, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Kentucky is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Kentucky, the 1999 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 2000 crime trends for the division in which Kentucky is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2001 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2001 estimate for Kentucky, the 2000 state estimate was updated using 2001 crime trends reported for the East South Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2002 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To obtain the 2002 state crime count, the FBI contacted the state UCR Program, and the state agency was able to provide their latest state total, 2000. Therefore, the 2001 state estimate was updated for inclusion in the 2002 edition of Crime in the United States by using the 2001 crime trends for the division in which the state is located. To derive the 2002 state estimate, the 2002 crime trends for the division were applied to the adjusted 2001 state estimate.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2003 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To obtain the 2003 estimate, the 2003 crime trend for the East South Central Division was applied to an adjusted 2002 state estimate. The 2002 state count was reestimated by applying the 2002 crime trend for the East South Central Division using a more current figure, 2001 state totals, provided by the state UCR Program. The adjusted 2002 estimate differs from the figure published in the 2002 edition of Crime in the United States which was originally estimated using 2002 state totals

* + Maine - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Maine Department of Public Safety forwarded monthly January through October crime counts for each law enforcement contributor; since 12 months of data were not received, the national Program estimated for the missing data following standard estimation procedures to arrive at a 1999 state total.
  + Michigan - The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1993 forcible rape figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to the state.
  + Minnesota -

All agencies 1993 and 2005-Present (with the exception of Minneapolis and St. Paul) - The data collection methodology for the offense of forcible rape used by the State Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program does not comply with national UCR Program guidelines. Consequently, their figures for forcible rape and violent crime (of which forcible rape is part) are not included in this tool..

* + Montana -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1994 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the Mountain Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1995 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. State estimates were computed by updating the previous valid annual totals using the 1994 versus 1995 percent changes for the Mountain Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1995 and 1996 percent changes within the geographic division in which Montana is categorized were applied to the valid 1995 state total to generate the 1996 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Montana is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Montana is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Montana, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Montana is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Montana, the 1999 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 2000 crime trends for the division in which Montana is located.

* + New Hampshire -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which New Hampshire is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which New Hampshire is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total for New Hampshire was estimated by using the 1998 figures for the 1999 nonreporting areas and applying the 2-year percent change for the New England Division.

* + Oklahoma - For 1995, the increase in murders was the result of the bombing of the Alfred P. Murrah Federal Building in Oklahoma City.
  + Pennsylvania - Since complete 1995 data were not available from Pennsylvania, standard estimation procedures were applied to derive the 1995 state estimate.
  + Vermont - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Vermont is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.
  + Wisconsin - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Wisconsin is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.
  + The murder and nonnegligent homicides that occurred as a result of the events of September 11, 2001, are not included."

viii "Notes: National or state offense totals are based on data from all reporting agencies and estimates for unreported areas.

* + Delaware -

Since complete 1995 data were not available from Delaware, standard estimation procedures were applied to derive the 1995 state estimate.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1998 forcible rape figures in accordance with national UCR guidelines. The 1998 forcible rape total for Delaware was estimated by reducing the number of reported offenses by the proportion of male forcible rape victims statewide.

* + District of Columbia - 1999-2008 District of Columbia data include reports from the Zoological Police; 2002-2008 data include reports from the Metro Transit Police.
  + Florida -

Reporting problems at the state resulted in no usable 1988 data. The state total was estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the geographic division in which the state resides was applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state total was compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state UCR Program was able to provide an aggregated state total and data were received from 94 individual Florida agencies.

* + Illinois -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1985-current forcible rape figures in accordance with national UCR Program guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to the state. Rockford, Illinois, has provided valid forcible rape counts as of 2006.

For 1993 state NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Illinois. Since valid annual totals were available for approximately 60 Illinois agencies, those counts were maintained. The counts for the remaining jurisdictions were replaced with the most recent valid annual totals or were generated using standard estimation procedures. The results of all sources were then combined to arrive at the 1993 state total for Illinois.

For 1994 state NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Illinois. Illinois totals were generated using only the valid crime rates for the East North Central Division. Within each population group, the state's offense totals were estimated based on the rate per 100,000 inhabitants within the remainder of the division.

For 1996-current, the state UCR Program was unable to provide complete offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. Valid Part I counts were available for most of the largest cities (100,000 and over in population). For other agencies, the only available counts generated by the Illinois State Program were state totals based upon an incident-level system without indication of multiple offenses recorded within single incidents. Therefore, the UCR Hierarchy Rule could not be applied in order to convert the state's data to Summary Reporting System data. (The Hierarchy Rule requires that only the most serious offense in a multiple-offense criminal incident is counted.) To arrive at a comparable state estimate to be included in national compilations, the Illinois State Program's state totals (which were inflated because of the nonapplication of the Hierarchy Rule) were reduced by the proportion of multiple offenses reported within single incidents in the NIBRS database. Valid totals for the large cities were excluded from the reduction process.

* + Iowa - NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Iowa in 1991. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the West North Central Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.
  + Kansas -

NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Kansas in 1993. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the West North Central Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Kansas in 1994. State totals were generated using only the valid crime rates for the West North Central Division. Within each population group, the state's offense totals were estimated based on the rate per 100,000 inhabitants within the remainder of the division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1995 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state UCR Program was able to provide valid 1994 state totals which were then updated using 1995 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Kansas state estimate was extrapolated from 1996 January- June state totals provided by the Kansas State UCR Program.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Kansas state estimate was extrapolated from 1996 January- June state totals provided by the Kansas State UCR Program.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at 1998 estimates, 1997 state totals supplied by the Kansas State UCR Program were updated using 1998 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Kansas, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Kansas is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Kansas, the 1999 state estimate was updated using 2000 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

* + Kentucky -

Reporting problems at the state resulted in no usable 1988 data. The state total was estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the geographic division in which the state resides was applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state total was compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1995 and 1996 percent changes within the geographic division in which Kentucky is categorized were applied to the valid 1995 state total to generate the 1996 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Kentucky is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Kentucky is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Kentucky, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Kentucky is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Kentucky, the 1999 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 2000 crime trends for the division in which Kentucky is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2001 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2001 estimate for Kentucky, the 2000 state estimate was updated using 2001 crime trends reported for the East South Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2002 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To obtain the 2002 state crime count, the FBI contacted the state UCR Program, and the state agency was able to provide their latest state total, 2000. Therefore, the 2001 state estimate was updated for inclusion in the 2002 edition of Crime in the United States by using the 2001 crime trends for the division in which the state is located. To derive the 2002 state estimate, the 2002 crime trends for the division were applied to the adjusted 2001 state estimate.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2003 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To obtain the 2003 estimate, the 2003 crime trend for the East South Central Division was applied to an adjusted 2002 state estimate. The 2002 state count was reestimated by applying the 2002 crime trend for the East South Central Division

using a more current figure, 2001 state totals, provided by the state UCR Program. The adjusted 2002 estimate differs from the figure published in the 2002 edition of Crime in the United States which was originally estimated using 2002 state totals

* + Maine - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Maine Department of Public Safety forwarded monthly January through October crime counts for each law enforcement contributor; since 12 months of data were not received, the national Program estimated for the missing data following standard estimation procedures to arrive at a 1999 state total.
  + Michigan - The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1993 forcible rape figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to the state.
  + Minnesota -

All agencies 1993 and 2005-Present (with the exception of Minneapolis and St. Paul) - The data collection methodology for the offense of forcible rape used by the State Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program does not comply with national UCR Program guidelines. Consequently, their figures for forcible rape and violent crime (of which forcible rape is part) are not included in this tool..

* + Montana -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1994 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the Mountain Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1995 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. State estimates were computed by updating the previous valid annual totals using the 1994 versus 1995 percent changes for the Mountain Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1995 and 1996 percent changes within the geographic division in which Montana is categorized were applied to the valid 1995 state total to generate the 1996 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Montana is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Montana is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Montana, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Montana is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Montana, the 1999 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 2000 crime trends for the division in which Montana is located.

* + New Hampshire -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which New Hampshire is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which New Hampshire is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total for New Hampshire was estimated by using the 1998 figures for the 1999 nonreporting areas and applying the 2-year percent change for the New England Division.

* + Oklahoma - For 1995, the increase in murders was the result of the bombing of the Alfred P. Murrah Federal Building in Oklahoma City.
  + Pennsylvania - Since complete 1995 data were not available from Pennsylvania, standard estimation procedures were applied to derive the 1995 state estimate.
  + Vermont - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Vermont is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.
  + Wisconsin - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Wisconsin is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.
  + The murder and nonnegligent homicides that occurred as a result of the events of September 11, 2001, are not included."

ix "Notes: National or state offense totals are based on data from all reporting agencies and estimates for unreported areas.

* + Delaware -

Since complete 1995 data were not available from Delaware, standard estimation procedures were applied to derive the 1995 state estimate.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1998 forcible rape figures in accordance with national UCR guidelines. The 1998 forcible rape total for Delaware was estimated by reducing the number of reported offenses by the proportion of male forcible rape victims statewide.

* + District of Columbia - 1999-2008 District of Columbia data include reports from the Zoological Police; 2002-2008 data include reports from the Metro Transit Police.
  + Florida -

Reporting problems at the state resulted in no usable 1988 data. The state total was estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the geographic division in which the state resides was applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state total was compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state UCR Program was able to provide an aggregated state total and data were received from 94 individual Florida agencies.

* + Illinois -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1985-current forcible rape figures in accordance with national UCR Program guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to the state. Rockford, Illinois, has provided valid forcible rape counts as of 2006.

For 1993 state NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Illinois. Since valid annual totals were available for approximately 60 Illinois agencies, those counts were maintained. The counts for the remaining jurisdictions were replaced with the most recent valid annual totals or were generated using standard estimation procedures. The results of all sources were then combined to arrive at the 1993 state total for Illinois.

For 1994 state NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Illinois. Illinois totals were generated using only the valid crime rates for the East North Central Division. Within each population group, the state's offense totals were estimated based on the rate per 100,000 inhabitants within the remainder of the division.

For 1996-current, the state UCR Program was unable to provide complete offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. Valid Part I counts were available for most of the largest cities (100,000 and over in population). For other agencies, the only available counts generated by the Illinois State Program were state totals based upon an incident-level system without indication of multiple offenses recorded within single incidents. Therefore, the UCR Hierarchy Rule could not be applied in order to convert the state's data to Summary Reporting System data. (The Hierarchy Rule requires that only the most serious offense in a multiple-offense criminal incident is counted.) To arrive at a comparable state estimate to be included in national compilations, the Illinois State Program's state totals (which were inflated because of the nonapplication of the Hierarchy Rule) were reduced by the proportion of multiple offenses reported within single incidents in the NIBRS database. Valid totals for the large cities were excluded from the reduction process.

* + Iowa - NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Iowa in 1991. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the West North Central Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.
  + Kansas -

NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Kansas in 1993. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the West North Central Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Kansas in 1994. State totals were generated using only the valid crime rates for the West North Central Division. Within each population group, the state's offense totals were estimated based on the rate per 100,000 inhabitants within the remainder of the division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1995 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state UCR Program was able to provide valid 1994 state totals which were then updated using 1995 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Kansas state estimate was extrapolated from 1996 January- June state totals provided by the Kansas State UCR Program.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Kansas state estimate was extrapolated from 1996 January- June state totals provided by the Kansas State UCR Program.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at 1998 estimates, 1997 state totals supplied by the Kansas State UCR Program were updated using 1998 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Kansas, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Kansas is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Kansas, the 1999 state estimate was updated using 2000 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

* + Kentucky -

Reporting problems at the state resulted in no usable 1988 data. The state total was estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the geographic division in which the state resides was applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state total was compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1995 and 1996 percent changes within the geographic division in which Kentucky is categorized were applied to the valid 1995 state total to generate the 1996 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Kentucky is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Kentucky is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Kentucky, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Kentucky is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Kentucky, the 1999 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 2000 crime trends for the division in which Kentucky is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2001 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2001 estimate for Kentucky, the 2000 state estimate was updated using 2001 crime trends reported for the East South Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2002 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To obtain the 2002 state crime count, the FBI contacted the state UCR Program, and the state agency was able to provide their latest state total, 2000. Therefore, the 2001 state estimate was updated for inclusion in the 2002 edition of Crime in the United States by using the 2001 crime trends for the division in which the state is located. To derive the 2002 state estimate, the 2002 crime trends for the division were applied to the adjusted 2001 state estimate.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2003 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To obtain the 2003 estimate, the 2003 crime trend for the East South Central Division was applied to an adjusted 2002 state estimate. The 2002 state count was reestimated by applying the 2002 crime trend for the East South Central Division using a more current figure, 2001 state totals, provided by the state UCR Program. The adjusted 2002 estimate differs from the figure published in the 2002 edition of Crime in the United States which was originally estimated using 2002 state totals

* + Maine - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Maine Department of Public Safety forwarded monthly January through October crime counts for each law enforcement contributor; since 12 months of data were not received, the national Program estimated for the missing data following standard estimation procedures to arrive at a 1999 state total.
  + Michigan - The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1993 forcible rape figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to the state.
  + Minnesota -

All agencies 1993 and 2005-Present (with the exception of Minneapolis and St. Paul) - The data collection methodology for the offense of forcible rape used by the State Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program does not comply with national UCR Program guidelines. Consequently, their figures for forcible rape and violent crime (of which forcible rape is part) are not included in this tool..

* + Montana -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1994 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the Mountain Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1995 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. State estimates were computed by updating the previous valid annual totals using the 1994 versus 1995 percent changes for the Mountain Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1995 and 1996 percent changes within the geographic division in which Montana is categorized were applied to the valid 1995 state total to generate the 1996 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Montana is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Montana is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Montana, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Montana is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Montana, the 1999 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 2000 crime trends for the division in which Montana is located.

* + New Hampshire -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which New Hampshire is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which New Hampshire is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total for New Hampshire was estimated by using the 1998 figures for the 1999 nonreporting areas and applying the 2-year percent change for the New England Division.

* + Oklahoma - For 1995, the increase in murders was the result of the bombing of the Alfred P. Murrah Federal Building in Oklahoma City.
  + Pennsylvania - Since complete 1995 data were not available from Pennsylvania, standard estimation procedures were applied to derive the 1995 state estimate.
  + Vermont - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Vermont is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.
  + Wisconsin - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Wisconsin is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.
  + The murder and nonnegligent homicides that occurred as a result of the events of September 11, 2001, are not included."

x "Notes: National or state offense totals are based on data from all reporting agencies and estimates for unreported areas.

* + Delaware -

Since complete 1995 data were not available from Delaware, standard estimation procedures were applied to derive the 1995 state estimate.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1998 forcible rape figures in accordance with national UCR guidelines. The 1998 forcible rape total for Delaware was estimated by reducing the number of reported offenses by the proportion of male forcible rape victims statewide.

* + District of Columbia - 1999-2008 District of Columbia data include reports from the Zoological Police; 2002-2008 data include reports from the Metro Transit Police.
  + Florida -

Reporting problems at the state resulted in no usable 1988 data. The state total was estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the geographic division in which the state resides was applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state total was compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state UCR Program was able to provide an aggregated state total and data were received from 94 individual Florida agencies.

* + Illinois -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1985-current forcible rape figures in accordance with national UCR Program guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to the state. Rockford, Illinois, has provided valid forcible rape counts as of 2006.

For 1993 state NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Illinois. Since valid annual totals were available for approximately 60 Illinois agencies, those counts were maintained. The counts for the remaining jurisdictions were replaced with the most recent valid annual totals or were generated using standard estimation procedures. The results of all sources were then combined to arrive at the 1993 state total for Illinois.

For 1994 state NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Illinois. Illinois totals were generated using only the valid crime rates for the East North Central Division. Within each population group, the state's offense totals were estimated based on the rate per 100,000 inhabitants within the remainder of the division.

For 1996-current, the state UCR Program was unable to provide complete offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. Valid Part I counts were available for most of the largest cities (100,000 and over in population). For other agencies, the only available counts generated by the Illinois State Program were state totals based upon an incident-level system without indication of multiple offenses recorded within single incidents. Therefore, the UCR Hierarchy Rule could not be applied in order to convert the state's data to Summary Reporting System data. (The Hierarchy Rule requires that only the most serious offense in a multiple-offense criminal incident is counted.) To arrive at a comparable state estimate to be included in national compilations, the Illinois State Program's state totals (which were inflated because of the nonapplication of the Hierarchy Rule) were reduced by the proportion of multiple offenses reported within single incidents in the NIBRS database. Valid totals for the large cities were excluded from the reduction process.

* + Iowa - NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Iowa in 1991. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the West North Central Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.
  + Kansas -

NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Kansas in 1993. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the West North Central Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Kansas in 1994. State totals were generated using only the valid crime rates for the West North Central Division. Within each population group, the state's offense totals were estimated based on the rate per 100,000 inhabitants within the remainder of the division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1995 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state UCR Program was able to provide valid 1994 state totals which were then updated using 1995 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Kansas state estimate was extrapolated from 1996 January- June state totals provided by the Kansas State UCR Program.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Kansas state estimate was extrapolated from 1996 January- June state totals provided by the Kansas State UCR Program.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at 1998 estimates, 1997 state totals supplied by the Kansas State UCR Program were updated using 1998 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Kansas, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Kansas is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Kansas, the 1999 state estimate was updated using 2000 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

* + Kentucky -

Reporting problems at the state resulted in no usable 1988 data. The state total was estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the geographic division in which the state resides was applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state total was compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1995 and 1996 percent changes within the geographic division in which Kentucky is categorized were applied to the valid 1995 state total to generate the 1996 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Kentucky is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Kentucky is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Kentucky, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Kentucky is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Kentucky, the 1999 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 2000 crime trends for the division in which Kentucky is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2001 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2001 estimate for Kentucky, the 2000 state estimate was updated using 2001 crime trends reported for the East South Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2002 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To obtain the 2002 state crime count, the FBI contacted the state UCR Program, and the state agency was able to provide their latest state total, 2000. Therefore, the 2001 state estimate was updated for inclusion in the 2002 edition of Crime in the United States by using the 2001 crime trends for the division in which the state is located. To derive the 2002 state estimate, the 2002 crime trends for the division were applied to the adjusted 2001 state estimate.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2003 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To obtain the 2003 estimate, the 2003 crime trend for the East South Central Division was applied to an adjusted 2002 state estimate. The 2002 state count was reestimated by applying the 2002 crime trend for the East South Central Division using a more current figure, 2001 state totals, provided by the state UCR Program. The adjusted 2002 estimate differs from the figure published in the 2002 edition of Crime in the United States which was originally estimated using 2002 state totals

* + Maine - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Maine Department of Public Safety forwarded monthly January through October crime counts for each law enforcement contributor; since 12 months of data were not received, the national Program estimated for the missing data following standard estimation procedures to arrive at a 1999 state total.
  + Michigan - The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1993 forcible rape figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to the state.
  + Minnesota -

All agencies 1993 and 2005-Present (with the exception of Minneapolis and St. Paul) - The data collection methodology for the offense of forcible rape used by the State Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program does not comply with national UCR Program guidelines. Consequently, their figures for forcible rape and violent crime (of which forcible rape is part) are not included in this tool..

* + Montana -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1994 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the Mountain Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1995 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. State estimates were computed by updating the previous valid annual totals using the 1994 versus 1995 percent changes for the Mountain Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1995 and 1996 percent changes within the geographic division in which Montana is categorized were applied to the valid 1995 state total to generate the 1996 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Montana is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Montana is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Montana, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Montana is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Montana, the 1999 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 2000 crime trends for the division in which Montana is located.

* + New Hampshire -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which New Hampshire is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which New Hampshire is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total for New Hampshire was estimated by using the 1998 figures for the 1999 nonreporting areas and applying the 2-year percent change for the New England Division.

* + Oklahoma - For 1995, the increase in murders was the result of the bombing of the Alfred P. Murrah Federal Building in Oklahoma City.
  + Pennsylvania - Since complete 1995 data were not available from Pennsylvania, standard estimation procedures were applied to derive the 1995 state estimate.
  + Vermont - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Vermont is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.
  + Wisconsin - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Wisconsin is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.
  + The murder and nonnegligent homicides that occurred as a result of the events of September 11, 2001, are not included."

xi "Notes: National or state offense totals are based on data from all reporting agencies and estimates for unreported areas.

* + Delaware -

Since complete 1995 data were not available from Delaware, standard estimation procedures were applied to derive the 1995 state estimate.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1998 forcible rape figures in accordance with national UCR guidelines. The 1998 forcible rape total for Delaware was estimated by reducing the number of reported offenses by the proportion of male forcible rape victims statewide.

* + District of Columbia - 1999-2008 District of Columbia data include reports from the Zoological Police; 2002-2008 data include reports from the Metro Transit Police.
  + Florida -

Reporting problems at the state resulted in no usable 1988 data. The state total was estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the geographic division in which the state resides was applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state total was compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state UCR Program was able to provide an aggregated state total and data were received from 94 individual Florida agencies.

* + Illinois -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1985-current forcible rape figures in accordance with national UCR Program guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to the state. Rockford, Illinois, has provided valid forcible rape counts as of 2006.

For 1993 state NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Illinois. Since valid annual totals were available for approximately 60 Illinois agencies, those counts were maintained. The counts for the remaining jurisdictions were replaced with the most recent valid annual totals or were generated using standard estimation procedures. The results of all sources were then combined to arrive at the 1993 state total for Illinois.

For 1994 state NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Illinois. Illinois totals were generated using only the valid crime rates for the East North Central Division. Within each population group, the state's offense totals were estimated based on the rate per 100,000 inhabitants within the remainder of the division.

For 1996-current, the state UCR Program was unable to provide complete offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. Valid Part I counts were available for most of the largest cities (100,000 and over in population). For other agencies, the only available counts generated by the Illinois State Program were state totals based upon an incident-level system without indication of multiple offenses recorded within single incidents. Therefore, the UCR Hierarchy Rule could not be applied in order to convert the state's data to Summary Reporting System data. (The Hierarchy Rule requires that only the most serious offense in a multiple-offense criminal incident is counted.) To arrive at a comparable state estimate to be included in national compilations, the Illinois State Program's state totals (which were inflated because of the nonapplication of the Hierarchy Rule) were reduced by the proportion of multiple offenses reported within single incidents in the NIBRS database. Valid totals for the large cities were excluded from the reduction process.

* + Iowa - NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Iowa in 1991. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the West North Central Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.
  + Kansas -

NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Kansas in 1993. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the West North Central Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Kansas in 1994. State totals were generated using only the valid crime rates for the West North Central Division. Within each population group, the state's offense totals were estimated based on the rate per 100,000 inhabitants within the remainder of the division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1995 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state UCR Program was able to provide valid 1994 state totals which were then updated using 1995 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Kansas state estimate was extrapolated from 1996 January- June state totals provided by the Kansas State UCR Program.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Kansas state estimate was extrapolated from 1996 January- June state totals provided by the Kansas State UCR Program.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at 1998 estimates, 1997 state totals supplied by the Kansas State UCR Program were updated using 1998 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Kansas, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Kansas is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Kansas, the 1999 state estimate was updated using 2000 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

* + Kentucky -

Reporting problems at the state resulted in no usable 1988 data. The state total was estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the geographic division in which the state resides was applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state total was compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1995 and 1996 percent changes within the geographic division in which Kentucky is categorized were applied to the valid 1995 state total to generate the 1996 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Kentucky is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Kentucky is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Kentucky, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Kentucky is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Kentucky, the 1999 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 2000 crime trends for the division in which Kentucky is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2001 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2001 estimate for Kentucky, the 2000 state estimate was updated using 2001 crime trends reported for the East South Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2002 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To obtain the 2002 state crime count, the FBI contacted the state UCR Program, and the state agency was able to provide their latest state total, 2000. Therefore, the 2001 state estimate was updated for inclusion in the 2002 edition of Crime in the United States by using the 2001 crime trends for the division in which the state is located. To derive the 2002 state estimate, the 2002 crime trends for the division were applied to the adjusted 2001 state estimate.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2003 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To obtain the 2003 estimate, the 2003 crime trend for the East South Central Division was applied to an adjusted 2002 state estimate. The 2002 state count was reestimated by applying the 2002 crime trend for the East South Central Division using a more current figure, 2001 state totals, provided by the state UCR Program. The adjusted 2002 estimate differs from the figure published in the 2002 edition of Crime in the United States which was originally estimated using 2002 state totals

* + Maine - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Maine Department of Public Safety forwarded monthly January through October crime counts for each law enforcement contributor; since 12 months of data were not received, the national Program estimated for the missing data following standard estimation procedures to arrive at a 1999 state total.
  + Michigan - The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1993 forcible rape figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to the state.
  + Minnesota -

All agencies 1993 and 2005-Present (with the exception of Minneapolis and St. Paul) - The data collection methodology for the offense of forcible rape used by the State Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program does not comply with national UCR Program guidelines. Consequently, their figures for forcible rape and violent crime (of which forcible rape is part) are not included in this tool..

* + Montana -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1994 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the Mountain Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1995 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. State estimates were computed by updating the previous valid annual totals using the 1994 versus 1995 percent changes for the Mountain Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1995 and 1996 percent changes within the geographic division in which Montana is categorized were applied to the valid 1995 state total to generate the 1996 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Montana is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Montana is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Montana, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Montana is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Montana, the 1999 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 2000 crime trends for the division in which Montana is located.

* + New Hampshire -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which New Hampshire is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which New Hampshire is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total for New Hampshire was estimated by using the 1998 figures for the 1999 nonreporting areas and applying the 2-year percent change for the New England Division.

* + Oklahoma - For 1995, the increase in murders was the result of the bombing of the Alfred P. Murrah Federal Building in Oklahoma City.
  + Pennsylvania - Since complete 1995 data were not available from Pennsylvania, standard estimation procedures were applied to derive the 1995 state estimate.
  + Vermont - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Vermont is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.
  + Wisconsin - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Wisconsin is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.
  + The murder and nonnegligent homicides that occurred as a result of the events of September 11, 2001, are not included."

xii "Notes: National or state offense totals are based on data from all reporting agencies and estimates for unreported areas.

* + Delaware -

Since complete 1995 data were not available from Delaware, standard estimation procedures were applied to derive the 1995 state estimate.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1998 forcible rape figures in accordance with national UCR guidelines. The 1998 forcible rape total for Delaware was estimated by reducing the number of reported offenses by the proportion of male forcible rape victims statewide.

* + District of Columbia - 1999-2008 District of Columbia data include reports from the Zoological Police; 2002-2008 data include reports from the Metro Transit Police.
  + Florida -

Reporting problems at the state resulted in no usable 1988 data. The state total was estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the geographic division in which the state resides was applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state total was compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state UCR Program was able to provide an aggregated state total and data were received from 94 individual Florida agencies.

* + Illinois -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1985-current forcible rape figures in accordance with national UCR Program guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to the state. Rockford, Illinois, has provided valid forcible rape counts as of 2006.

For 1993 state NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Illinois. Since valid annual totals were available for approximately 60 Illinois agencies, those counts were maintained. The counts for the remaining jurisdictions were replaced with the most recent valid annual totals or were generated using standard estimation procedures. The results of all sources were then combined to arrive at the 1993 state total for Illinois.

For 1994 state NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Illinois. Illinois totals were generated using only the valid crime rates for the East North Central Division. Within each population group, the state's offense totals were estimated based on the rate per 100,000 inhabitants within the remainder of the division.

For 1996-current, the state UCR Program was unable to provide complete offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. Valid Part I counts were available for most of the largest cities (100,000 and over in population). For other agencies, the only available counts generated by the Illinois State Program were state totals based upon an incident-level system without indication of multiple offenses recorded within single incidents. Therefore, the UCR Hierarchy Rule could not be applied in order to convert the state's data to Summary Reporting System data. (The Hierarchy Rule requires that only the most serious offense in a multiple-offense criminal incident is counted.) To arrive at a comparable state estimate to be included in national compilations, the Illinois State Program's state totals (which were inflated because of the nonapplication of the Hierarchy Rule) were reduced by the proportion of multiple offenses reported within single incidents in the NIBRS database. Valid totals for the large cities were excluded from the reduction process.

* + Iowa - NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Iowa in 1991. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the West North Central Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.
  + Kansas -

NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Kansas in 1993. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the West North Central Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

NIBRS conversion efforts resulted in estimation for Kansas in 1994. State totals were generated using only the valid crime rates for the West North Central Division. Within each population group, the state's offense totals were estimated based on the rate per 100,000 inhabitants within the remainder of the division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1995 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state UCR Program was able to provide valid 1994 state totals which were then updated using 1995 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Kansas state estimate was extrapolated from 1996 January- June state totals provided by the Kansas State UCR Program.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Kansas state estimate was extrapolated from 1996 January- June state totals provided by the Kansas State UCR Program.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at 1998 estimates, 1997 state totals supplied by the Kansas State UCR Program were updated using 1998 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Kansas, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Kansas is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Kansas, the 1999 state estimate was updated using 2000 crime trends for the West North Central Division.

* + Kentucky -

Reporting problems at the state resulted in no usable 1988 data. The state total was estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the geographic division in which the state resides was applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state total was compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1995 and 1996 percent changes within the geographic division in which Kentucky is categorized were applied to the valid 1995 state total to generate the 1996 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Kentucky is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Kentucky is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Kentucky, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Kentucky is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Kentucky, the 1999 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 2000 crime trends for the division in which Kentucky is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2001 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2001 estimate for Kentucky, the 2000 state estimate was updated using 2001 crime trends reported for the East South Central Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2002 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To obtain the 2002 state crime count, the FBI contacted the state UCR Program, and the state agency was able to provide their latest state total, 2000. Therefore, the 2001 state estimate was updated for inclusion in the 2002 edition of Crime in the United States by using the 2001 crime trends for the division in which the state is located. To derive the 2002 state estimate, the 2002 crime trends for the division were applied to the adjusted 2001 state estimate.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2003 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To obtain the 2003 estimate, the 2003 crime trend for the East South Central Division was applied to an adjusted 2002 state estimate. The 2002 state count was reestimated by applying the 2002 crime trend for the East South Central Division using a more current figure, 2001 state totals, provided by the state UCR Program. The adjusted 2002 estimate differs from the figure published in the 2002 edition of Crime in the United States which was originally estimated using 2002 state totals

* + Maine - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The Maine Department of Public Safety forwarded monthly January through October crime counts for each law enforcement contributor; since 12 months of data were not received, the national Program estimated for the missing data following standard estimation procedures to arrive at a 1999 state total.
  + Michigan - The state UCR Program was unable to provide 1993 forcible rape figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The rape totals were estimated using national rates per 100,000 inhabitants within the eight population groups and assigning the forcible rape volumes proportionally to the state.
  + Minnesota -

All agencies 1993 and 2005-Present (with the exception of Minneapolis and St. Paul) - The data collection methodology for the offense of forcible rape used by the State Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program does not comply with national UCR Program guidelines. Consequently, their figures for forcible rape and violent crime (of which forcible rape is part) are not included in this tool..

* + Montana -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1994 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. State totals were estimated by updating previous valid annual totals for individual jurisdictions, subdivided by population group. Percent changes for each offense within each population group of the Mountain Division were applied to the previous valid annual totals. The state totals were compiled from the sums of the population group estimates.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1995 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. State estimates were computed by updating the previous valid annual totals using the 1994 versus 1995 percent changes for the Mountain Division.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1996 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1995 and 1996 percent changes within the geographic division in which Montana is categorized were applied to the valid 1995 state total to generate the 1996 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Montana is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Montana is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 1999 estimate for Montana, the 1998 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 1999 crime trends for the division in which Montana is located.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 2000 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. To arrive at the 2000 estimate for Montana, the 1999 state total supplied by the state UCR Program was updated using 2000 crime trends for the division in which Montana is located.

* + New Hampshire -

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which New Hampshire is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which New Hampshire is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.

The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1999 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total for New Hampshire was estimated by using the 1998 figures for the 1999 nonreporting areas and applying the 2-year percent change for the New England Division.

* + Oklahoma - For 1995, the increase in murders was the result of the bombing of the Alfred P. Murrah Federal Building in Oklahoma City.
  + Pennsylvania - Since complete 1995 data were not available from Pennsylvania, standard estimation procedures were applied to derive the 1995 state estimate.
  + Vermont - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1997 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The 1996 and 1997 percent changes within the geographic division in which Vermont is categorized were applied to the valid 1996 state total to effect the 1997 state total.
  + Wisconsin - The state UCR Program was unable to provide complete 1998 offense figures in accordance with UCR guidelines. The state total was estimated by using 1997 figures for the nonreporting areas and applying 1997 versus 1998 percentage changes for the division in which Wisconsin is located. The estimates for the nonreporting areas were then increased by any actual 1998 crime counts received.
  + The murder and nonnegligent homicides that occurred as a result of the events of September 11, 2001, are not included."

xiii Energy consumption is estimated by using data from existing surveys of energy suppliers that report consumption, sales, or distribution of energy at the State level. Net total energy consumption excludes all electrical system energy losses. Commercial sector consists of service providing facilities and equipment of: businesses; Federal, State, and local governments; and other private and public organizations. The sector includes commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants. There is a discontinuity in this time series between 1988 and 1989 due to the expanded coverage of renewable energy sources beginning in 1989. From 1993 onward, data excludes fuel ethanol consumption.

xiv Energy consumption is estimated by using data from existing surveys of energy suppliers that report consumption, sales, or distribution of energy at the State level. Net total energy consumption excludes all electrical system energy losses. Commercial sector consists of service providing facilities and equipment of: businesses; Federal, State, and local governments; and other private and public organizations. The sector includes commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants. There is a discontinuity in this time series between 1988 and 1989 due to the expanded coverage of renewable energy sources beginning in 1989. From 1993 onward, data excludes fuel ethanol consumption.